

# Converting Colors

$Yxy(31.2036, 0.2628, 0.3659)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(31.2036, 0.2628, 0.3659)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(31.2016, 0.2628, 0.3661)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	54A691
RGB	84, 166, 145
RGB Percent	33%, 65%, 57%
CMY	0.6709, 0.3490, 0.4314
CMYK	0.49, 0.00, 0.13, 0.35
HSL	165°, 33%, 49%
HSV	165°, 49%, 65%
XYZ	22.3977, 31.2016, 31.6277
YIQ	139.0880, -42.1310, -23.9150

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

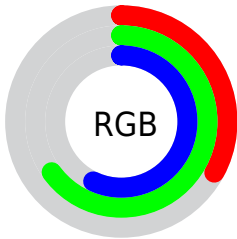
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	84, 131, 166
Decimal	5547665
CIELab	62.68, -30.29, 3.20
CIElCh	63, 30.461, 173.977
Yxy	31.2016, 0.2628, 0.3661
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283737745 (0xFF54A691)
YUV	139.0880, 2.9146, -48.3122
Hunter-Lab	55.8584, -26.1787, 5.5301

# Details

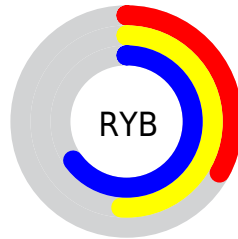
The Yxy color **31.2016, 0.2628, 0.3661** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **339999**. A complement of this color would be **15.4561, 0.4115, 0.2967**, and the grayscale version is **25.8486, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **61.3254, 0.2729, 0.3575**, and **13.0550, 0.2458, 0.3793** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **30.3976, 0.2562, 0.3751**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **32.1945, 0.2709, 0.3575**.

# Distribution



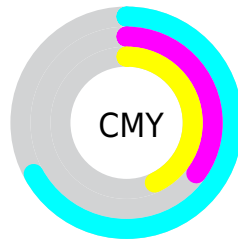
- Red (33%)
- Green (65%)
- Blue (57%)



- Red (33%)
- Yellow (51%)
- Blue (65%)



- Cyan (49%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (13%)
- Black (35%)




- Cyan (67%)
- Magenta (35%)
- Yellow (43%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 31.2016, 0.2628, 0.3661 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 31.2016, 0.2628, 0.3661 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 31.2016, 0.2628,  
0.3661


