

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(31.2991, 0.4548, 0.4301)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(31.2991, 0.4548, 0.4301)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(31.3975, 0.4547, 0.4297)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C48E3B
RGB	196, 142, 59
RGB Percent	77%, 56%, 23%
CMY	0.2314, 0.4431, 0.7686
CMYK	0.00, 0.28, 0.70, 0.23
HSL	36°, 54%, 50%
HSV	36°, 70%, 77%
XYZ	33.2242, 31.3975, 8.4467
YIQ	148.6840, 58.8270, -14.3650

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

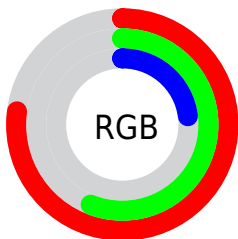
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">148, 196, 59</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">12881467</a>
<a href="#">CIELab</a>	<a href="#">62.84, 12.38, 50.64</a>
<a href="#">CIElCh</a>	<a href="#">63, 52.128, 76.261</a>
<a href="#">Yxy</a>	<a href="#">31.3975, 0.4547, 0.4297</a>
<a href="#">Android (android.graphics.Color)</a>	<a href="#">4291071547 (0xFFC48E3B)</a>
<a href="#">YUV</a>	<a href="#">148.6840, -44.2142, 41.4961</a>
<a href="#">Hunter-Lab</a>	<a href="#">56.0335, 7.7803, 30.2858</a>

# Details

The Yxy color **31.3975, 0.4547, 0.4297** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9933**. The color can be described as dark muted orange. A complement of this color would be **16.7186, 0.1987, 0.1881**, and the grayscale version is **30.0865, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **61.8656, 0.4282, 0.4152**, and **13.0598, 0.4907, 0.4477** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **29.0134, 0.4760, 0.4357**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **34.0202, 0.4319, 0.4196**.

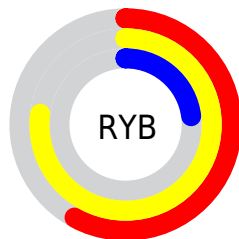
# Distribution



Red (77%)

Green (56%)

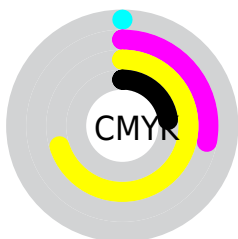
Blue (23%)



Red (58%)

Yellow (77%)

Blue (23%)

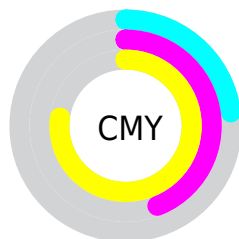


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (28%)

Yellow (70%)

Black (23%)



Cyan (23%)

Magenta (44%)


Yellow (77%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 31.3975, 0.4547, 0.4297 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 31.3975, 0.4547, 0.4297 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 31.3975, 0.4547,  
0.4297

