

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(30.8988, 0.4446, 0.4253)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(30.8988, 0.4446, 0.4253)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(30.9458, 0.4452, 0.4253)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C08E42
RGB	192, 142, 66
RGB Percent	75%, 56%, 26%
CMY	0.2471, 0.4431, 0.7411
CMYK	0.00, 0.26, 0.66, 0.25
HSL	36°, 50%, 51%
HSV	36°, 66%, 75%
XYZ	32.3938, 30.9458, 9.4227
YIQ	148.2860, 54.1960, -13.0360

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

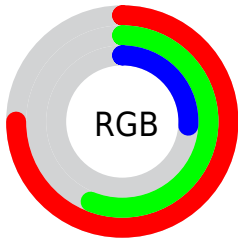
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">149, 192, 66</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">12619330</a>
<a href="#">CIELab</a>	<a href="#">62.46, 11.06, 46.81</a>
<a href="#">CIElCh</a>	<a href="#">62, 48.103, 76.709</a>
<a href="#">Yxy</a>	<a href="#">30.9458, 0.4452, 0.4253</a>
<a href="#">Android (android.graphics.Color)</a>	<a href="#">4290809410 (0xFFC08E42)</a>
<a href="#">YUV</a>	<a href="#">148.2860, -40.5670, 38.3372</a>
<a href="#">Hunter-Lab</a>	<a href="#">55.6289, 6.5932, 28.8974</a>

# Details

The Yxy color **30.9458, 0.4452, 0.4253** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9933**. The color can be described as middle muted orange. A complement of this color would be **17.4563, 0.2052, 0.1989**, and the grayscale version is **29.8973, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **61.2734, 0.4200, 0.4102**, and **12.8369, 0.4810, 0.4442** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **28.5673, 0.4674, 0.4332**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **33.5583, 0.4221, 0.4138**.

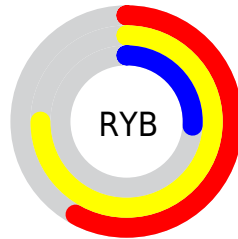
# Distribution



Red (75%)

Green (56%)

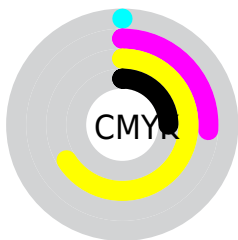
Blue (26%)



Red (58%)

Yellow (75%)

Blue (26%)

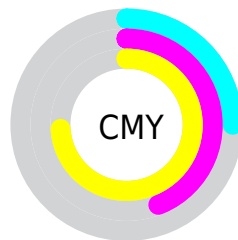


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (26%)

Yellow (66%)

Black (25%)



Cyan (25%)

Magenta (44%)


Yellow (74%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 30.9458, 0.4452, 0.4253 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 30.9458, 0.4452, 0.4253 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 30.9458, 0.4452,  
0.4253