 31.2016, 0.2628,  
0.3661


307.4660, 0.2895,  
0.3460

 20.7524, 0.2555,  
0.3717


 61.5573, 0.2729,  
0.3584

 12.9431, 0.2458,  
0.3792


 82.2327, 0.2766,  
0.3556

 7.3894, 0.2322,  
0.3899


 107.0855, 0.2797,  
0.3534

 3.7068, 0.2117,  
0.4064

 136.5002, 0.2822,  
0.3514

 1.5109, 0.1722,  
0.4377

170.8612, 0.2844,  
0.3498

 0.2964, 0.0000,  
0.7491

210.5530, 0.2863,

 0.0000, 0.0000,

0.3484

0.0000

255.9597, 0.2880,  
0.3471

■ 31.2016, 0.2628,  
0.3661

■ 31.2016, 0.2628,  
0.3661

■ 30.3976, 0.2562,  
0.3751

■ 32.1945, 0.2709,  
0.3575

■ 29.7656, 0.2514,  
0.3844

■ 33.3844, 0.2803,  
0.3494

■ 29.2921, 0.2485,  
0.3939


■ 34.7833, 0.2907,  
0.3419

■ 28.9597, 0.2475,  
0.4033

■ 36.4012, 0.3018,  
0.3349


■ 28.7320, 0.2481,  
0.4127

■ 38.2476, 0.3134,  
0.3287

 28.7201, 0.2481,  
0.4132

 40.3312, 0.3252,  
0.3230

 42.6604, 0.3370,  
0.3180

 45.2431, 0.3487,  
0.3136

 48.0870, 0.3602,  
0.3097

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



31.2016, 0.3069, 0.4049



31.2016, 0.2628, 0.3661



31.2016, 0.2334, 0.3175

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



31.2016, 0.2628, 0.3661



31.2016, 0.2670, 0.2522



31.2016, 0.4099, 0.3695

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



31.2016, 0.2628, 0.3661



15.4561, 0.4115, 0.2967

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



31.2016, 0.3986, 0.3310



31.2016, 0.2628, 0.3661



31.2016, 0.3126, 0.2665

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



31.2016, 0.2628, 0.3661



31.2016, 0.2358, 0.2553



31.2016, 0.3618, 0.2944



31.2016, 0.3930, 0.4020



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



31.2016, 0.2628, 0.3661



31.2016, 0.2248, 0.2891



31.2016, 0.3618, 0.2944



31.2016, 0.4094, 0.3569

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



31.2028, 0.2628, 0.3661



64.2917, 0.2952, 0.3389



30.9691, 0.3237, 0.4738



14.2574, 0.2930, 0.3403



84.8088, 0.3127, 0.3290



15.4872, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



31.2028, 0.2628, 0.3661



55.0752, 0.2559, 0.3757



25.4587, 0.2427, 0.2950



8.4988, 0.3020, 0.3348



22.2749, 0.2479, 0.4123



0.5495, 0.2393, 0.3814



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



15.4561, 0.4115, 0.2967



23.2317, 0.4465, 0.2914



18.4635, 0.4315, 0.3591



7.5727, 0.3247, 0.3232



6.4257, 0.5869, 0.3007

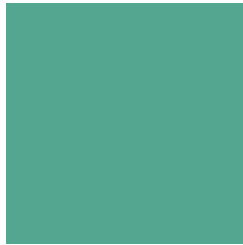


0.1644, 0.4972, 0.2513



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 31.2016, 0.2628, 0.3661 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 31.2016, 0.2628, 0.3661 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

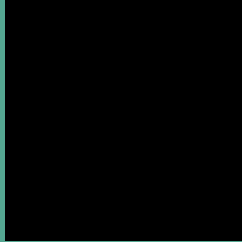
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 31.2016, 0.2628, 0.3661**

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 31.2016, 0.2628, 0.3661.

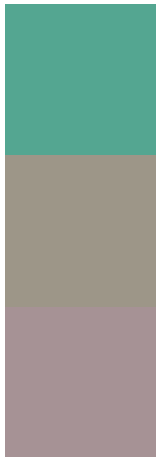


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 31.2016, 0.2628, 0.3661.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

31.2016, 0.2628, 0.3661

### Protanopia

30.7584, 0.3336, 0.3507

### Deuteranopia

30.8347, 0.3309, 0.3246



## Tritanopia

31.2630, 0.2475, 0.3074

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

31.2016, 0.2628, 0.3661

## Protanomaly

30.3868, 0.3027, 0.3572

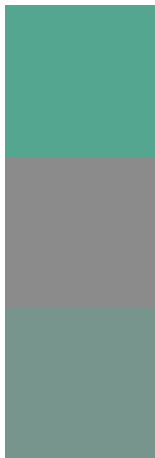
## Deuteranomaly

30.1548, 0.3006, 0.3371

## Tritanomaly

31.0484, 0.2530, 0.3271

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

31.2016, 0.2628, 0.3661

## Achromatopsia

25.8183, 0.3127, 0.3290

## Achromatomaly

27.3399, 0.2904, 0.3428

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 31.2016, 0.2628, 0.3661 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(84, 166, 145)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(84, 166, 145)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(84, 166, 145) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(84, 166, 145) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 31.2016, 0.2628, 0.3661 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(84, 166, 145) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(84, 166, 145) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(84, 166, 145)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(84, 166, 145); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(84, 166, 145);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(84, 166,  
145) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 31.2016, 0.2628, 0.3661 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(84, 166, 145) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(84, 166,  
145) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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