

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(30.8199, 0.2222, 0.2329)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(30.8199, 0.2222, 0.2329)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(30.8199, 0.2222, 0.2329)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	619ADC
RGB	97, 154, 220
RGB Percent	38%, 60%, 86%
CMY	0.6196, 0.3961, 0.1373
CMYK	0.56, 0.30, 0.00, 0.14
HSL	212°, 64%, 62%
HSV	212°, 56%, 86%
XYZ	29.4040, 30.8199, 72.1072
YIQ	144.4810, -55.1580, 8.4420

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

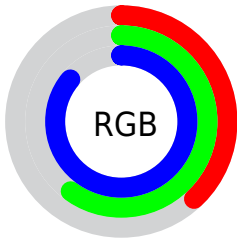
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	97, 136, 220
Decimal	6396636
CIE Lab	62.36, 0.42, -39.23
CIE LCh	62, 39.236, 270.620
Yxy	30.8199, 0.2222, 0.2329
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284586716 (0xFF619ADC)
YUV	144.4810, 37.2309, -41.6408
Hunter-Lab	55.5157, -2.6096, -38.1485

# Details

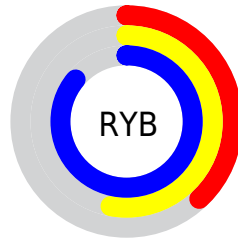
The Yxy color **30.8199, 0.2222, 0.2329** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **6699CC**. A complement of this color would be **42.2768, 0.4298, 0.4059**, and the grayscale version is **27.9593, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **59.3003, 0.2498, 0.2737**, and **12.6931, 0.1955, 0.2038** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **26.0679, 0.2075, 0.2120**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **36.2924, 0.2381, 0.2532**.

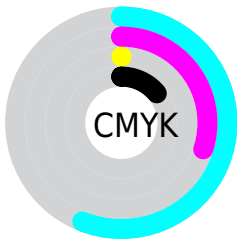
# Distribution



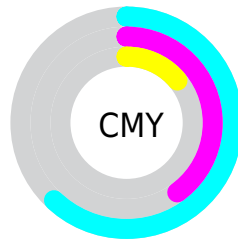
- Red (38%)
- Green (60%)
- Blue (86%)



- Red (38%)
- Yellow (53%)
- Blue (86%)



- Cyan (56%)
- Magenta (30%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (14%)



- Cyan (62%)
- Magenta (40%)
- Yellow (14%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 30.8199, 0.2222, 0.2329 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 30.8199, 0.2222, 0.2329 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 30.8199, 0.2222,  
0.2329

