

# Converting Colors

$Yxy(31.0544, 0.2301, 0.3068)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(31.0544, 0.2301, 0.3068)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(31.0544, 0.2301, 0.3068)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	3BA5B2
RGB	59, 165, 178
RGB Percent	23%, 65%, 70%
CMY	0.7688, 0.3529, 0.3020
CMYK	0.67, 0.07, 0.00, 0.30
HSL	187°, 50%, 46%
HSV	187°, 67%, 70%
XYZ	23.2908, 31.0544, 46.8751
YIQ	134.7880, -67.3490, -18.4290

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

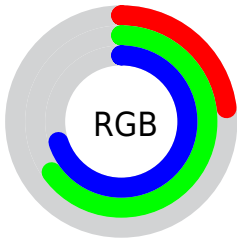
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	59, 115, 178
Decimal	3909042
CIE Lab	62.55, -25.71, -15.58
CIE LCh	63, 30.060, 211.217
Yxy	31.0544, 0.2301, 0.3068
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282099122 (0xFF3BA5B2)
YUV	134.7880, 21.3035, -66.4661
Hunter-Lab	55.7265, -22.9175, -10.8641




# Details

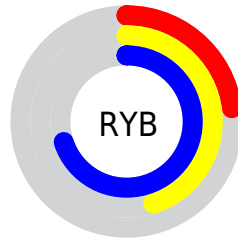
The Yxy color **31.0544, 0.2301, 0.3068** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **339999**. A complement of this color would be **14.4035, 0.5153, 0.3459**, and the grayscale version is **24.0802, 0.3127, 0.3290**.




A 20% lighter version of the original color is **61.1919, 0.2458, 0.3112**, and **13.2909, 0.2166, 0.2996** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **29.9072, 0.2236, 0.3030**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **32.3998, 0.2385, 0.3105**.

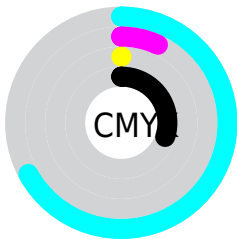
# Distribution







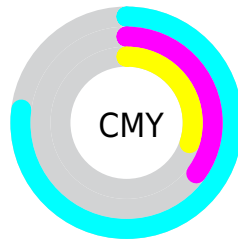
-  Red (23%)
-  Green (65%)
-  Blue (70%)






-  Red (23%)
-  Yellow (45%)
-  Blue (70%)



-  Cyan (67%)
-  Magenta (7%)
-  Yellow (0%)
-  Black (30%)




-  Cyan (77%)
-  Magenta (35%)
-  Yellow (30%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 31.0544, 0.2301, 0.3068 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 31.0544, 0.2301, 0.3068 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 31.0544, 0.2301,  
0.3068


