

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(31.2238, 0.5118, 0.3575)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(31.2238, 0.5118, 0.3575)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(31.1584, 0.5121, 0.3568)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F56E51
RGB	245, 110, 81
RGB Percent	96%, 43%, 32%
CMY	0.0392, 0.5686, 0.6822
CMYK	0.00, 0.55, 0.67, 0.04
HSL	11°, 89%, 64%
HSV	11°, 67%, 96%
XYZ	44.7203, 31.1584, 11.4486
YIQ	147.0590, 89.7690, 19.6010

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

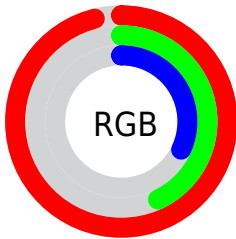
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	245, 116, 81
Decimal	16084561
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	62.64, 49.92, 41.19
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	63, 64.719, 39.528
Yxy	31.1584, 0.5121, 0.3568
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294274641 (0xFFFF56E51)
YUV	147.0590, -32.5671, 85.8943
Hunter-Lab	55.8197, 45.3220, 26.9134

# Details

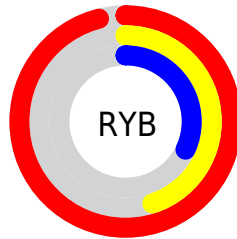
The Yxy color **31.1584, 0.5121, 0.3568** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **FF6666**. The color can be described as middle muted orange. A complement of this color would be **57.4780, 0.2255, 0.2917**, and the grayscale version is **29.3146, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **49.8090, 0.4304, 0.3647**, and **12.8889, 0.5708, 0.3505** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **26.9876, 0.5543, 0.3559**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **36.4559, 0.4697, 0.3550**.

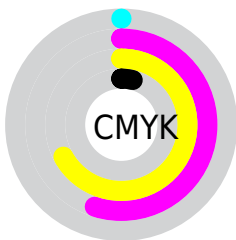
# Distribution



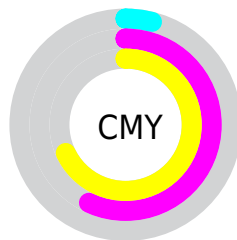
- Red (96%)
- Green (43%)
- Blue (32%)



- Red (96%)
- Yellow (45%)
- Blue (32%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (55%)
- Yellow (67%)
- Black (4%)




- Cyan (4%)
- Magenta (57%)
- Yellow (68%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 31.1584, 0.5121, 0.3568 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 31.1584, 0.5121, 0.3568 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 31.1584, 0.5121,  
0.3568


 31.1584, 0.5121,  
0.3568


307.2674, 0.4072,  
0.3511


 20.7195, 0.5382,  
0.3547


 61.4894, 0.4736,  
0.3572

 12.9191, 0.5709,  
0.3498


 82.1502, 0.4592,  
0.3565


 7.3729, 0.6120,  
0.3393


 106.9872, 0.4470,  
0.3557

 3.6964, 0.6760,  
0.3240

 136.3847, 0.4367,  
0.3548

 1.5052, 0.7247,  
0.2753

 170.7270, 0.4278,  
0.3538

 0.2924, 0.8518,  
0.1482


210.3987, 0.4200,


 0.0000, 1.0000,


0.3528


0.0000


255.7840, 0.4132,  
0.3519


 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000


 31.1584, 0.5121,  
0.3568

 31.1584, 0.5121,  
0.3568


 26.9876, 0.5543,  
0.3559


 36.4559, 0.4697,  
0.3550


 23.8553, 0.5912,  
0.3518


 42.9496, 0.4307,  
0.3513


 21.6673, 0.6178,  
0.3448

 50.7090, 0.3966,  
0.3467


 21.1617, 0.6240,  
0.3427

 59.7971, 0.3678,  
0.3417

 70.2725, 0.3439,  
0.3368

 82.1901, 0.3243,  
0.3321

 95.6022, 0.3081,  
0.3277

 98.1537, 0.3066,  
0.3290

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



31.1584, 0.4629, 0.2902



31.1584, 0.5121, 0.3568



31.1584, 0.4936, 0.4277

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



31.1584, 0.5121, 0.3568



31.1584, 0.2441, 0.4639



31.1584, 0.1895, 0.1816

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



31.1584, 0.5121, 0.3568



57.4780, 0.2255, 0.2917

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



31.1584, 0.1523, 0.1971



31.1584, 0.5121, 0.3568



31.1584, 0.1767, 0.3477

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



31.1584, 0.5121, 0.3568



31.1584, 0.3358, 0.5211



31.1584, 0.1472, 0.2498



31.1584, 0.2614, 0.1950



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



31.1584, 0.5121, 0.3568



31.1584, 0.4525, 0.4738



31.1584, 0.1472, 0.2498



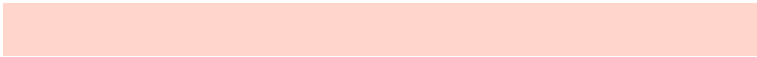
31.1584, 0.1734, 0.1833

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



31.1601, 0.5121, 0.3568



73.2124, 0.3509, 0.3383



30.3491, 0.3484, 0.1987



14.9745, 0.3576, 0.3397



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



31.1601, 0.5121, 0.3568



28.3209, 0.5671, 0.3550



56.9871, 0.4421, 0.4371



16.9557, 0.3289, 0.3332



11.5390, 0.6218, 0.3445



1.1441, 0.5997, 0.3620



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



57.4780, 0.2255, 0.2917



58.5691, 0.2163, 0.2831



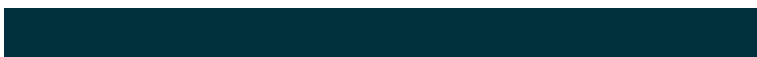
25.8659, 0.1984, 0.1792



18.2306, 0.2980, 0.3247



26.4222, 0.2088, 0.2715



2.4499, 0.2110, 0.2795



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 31.1584, 0.5121, 0.3568 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 31.1584, 0.5121, 0.3568 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 31.1584, 0.5121, 0.3568**

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 31.1584, 0.5121, 0.3568.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 31.1584, 0.5121, 0.3568.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

31.1584, 0.5121, 0.3568

### Protanopia

31.3003, 0.3810, 0.4132

### Deuteranopia

31.3100, 0.4304, 0.4231



## Tritanopia

31.2745, 0.4794, 0.3225

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

31.1584, 0.5121, 0.3568

## Protanomaly

30.1160, 0.4287, 0.3903

## Deuteranomaly

30.4482, 0.4619, 0.3951

## Tritanomaly

31.0478, 0.4928, 0.3354

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

31.1584, 0.5121, 0.3568

## Achromatopsia

29.1771, 0.3127, 0.3290

## Achromatomaly

28.5475, 0.3822, 0.3450

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 31.1584, 0.5121, 0.3568 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(245, 110, 81)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(245, 110, 81)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(245, 110, 81) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(245, 110, 81) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 31.1584, 0.5121, 0.3568 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(245, 110, 81) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(245, 110, 81) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(245, 110, 81)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(245, 110, 81); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(245, 110, 81);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(245, 110,  
81) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 31.1584, 0.5121, 0.3568 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(245, 110, 81) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(245,  
110, 81) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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