■ 30.8199, 0.2222,  
0.2329

■ 305.7077, 0.2686,  
0.2821

■ 20.4617, 0.2106,  
0.2206

■ 60.9564, 0.2392,  
0.2509

■ 12.7311, 0.1958,  
0.2050

■ 81.5036, 0.2455,  
0.2576

■ 7.2437, 0.1765,  
0.1845

■ 106.2158, 0.2509,  
0.2633

■ 3.6150, 0.1506,  
0.1572

■ 135.4776, 0.2555,  
0.2681

■ 1.4606, 0.1152,  
0.1199

■ 169.6733, 0.2594,  
0.2723

■ 0.2607, 0.0481,  
0.0486

■ 209.1873, 0.2629,

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

0.2760

0.0000

254.4040, 0.2659,  
0.2792

■ 30.8199, 0.2222,  
0.2329

■ 30.8199, 0.2222,  
0.2329

■ 26.0679, 0.2075,  
0.2120

■ 36.2924, 0.2381,  
0.2532

■ 21.9937, 0.1947,  
0.1909

■ 42.5180, 0.2547,  
0.2724

■ 18.5536, 0.1841,  
0.1705

■ 49.5306, 0.2714,  
0.2902

■ 15.6946, 0.1761,  
0.1513

■ 57.3610, 0.2878,  
0.3065

■ 14.6583, 0.1733,  
0.1438

■ 66.0380, 0.3037,  
0.3211

■ 75.5889, 0.3188,  
0.3342

■ 86.0396, 0.3330,  
0.3457

■ 93.8372, 0.3342,  
0.3569

■ 97.9472, 0.3334,  
0.3631

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



30.8199, 0.2023, 0.2538



30.8199, 0.2222, 0.2329



30.8199, 0.2654, 0.2350

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



30.8199, 0.2222, 0.2329



30.8199, 0.4305, 0.3403



30.8199, 0.2904, 0.4208

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



30.8199, 0.2222, 0.2329



42.2768, 0.4298, 0.4059

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



30.8199, 0.3516, 0.4442



30.8199, 0.2222, 0.2329



30.8199, 0.4357, 0.3882

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



30.8199, 0.2222, 0.2329



30.8199, 0.3887, 0.2941



30.8199, 0.4054, 0.4281



30.8199, 0.2382, 0.3629



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



30.8199, 0.2222, 0.2329



30.8199, 0.3046, 0.2476



30.8199, 0.4054, 0.4281



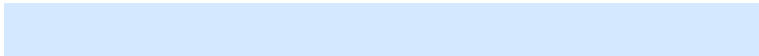
30.8199, 0.3106, 0.4333

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



30.8210, 0.2222, 0.2329



78.7304, 0.2858, 0.3045



56.3577, 0.2711, 0.4118



16.3633, 0.2825, 0.3013



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



30.8210, 0.2222, 0.2329



35.4189, 0.2053, 0.2085



16.4924, 0.2075, 0.1516



13.6067, 0.2982, 0.3161



8.8212, 0.1741, 0.1466



0.7427, 0.1826, 0.1775



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



26.1004, 0.3992, 0.2630



30.2797, 0.4280, 0.2538



66.6321, 0.3895, 0.4631



13.1514, 0.3219, 0.3182



9.5143, 0.5104, 0.2585

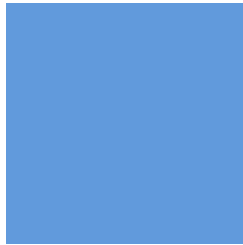


0.6337, 0.4715, 0.2371



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 30.8199, 0.2222, 0.2329 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

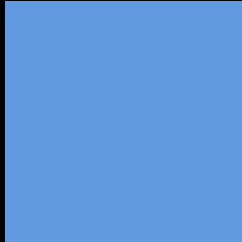
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 30.8199, 0.2222, 0.2329 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

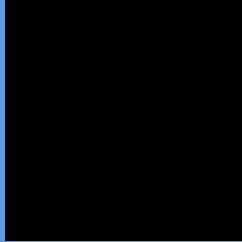
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 30.8199, 0.2222, 0.2329**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 30.8199, 0.2222, 0.2329.

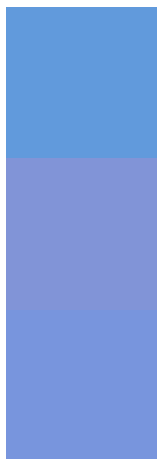


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 30.8199, 0.2222, 0.2329.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

30.8199, 0.2222, 0.2329

### Protanopia

30.7532, 0.2432, 0.2344

### Deuteranopia

30.7084, 0.2338, 0.2276



## Tritanopia

31.0344, 0.2399, 0.3071

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

30.8199, 0.2222, 0.2329

## Protanomaly

30.6044, 0.2343, 0.2331

## Deuteranomaly

30.7984, 0.2293, 0.2293

## Tritanomaly

30.9258, 0.2329, 0.2778

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

30.8199, 0.2222, 0.2329

## Achromatopsia

27.8894, 0.3127, 0.3290

## Achromatomaly

28.6704, 0.2717, 0.2907

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 30.8199, 0.2222, 0.2329 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(97, 154, 220)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(97, 154, 220)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(97, 154, 220) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(97, 154, 220) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 30.8199, 0.2222, 0.2329 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(97, 154, 220) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(97, 154, 220) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(97, 154, 220)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(97, 154, 220); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(97, 154, 220);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(97, 154,  
220) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 30.8199, 0.2222, 0.2329 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(97, 154, 220) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(97, 154,  
220) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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