 31.0544, 0.2301,  
0.3068


306.7889, 0.2729,  
0.3198

 20.6403, 0.2191,  
0.3028


 61.3257, 0.2459,  
0.3120

 12.8613, 0.2047,  
0.2973


 81.9517, 0.2518,  
0.3138


 7.3331, 0.1855,  
0.2892


 106.7504, 0.2567,  
0.3153

 3.6713, 0.1585,  
0.2761

 136.1062, 0.2609,  
0.3165

 1.4914, 0.1177,  
0.2532

 170.4036, 0.2645,  
0.3176

 0.2827, 0.0000,  
0.1618

210.0269, 0.2677,

 0.0000, 0.0000,

0.3184

0.0000

255.3605, 0.2704,  
0.3192

■ 31.0544, 0.2301,  
0.3068

■ 31.0544, 0.2301,  
0.3068

■ 29.9072, 0.2236,  
0.3030

■ 32.3998, 0.2385,  
0.3105

■ 28.9351, 0.2189,  
0.2993

■ 33.9570, 0.2487,  
0.3142

■ 28.1111, 0.2159,  
0.2956

■ 35.7423, 0.2604,  
0.3177

■ 27.8668, 0.2151,  
0.2944

■ 37.7693, 0.2734,  
0.3211

■ 40.0507, 0.2875,  
0.3242

■ 42.5981, 0.3023,  
0.3271

■ 45.4224, 0.3175,  
0.3298

■ 48.5340, 0.3330,  
0.3322

■ 51.9425, 0.3484,  
0.3344

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



31.0544, 0.2547, 0.3542



31.0544, 0.2301, 0.3068



31.0544, 0.2260, 0.2710

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



31.0544, 0.2301, 0.3068



31.0544, 0.3246, 0.2727



31.0544, 0.3845, 0.4068

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



31.0544, 0.2301, 0.3068



14.4035, 0.5153, 0.3459

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



31.0544, 0.4072, 0.3778



31.0544, 0.2301, 0.3068



31.0544, 0.3717, 0.3030

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



31.0544, 0.2301, 0.3068



31.0544, 0.2774, 0.2550



31.0544, 0.4029, 0.3403



31.0544, 0.3432, 0.4159



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



31.0544, 0.2301, 0.3068



31.0544, 0.2348, 0.2573



31.0544, 0.4029, 0.3403



31.0544, 0.3947, 0.3988

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



31.0556, 0.2301, 0.3068



71.1569, 0.2825, 0.3232



33.2146, 0.2972, 0.5237



15.5096, 0.2786, 0.3223



91.1408, 0.3127, 0.3290



17.8868, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



31.0556, 0.2301, 0.3068



53.4156, 0.2212, 0.3013



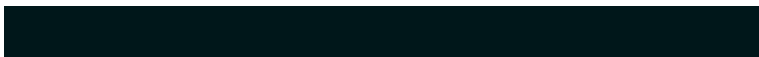
14.5673, 0.2041, 0.1975



9.4702, 0.2986, 0.3264



20.0001, 0.2152, 0.2949



0.6741, 0.2181, 0.3052



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



15.3032, 0.3374, 0.1933



23.8947, 0.3434, 0.1778



25.8422, 0.4477, 0.4257



8.6305, 0.3154, 0.3090



8.5591, 0.3500, 0.1702



0.2738, 0.3409, 0.1651



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 31.0544, 0.2301, 0.3068 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 31.0544, 0.2301, 0.3068 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

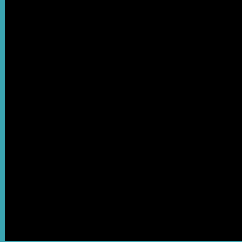
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

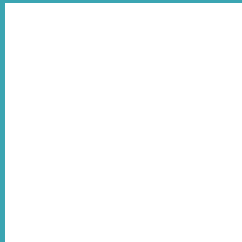
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 31.0544, 0.2301, 0.3068**

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 31.0544, 0.2301, 0.3068.

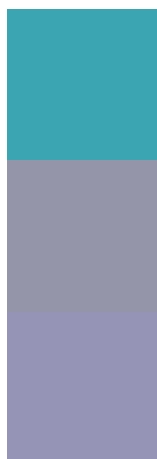


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 31.0544, 0.2301, 0.3068.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

31.0544, 0.2301, 0.3068

### Protanopia

30.6179, 0.2943, 0.3001

### Deuteranopia

30.6344, 0.2832, 0.2774



## Tritanopia

31.0544, 0.2301, 0.3068

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

31.0544, 0.2301, 0.3068

**Protanomaly**

30.1343, 0.2638, 0.3015

**Deuteranomaly**

30.1604, 0.2572, 0.2862

**Tritanomaly**

31.0544, 0.2301, 0.3068

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

31.0544, 0.2301, 0.3068

**Achromatopsia**

24.2281, 0.3127, 0.3290

**Achromatomaly**

25.9179, 0.2708, 0.3201

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 31.0544, 0.2301, 0.3068 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(59, 165, 178)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
  color:rgb(59, 165, 178)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(59, 165, 178) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(59, 165, 178) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 31.0544, 0.2301, 0.3068 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(59, 165, 178) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(59, 165, 178) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(59, 165, 178) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(59, 165, 178); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(59, 165, 178);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(59, 165,  
178) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 31.0544, 0.2301, 0.3068 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(59, 165, 178) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(59, 165,  
178) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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