 31.3975, 0.4547,  
0.4297


 308.3654, 0.3825,  
0.3826

 20.9017, 0.4713,  
0.4386


 61.8654, 0.4291,  
0.4143

 13.0522, 0.4910,  
0.4477


 82.6062, 0.4192,  
0.4079


 7.4645, 0.5165,  
0.4578


 107.5309, 0.4108,  
0.4023


 3.7542, 0.5407,  
0.4593

 137.0238, 0.4035,  
0.3974

 1.5371, 0.5582,  
0.4418

 171.4693, 0.3972,  
0.3930

 0.3146, 0.6565,  
0.3435

 211.2518, 0.3917,

 0.0000, 0.0000,

0.3892

0.0000

256.7557, 0.3869,  
0.3857

■ 31.3975, 0.4547,  
0.4297

■ 31.3975, 0.4547,  
0.4297

■ 29.0134, 0.4760,  
0.4357

■ 34.0202, 0.4319,  
0.4196

■ 26.8510, 0.4946,  
0.4366

■ 36.8877, 0.4088,  
0.4064

■ 24.8914, 0.5103,  
0.4329

■ 40.0111, 0.3864,  
0.3914

■ 24.8716, 0.5105,  
0.4329

■ 43.3996, 0.3653,  
0.3754

■ 47.0615, 0.3459,  
0.3594

■ 51.0047, 0.3283,  
0.3438

■ 55.2367, 0.3126,  
0.3288

■ 59.7646, 0.2986,  
0.3149

■ 64.5953, 0.2862,  
0.3019

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



31.3975, 0.4768, 0.3707



31.3975, 0.4547, 0.4297



31.3975, 0.3953, 0.4744

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



31.3975, 0.4547, 0.4297



31.3975, 0.1921, 0.3259



31.3975, 0.2890, 0.2218

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



31.3975, 0.4547, 0.4297



16.7186, 0.1987, 0.1881

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



31.3975, 0.2216, 0.2055



31.3975, 0.4547, 0.4297



31.3975, 0.1720, 0.2534

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



31.3975, 0.4547, 0.4297



31.3975, 0.2437, 0.4161



31.3975, 0.1823, 0.2143



31.3975, 0.3739, 0.2593



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



31.3975, 0.4547, 0.4297



31.3975, 0.3446, 0.4823



31.3975, 0.1823, 0.2143



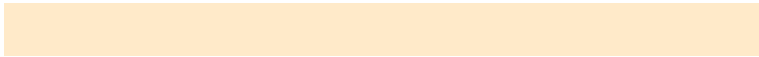
31.3975, 0.2637, 0.2138

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



31.3991, 0.4547, 0.4297



84.2878, 0.3486, 0.3617



16.0718, 0.4488, 0.2637



17.6362, 0.3539, 0.3662



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



31.3991, 0.4547, 0.4297



50.3958, 0.4865, 0.4368



49.7679, 0.3937, 0.4913



11.0706, 0.3274, 0.3429



16.1558, 0.5089, 0.4342



0.8293, 0.4838, 0.4540



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



16.7186, 0.1987, 0.1881



22.4038, 0.1799, 0.1532



8.5176, 0.1878, 0.1123



10.3845, 0.2984, 0.3147



6.1487, 0.1684, 0.1264

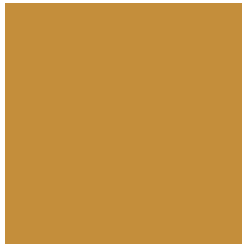


0.4001, 0.1811, 0.1720



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 31.3975, 0.4547, 0.4297 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

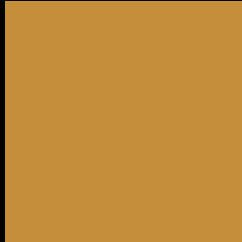
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 31.3975, 0.4547, 0.4297 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 31.3975, 0.4547, 0.4297**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 31.3975, 0.4547, 0.4297.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 31.3975, 0.4547, 0.4297.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

31.3975, 0.4547, 0.4297

### Protanopia

31.6763, 0.4139, 0.4547

### Deuteranopia

31.5034, 0.4461, 0.4374



## Tritanopia

31.3148, 0.3806, 0.3161

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

31.3975, 0.4547, 0.4297

## Protanomaly

31.4155, 0.4282, 0.4457

## Deuteranomaly

31.4585, 0.4492, 0.4351

## Tritanomaly

31.0575, 0.4131, 0.3609

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

31.3975, 0.4547, 0.4297

## Achromatopsia

30.0544, 0.3127, 0.3290

## Achromatomaly

29.9257, 0.3652, 0.3748

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 31.3975, 0.4547, 0.4297 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(196, 142, 59)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(196, 142, 59)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(196, 142, 59) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(196, 142, 59) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 31.3975, 0.4547, 0.4297 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(196, 142, 59) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(196, 142, 59) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(196, 142, 59)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(196, 142, 59); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(196, 142, 59);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(196, 142,  
59) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to  $\text{Yxy } 31.3975, 0.4547, 0.4297$  is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(196, 142, 59) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(196,  
142, 59) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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