 30.9458, 0.4452,  
0.4253


306.2885, 0.3771,  
0.3792

 20.5576, 0.4614,  
0.4347


 61.1547, 0.4207,  
0.4098


 12.8010, 0.4809,  
0.4448


 81.7442, 0.4114,  
0.4035


 7.2917, 0.5050,  
0.4551


 106.5029, 0.4035,  
0.3981

 3.6452, 0.5357,  
0.4643

 135.8153, 0.3967,  
0.3933

 1.4771, 0.5518,  
0.4482

 170.0656, 0.3908,  
0.3891

 0.2725, 0.6600,  
0.3400

209.6383, 0.3856,

 0.0000, 0.0000,

0.3854

0.0000

254.9178, 0.3811,  
0.3821

■ 30.9458, 0.4452,  
0.4253

■ 30.9458, 0.4452,  
0.4253

■ 28.5673, 0.4674,  
0.4332

■ 33.5583, 0.4221,  
0.4138

■ 26.4073, 0.4874,  
0.4363

■ 36.4100, 0.3991,  
0.3997

■ 24.4541, 0.5042,  
0.4342

■ 39.5116, 0.3772,  
0.3843

■ 23.6529, 0.5111,  
0.4324

■ 42.8713, 0.3568,  
0.3683

■ 46.4969, 0.3381,  
0.3525

■ 50.3960, 0.3213,  
0.3372

■ 54.5754, 0.3064,  
0.3228

■ 59.0420, 0.2931,  
0.3093

■ 63.8021, 0.2814,  
0.2969

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



30.9458, 0.4654, 0.3704



30.9458, 0.4452, 0.4253



30.9458, 0.3899, 0.4649

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



30.9458, 0.4452, 0.4253



30.9458, 0.1995, 0.3257



30.9458, 0.2921, 0.2287

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



30.9458, 0.4452, 0.4253



17.4563, 0.2052, 0.1989

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



30.9458, 0.2283, 0.2130



30.9458, 0.4452, 0.4253



30.9458, 0.1805, 0.2584

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



30.9458, 0.4452, 0.4253



30.9458, 0.2480, 0.4080



30.9458, 0.1905, 0.2214



30.9458, 0.3709, 0.2645



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



30.9458, 0.4452, 0.4253



30.9458, 0.3425, 0.4704



30.9458, 0.1905, 0.2214



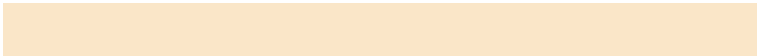
30.9458, 0.2683, 0.2210

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



30.9473, 0.4452, 0.4253



81.1035, 0.3467, 0.3599



16.3747, 0.4359, 0.2657



17.0034, 0.3520, 0.3644



97.7402, 0.3127, 0.3290



20.4902, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



30.9473, 0.4452, 0.4253



49.8973, 0.4770, 0.4352



47.7207, 0.3907, 0.4841



11.0658, 0.3274, 0.3429



16.0726, 0.5096, 0.4335



0.8260, 0.4844, 0.4536



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



17.4563, 0.2052, 0.1989



23.8215, 0.1857, 0.1653



9.3500, 0.1957, 0.1248



10.3891, 0.2984, 0.3147



6.1990, 0.1687, 0.1272

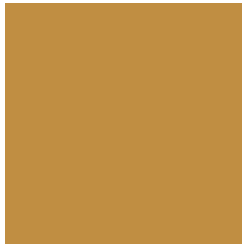


0.4024, 0.1813, 0.1727



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 30.9458, 0.4452, 0.4253 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 30.9458, 0.4452, 0.4253 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 30.9458, 0.4452, 0.4253**

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 30.9458, 0.4452, 0.4253.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 30.9458, 0.4452, 0.4253.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

30.9458, 0.4452, 0.4253

### Protanopia

31.2110, 0.4075, 0.4470

### Deuteranopia

31.0195, 0.4398, 0.4308



## Tritanopia

31.0696, 0.3746, 0.3159

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

30.9458, 0.4452, 0.4253

**Protanomaly**

30.9443, 0.4217, 0.4384

**Deuteranomaly**

30.8454, 0.4418, 0.4291

**Tritanomaly**

30.8880, 0.4035, 0.3575

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

30.9458, 0.4452, 0.4253

**Achromatopsia**

29.6138, 0.3127, 0.3290

**Achromatomaly**

29.7583, 0.3608, 0.3721

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 30.9458, 0.4452, 0.4253 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(192, 142, 66)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(192, 142, 66)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(192, 142, 66) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(192, 142, 66) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 30.9458, 0.4452, 0.4253 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(192, 142, 66) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(192, 142, 66) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(192, 142, 66)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(192, 142, 66); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(192, 142, 66);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(192, 142,  
66) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 30.9458, 0.4452, 0.4253 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(192, 142, 66) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(192,  
142, 66) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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