

# Converting Colors

$Yxy(31.1752, 0.3351, 0.4299)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(31.1752, 0.3351, 0.4299)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(31.1752, 0.3351, 0.4299)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	82A165
RGB	130, 161, 101
RGB Percent	51%, 63%, 40%
CMY	0.4901, 0.3686, 0.6040
CMYK	0.19, 0.00, 0.37, 0.37
HSL	91°, 24%, 51%
HSV	91°, 37%, 63%
XYZ	24.3006, 31.1752, 17.0416
YIQ	144.8910, 0.7840, -25.2320

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

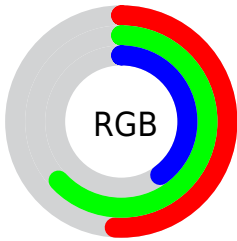
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	101, 161, 132
Decimal	8560997
CIELab	62.66, -21.69, 27.83
CIELCh	63, 35.283, 127.929
Yxy	31.1752, 0.3351, 0.4299
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286751077 (0xFF82A165)
YUV	144.8910, -21.6383, -13.0594
Hunter-Lab	55.8348, -20.0236, 20.9882

# Details

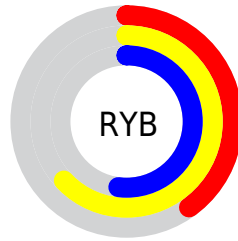
The Yxy color **31.1752, 0.3351, 0.4299** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **669966**. A complement of this color would be **16.7780, 0.2812, 0.2291**, and the grayscale version is **28.3590, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **61.6020, 0.3315, 0.4078**, and **12.8566, 0.3389, 0.4667** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **30.2604, 0.3396, 0.4595**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **32.2077, 0.3296, 0.4007**.

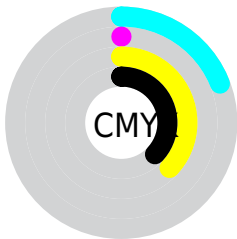
# Distribution



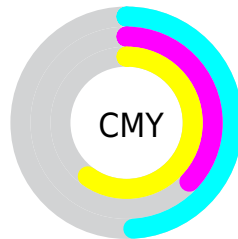
- Red (51%)
- Green (63%)
- Blue (40%)



- Red (40%)
- Yellow (63%)
- Blue (52%)



- Cyan (19%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (37%)
- Black (37%)




- Cyan (49%)
- Magenta (37%)
- Yellow (60%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 31.1752, 0.3351, 0.4299 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 31.1752, 0.3351, 0.4299 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 31.1752, 0.3351,  
0.4299


 31.1752, 0.3351,  
0.4299


307.3447, 0.3247,  
0.3741


 20.7323, 0.3371,  
0.4457


 61.5158, 0.3316,  
0.4083


 12.9285, 0.3392,  
0.4671


 82.1823, 0.3302,  
0.4006

 7.3793, 0.3408,  
0.4975


 107.0254, 0.3290,  
0.3942

 3.7004, 0.3404,  
0.5442

 136.4296, 0.3279,  
0.3889

 1.5074, 0.3473,  
0.6527

170.7792, 0.3270,  
0.3843

 0.2940, 0.0000,  
1.0000

210.4587, 0.3261,

 0.0000, 0.0000,

0.3805

0.0000

255.8523, 0.3254,  
0.3771

■ 31.1752, 0.3351,  
0.4299

■ 31.1752, 0.3351,  
0.4299

■ 30.2604, 0.3396,  
0.4595

■ 32.2077, 0.3296,  
0.4007

■ 29.4542, 0.3427,  
0.4883

■ 33.3583, 0.3236,  
0.3728

■ 28.7528, 0.3442,  
0.5150


■ 34.6325, 0.3173,  
0.3467


■ 28.1502, 0.3436,  
0.5379


■ 36.0346, 0.3110,  
0.3227


■ 27.6399, 0.3409,  
0.5560


■ 37.5682, 0.3048,  
0.3009

 27.2120, 0.3364,  
0.5689

 39.2370, 0.2989,  
0.2813

 27.1056, 0.3351,  
0.5721

 41.0445, 0.2933,  
0.2638

 42.9941, 0.2880,  
0.2482

 45.0891, 0.2831,  
0.2342

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



31.1752, 0.3864, 0.4245



31.1752, 0.3351, 0.4299



31.1752, 0.2804, 0.3999

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



31.1752, 0.3351, 0.4299



31.1752, 0.2149, 0.2548



31.1752, 0.3924, 0.3076

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



31.1752, 0.3351, 0.4299



16.7780, 0.2812, 0.2291

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



31.1752, 0.3392, 0.2708



31.1752, 0.3351, 0.4299



31.1752, 0.2386, 0.2405

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



31.1752, 0.3351, 0.4299



31.1752, 0.2140, 0.2912



31.1752, 0.2826, 0.2469



31.1752, 0.4226, 0.3509



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



31.1752, 0.3351, 0.4299



31.1752, 0.2493, 0.3647



31.1752, 0.2826, 0.2469



31.1752, 0.3763, 0.2942

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



31.1766, 0.3351, 0.4299



61.1004, 0.3198, 0.3567



24.7457, 0.3832, 0.3769



13.3372, 0.3206, 0.3600



80.7346, 0.3127, 0.3290



13.9985, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



31.1766, 0.3351, 0.4299



54.4162, 0.3390, 0.4553



29.1947, 0.3076, 0.4389



8.0553, 0.3186, 0.3517



21.6720, 0.3357, 0.5716



0.4835, 0.3651, 0.5483



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



16.7780, 0.2812, 0.2291



24.7184, 0.2717, 0.2043



19.4529, 0.3169, 0.2391



7.0313, 0.3064, 0.3063



3.5521, 0.2073, 0.0916



0.1026, 0.2481, 0.1141



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 31.1752, 0.3351, 0.4299 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 31.1752, 0.3351, 0.4299 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

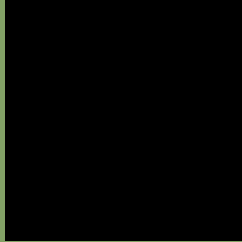
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

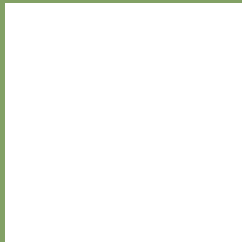
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 31.1752, 0.3351, 0.4299**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 31.1752, 0.3351, 0.4299.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 31.1752, 0.3351, 0.4299.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

31.1752, 0.3351, 0.4299

### Protanopia

30.8888, 0.3795, 0.4108

### Deuteranopia

30.9740, 0.3930, 0.3864



## Tritanopia

30.9880, 0.2887, 0.3103

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

31.1752, 0.3351, 0.4299

**Protanomaly**

30.9999, 0.3632, 0.4189

**Deuteranomaly**

30.8141, 0.3705, 0.4011

**Tritanomaly**

30.9642, 0.3058, 0.3517

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

31.1752, 0.3351, 0.4299

**Achromatopsia**

28.3149, 0.3127, 0.3290

**Achromatomaly**

29.2936, 0.3223, 0.3653

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to  $Yxy$  31.1752, 0.3351, 0.4299 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(130, 161, 101)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(130, 161, 101)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(130, 161, 101) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(130, 161, 101) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 31.1752, 0.3351, 0.4299 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(130, 161, 101) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(130, 161, 101) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(130, 161, 101)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(130, 161, 101); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(130, 161, 101);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(130, 161,  
101) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 31.1752, 0.3351, 0.4299 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(130, 161, 101) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(130,  
161, 101) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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