

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(31.1965, 0.2775, 0.2635)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(31.1965, 0.2775, 0.2635)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(31.0389, 0.2777, 0.2632)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9892C0
RGB	152, 146, 192
RGB Percent	60%, 57%, 75%
CMY	0.4038, 0.4275, 0.2470
CMYK	0.21, 0.24, 0.00, 0.25
HSL	248°, 27%, 66%
HSV	248°, 24%, 75%
XYZ	32.7489, 31.0389, 54.1412
YIQ	153.0380, -11.1900, 15.5780

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

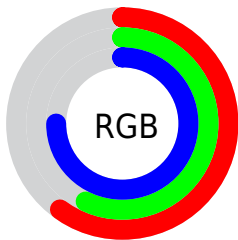
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	152, 146, 192
Decimal	9999040
CIE Lab	62.54, 11.99, -23.03
CIE LCh	63, 25.968, 297.502
Yxy	31.0389, 0.2777, 0.2632
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288189120 (0xFF9892C0)
YUV	153.0380, 19.2083, -0.9103
Hunter-Lab	55.7126, 7.4286, -18.6189

# Details

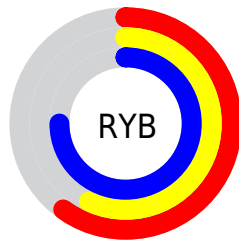
The Yxy color **31.0389, 0.2777, 0.2632** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **9999CC**. A complement of this color would be **50.2139, 0.3431, 0.3891**, and the grayscale version is **31.7941, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **61.4135, 0.2847, 0.2754**, and **12.9100, 0.2660, 0.2448** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **24.1116, 0.2600, 0.2311**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **39.1891, 0.2936, 0.2928**.

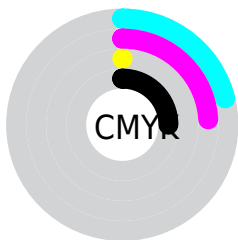
# Distribution



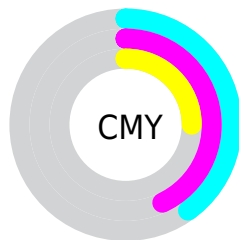
- Red (60%)
- Green (57%)
- Blue (75%)



- Red (60%)
- Yellow (57%)
- Blue (75%)



- Cyan (21%)
- Magenta (24%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (25%)



- Cyan (40%)
- Magenta (43%)
- Yellow (25%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 31.0389, 0.2777, 0.2632 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 31.0389, 0.2777, 0.2632 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 31.0389, 0.2777,  
0.2632

