

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(30.9179, 0.5345, 0.3549)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(30.9179, 0.5345, 0.3549)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(30.8533, 0.5341, 0.3550)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	FD6648
RGB	253, 102, 72
RGB Percent	99%, 40%, 28%
CMY	0.0080, 0.5998, 0.7177
CMYK	0.00, 0.60, 0.72, 0.01
HSL	10°, 98%, 64%
HSV	10°, 72%, 99%
XYZ	46.4190, 30.8533, 9.6384
YIQ	143.7290, 99.6260, 22.6820

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

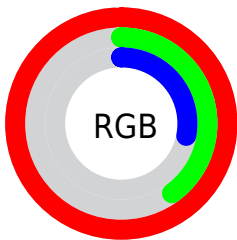
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	253, 108, 72
Decimal	16606792
CIE Lab	62.38, 55.89, 46.01
CIE LCh	62, 72.393, 39.461
Yxy	30.8533, 0.5341, 0.3550
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294796872 (0xFFFD6648)
YUV	143.7290, -35.3624, 95.8307
Hunter-Lab	55.5457, 51.9655, 28.5939

# Details

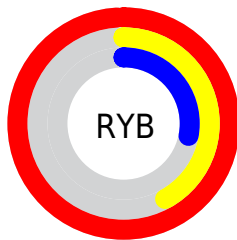
The Yxy color **30.8533, 0.5341, 0.3550** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **FF6633**. The color can be described as middle washed orange. A complement of this color would be **61.1950, 0.2225, 0.2911**, and the grayscale version is **27.8957, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **47.1189, 0.4431, 0.3664**, and **12.7658, 0.5959, 0.3442** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **26.9558, 0.5748, 0.3526**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **35.9450, 0.4908, 0.3545**.

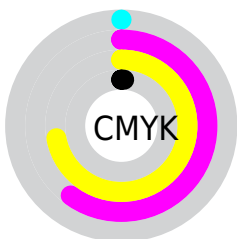
# Distribution



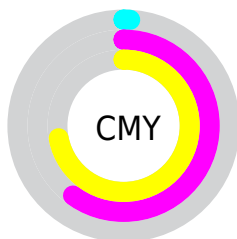
- Red (99%)
- Green (40%)
- Blue (28%)



- Red (99%)
- Yellow (42%)
- Blue (28%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (60%)
- Yellow (72%)
- Black (1%)




- Cyan (1%)
- Magenta (60%)
- Yellow (72%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 30.8533, 0.5341, 0.3550 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 30.8533, 0.5341, 0.3550 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 30.8533, 0.5341,  
0.3550


 30.8533, 0.5341,  
0.3550


305.8619, 0.4186,  
0.3526

 20.4872, 0.5620,  
0.3512


 61.0090, 0.4922,  
0.3572

 12.7497, 0.5963,  
0.3438


 81.5674, 0.4764,  
0.3571

 7.2564, 0.6390,  
0.3298


 106.2920, 0.4630,  
0.3566

 3.6230, 0.6947,  
0.3053

 135.5672, 0.4515,  
0.3559

 1.4650, 0.7461,  
0.2539

 169.7774, 0.4416,  
0.3551

 0.2639, 0.8767,  
0.1233

209.3070, 0.4329,


 0.0000, 1.0000,


0.3543


0.0000

254.5404, 0.4254,  
0.3534

 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000


 30.8533, 0.5341,  
0.3550


 30.8533, 0.5341,  
0.3550


 26.9558, 0.5748,  
0.3526


 35.9450, 0.4908,  
0.3545


 24.1477, 0.6073,  
0.3472


 42.3136, 0.4494,  
0.3518

 22.5320, 0.6259,  
0.3413


 50.0402, 0.4125,  
0.3478

 59.1980, 0.3809,  
0.3432

 69.8545, 0.3546,  
0.3385

 82.0731, 0.3329,  
0.3339

 95.9134, 0.3152,  
0.3296

 99.6156, 0.3115,  
0.3290

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



30.8533, 0.4806, 0.2845



30.8533, 0.5341, 0.3550



30.8533, 0.5101, 0.4318

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



30.8533, 0.5341, 0.3550



30.8533, 0.2347, 0.4834



30.8533, 0.1775, 0.1683

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



30.8533, 0.5341, 0.3550



61.1950, 0.2225, 0.2911

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



30.8533, 0.1382, 0.1839



30.8533, 0.5341, 0.3550



30.8533, 0.1625, 0.3486

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



30.8533, 0.5341, 0.3550



30.8533, 0.3344, 0.5458



30.8533, 0.1323, 0.2395



30.8533, 0.2549, 0.1828



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



30.8533, 0.5341, 0.3550



30.8533, 0.4630, 0.4842



30.8533, 0.1323, 0.2395



30.8533, 0.1605, 0.1698

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



30.8550, 0.5341, 0.3550



71.7607, 0.3533, 0.3382



30.9905, 0.3481, 0.1909



14.6796, 0.3600, 0.3395



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



30.8550, 0.5341, 0.3550



26.0353, 0.5908, 0.3505



58.0075, 0.4539, 0.4389



18.4742, 0.3290, 0.3330



12.1289, 0.6237, 0.3430

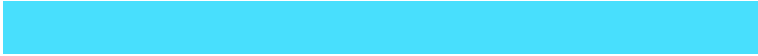


1.3116, 0.6045, 0.3582

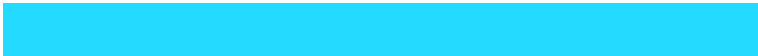


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



61.1950, 0.2225, 0.2911



58.0358, 0.2140, 0.2824



25.8880, 0.1923, 0.1710



19.9376, 0.2980, 0.3250



28.7383, 0.2097, 0.2751



2.9285, 0.2116, 0.2819



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 30.8533, 0.5341, 0.3550 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 30.8533, 0.5341, 0.3550 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 30.8533, 0.5341, 0.3550**

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 30.8533, 0.5341, 0.3550.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 30.8533, 0.5341, 0.3550.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

30.8533, 0.5341, 0.3550

### Protanopia

30.9448, 0.3901, 0.4227

### Deuteranopia

30.9968, 0.4413, 0.4328



## Tritanopia

30.8057, 0.5021, 0.3240

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

30.8533, 0.5341, 0.3550

**Protanomaly**

29.3900, 0.4457, 0.3945

**Deuteranomaly**

30.0909, 0.4789, 0.4005

**Tritanomaly**

30.7672, 0.5160, 0.3359

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

30.8533, 0.5341, 0.3550

**Achromatopsia**

27.8894, 0.3127, 0.3290

**Achromatomaly**

27.1989, 0.3917, 0.3450

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 30.8533, 0.5341, 0.3550 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(253, 102, 72)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(253, 102, 72)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(253, 102, 72) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(253, 102, 72) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 30.8533, 0.5341, 0.3550 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(253, 102, 72) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(253, 102, 72) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(253, 102, 72)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(253, 102, 72); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(253, 102, 72);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(253, 102,  
72) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 30.8533, 0.5341, 0.3550 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(253, 102, 72) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(253,  
102, 72) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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