■ 31.0389, 0.2777,  
0.2632

■ 306.7175, 0.2965,  
0.2970

■ 20.6285, 0.2726,  
0.2545

■ 61.3013, 0.2848,  
0.2757

■ 12.8527, 0.2658,  
0.2433

■ 81.9221, 0.2874,  
0.2803

■ 7.3272, 0.2564,  
0.2282

■ 106.7151, 0.2896,  
0.2842

■ 3.6676, 0.2425,  
0.2070

■ 136.0647, 0.2914,  
0.2875

■ 1.4894, 0.2204,  
0.1754

■ 170.3554, 0.2929,  
0.2904

■ 0.2812, 0.1803,  
0.0906

■ 209.9715, 0.2943,

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

0.2929

0.0000

255.2974, 0.2955,  
0.2950

■ 31.0389, 0.2777,  
0.2632

■ 31.0389, 0.2777,  
0.2632

■ 24.1116, 0.2600,  
0.2311

■ 39.1891, 0.2936,  
0.2928

■ 18.3445, 0.2409,  
0.1973

■ 48.6135, 0.3077,  
0.3193

■ 13.6748, 0.2212,  
0.1633

■ 59.3649, 0.3198,  
0.3428

■ 10.0325, 0.2018,  
0.1312

■ 71.4922, 0.3303,  
0.3634

■ 7.3390, 0.1842,  
0.1033

■ 85.0416, 0.3393,  
0.3813

■ 5.5047, 0.1697,  
0.0818

■ 96.0398, 0.3482,  
0.3914

■ 4.4220, 0.1593,  
0.0681

■ 96.5863, 0.3502,  
0.3909

■ 4.0163, 0.1549,  
0.0627

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



31.0389, 0.2487, 0.2643



31.0389, 0.2777, 0.2632



31.0389, 0.3179, 0.2771

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



31.0389, 0.2777, 0.2632



31.0389, 0.3953, 0.3684



31.0389, 0.2663, 0.3559

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



31.0389, 0.2777, 0.2632



50.2139, 0.3431, 0.3891

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



31.0389, 0.3034, 0.3901



31.0389, 0.2777, 0.2632



31.0389, 0.3787, 0.3944

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



31.0389, 0.2777, 0.2632



31.0389, 0.3883, 0.3353



31.0389, 0.3446, 0.4040



31.0389, 0.2424, 0.3151



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



31.0389, 0.2777, 0.2632



31.0389, 0.3461, 0.2932



31.0389, 0.3446, 0.4040



31.0389, 0.2775, 0.3688

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



31.0402, 0.2777, 0.2632



82.4510, 0.3035, 0.3113



45.3058, 0.2772, 0.3215



17.4618, 0.3026, 0.3097



97.7402, 0.3127, 0.3290



20.4902, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



31.0402, 0.2777, 0.2632



49.0698, 0.2682, 0.2458



33.4019, 0.2984, 0.2670



9.8101, 0.3003, 0.3053



2.7217, 0.1556, 0.0631



0.1388, 0.1717, 0.0719



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



35.3059, 0.3212, 0.2774



58.2327, 0.3235, 0.2654



47.6332, 0.3240, 0.3929



10.2240, 0.3157, 0.3092



9.4200, 0.3568, 0.1739

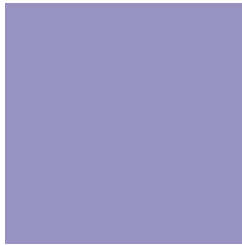


0.4135, 0.3476, 0.1689



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 31.0389, 0.2777, 0.2632 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

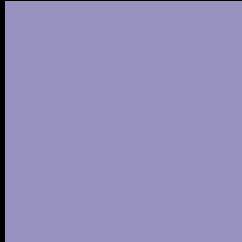
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 31.0389, 0.2777, 0.2632 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

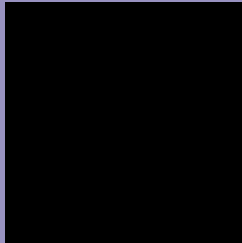
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 31.0389, 0.2777, 0.2632**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 31.0389, 0.2777, 0.2632.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 31.0389, 0.2777, 0.2632.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

31.0389, 0.2777, 0.2632

### Protanopia

31.3283, 0.2655, 0.2635

### Deuteranopia

31.0053, 0.2717, 0.2651



## Tritanopia

30.9806, 0.2978, 0.3106

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

31.0389, 0.2777, 0.2632

## Protanomaly

31.3192, 0.2695, 0.2638

## Deuteranomaly

30.9691, 0.2742, 0.2641

## Tritanomaly

30.9404, 0.2901, 0.2916

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

31.0389, 0.2777, 0.2632

## Achromatopsia

31.8547, 0.3127, 0.3290

## Achromatomaly

31.3750, 0.3001, 0.3035

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 31.0389, 0.2777, 0.2632 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(152, 146, 192)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(152, 146, 192)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(152, 146, 192) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(152, 146, 192) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 31.0389, 0.2777, 0.2632 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(152, 146, 192) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(152, 146, 192) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(152, 146, 192)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(152, 146, 192); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(152, 146, 192);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(152, 146,  
192) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to  $\text{Yxy } 31.0389, 0.2777, 0.2632$  is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(152, 146, 192) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(152,  
146, 192) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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