

# Converting Colors

$Yxy(31.3848, 0.2851, 0.4973)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(31.3848, 0.2851, 0.4973)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(31.2211, 0.2850, 0.4972)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	32AD55
RGB	50, 173, 85
RGB Percent	20%, 68%, 33%
CMY	0.8042, 0.3215, 0.6667
CMYK	0.71, 0.00, 0.51, 0.32
HSL	137°, 55%, 44%
HSV	137°, 71%, 68%
XYZ	17.8962, 31.2211, 13.6765
YIQ	126.1910, -45.0600, -53.4440

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

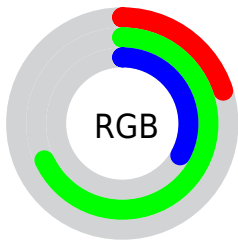
Format	Color
<b>RYB</b>	50, 146, 173
Decimal	3321173
CIELab	62.69, -52.62, 35.52
CIELCh	63, 63.484, 145.981
Yxy	31.2211, 0.2850, 0.4972
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281511253 (0xFF32AD55)
YUV	126.1910, -20.3072, -66.8195
Hunter-Lab	55.8758, -40.6117, 24.6009

# Details

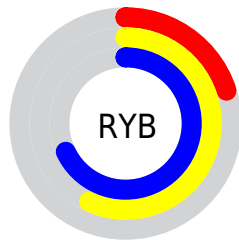
The Yxy color **31.2211, 0.2850, 0.4972** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **009933**. A complement of this color would be **12.9946, 0.3747, 0.2121**, and the grayscale version is **21.0092, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **61.3269, 0.2938, 0.4588**, and **13.3210, 0.2868, 0.5525** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **30.6835, 0.2853, 0.5226**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **31.9618, 0.2862, 0.4703**.

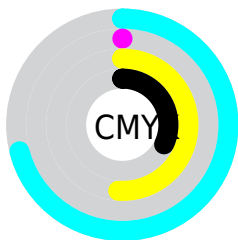
# Distribution



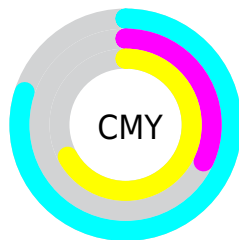
- Red (20%)
- Green (68%)
- Blue (33%)



- Red (20%)
- Yellow (57%)
- Blue (68%)



- Cyan (71%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (51%)
- Black (32%)




- Cyan (80%)
- Magenta (32%)
- Yellow (67%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 31.2211, 0.2850, 0.4972 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 31.2211, 0.2850, 0.4972 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 31.2211, 0.2850,  
0.4972


 31.2211, 0.2850,  
0.4972


307.5556, 0.3040,  
0.4007


 20.7673, 0.2778,  
0.5257


 61.5880, 0.2935,  
0.4589

 12.9540, 0.2668,  
0.5650


 82.2699, 0.2962,  
0.4455


 7.3969, 0.2485,  
0.6215


 107.1299, 0.2983,  
0.4346

 3.7115, 0.2221,  
0.7284

 136.5524, 0.2999,  
0.4255

 1.5135, 0.0327,  
0.9673

 170.9218, 0.3013,  
0.4179

 0.2982, 0.0000,  
1.0000

210.6226, 0.3024,

 0.0000, 0.0000,

0.4113

0.0000

256.0391, 0.3033,  
0.4057

■ 31.2211, 0.2850,  
0.4972

■ 31.2211, 0.2850,  
0.4972

■ 30.6835, 0.2853,  
0.5226

■ 31.9618, 0.2862,  
0.4703

■ 30.3233, 0.2872,  
0.5452

■ 32.9200, 0.2888,  
0.4432

■ 30.1141, 0.2895,  
0.5623

■ 34.1135, 0.2925,  
0.4170

■ 35.5568, 0.2969,  
0.3923

■ 37.2636, 0.3018,  
0.3696

■ 39.2461, 0.3069,  
0.3491

■ 41.5163, 0.3121,  
0.3309

■ 44.0850, 0.3173,  
0.3149

■ 46.9626, 0.3222,  
0.3008

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



31.2211, 0.3777, 0.5136



31.2211, 0.2850, 0.4972



31.2211, 0.2048, 0.4006

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



31.2211, 0.2850, 0.4972



31.2211, 0.1708, 0.1869



31.2211, 0.4948, 0.3265

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



31.2211, 0.2850, 0.4972



12.9946, 0.3747, 0.2121

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



31.2211, 0.4193, 0.2640



31.2211, 0.2850, 0.4972



31.2211, 0.2261, 0.1878

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



31.2211, 0.2850, 0.4972



31.2211, 0.1485, 0.2177



31.2211, 0.3149, 0.2149



31.2211, 0.5062, 0.3951



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



31.2211, 0.2850, 0.4972



31.2211, 0.1696, 0.3236



31.2211, 0.3149, 0.2149



31.2211, 0.4758, 0.3048

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



31.2224, 0.2850, 0.4972



66.6545, 0.3017, 0.3701



35.5348, 0.3715, 0.5072



14.2994, 0.3003, 0.3759



86.8899, 0.3127, 0.3290



16.2647, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



31.2224, 0.2850, 0.4972



54.5654, 0.2861, 0.5351



32.6525, 0.2479, 0.3769



8.9755, 0.3079, 0.3456



22.1300, 0.2890, 0.5605



0.6251, 0.2715, 0.4974



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



12.9946, 0.3747, 0.2121



19.9407, 0.3928, 0.2024



11.6914, 0.4980, 0.2956



8.1086, 0.3179, 0.3129



7.6008, 0.4073, 0.2017



0.2202, 0.3758, 0.1844



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 31.2211, 0.2850, 0.4972 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 31.2211, 0.2850, 0.4972 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 31.2211, 0.2850, 0.4972**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 31.2211, 0.2850, 0.4972.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 31.2211, 0.2850, 0.4972.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

31.2211, 0.2850, 0.4972

### Protanopia

30.7760, 0.3997, 0.4372

### Deuteranopia

30.6643, 0.4091, 0.4021



## Tritanopia

31.0783, 0.2404, 0.3071

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

31.2211, 0.2850, 0.4972



## Protanomaly

29.6605, 0.3464, 0.4637



## Deuteranomaly

29.2323, 0.3515, 0.4399



## Tritanomaly

30.9227, 0.2565, 0.3723

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

31.2211, 0.2850, 0.4972



## Achromatopsia

20.8637, 0.3127, 0.3290



## Achromatomaly

23.3893, 0.2968, 0.3915

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 31.2211, 0.2850, 0.4972 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(50, 173, 85)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(50, 173, 85)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(50, 173, 85) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(50, 173, 85) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 31.2211, 0.2850, 0.4972 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(50, 173, 85) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(50, 173, 85) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(50, 173, 85)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(50, 173, 85); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(50, 173, 85);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(50, 173,  
85) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 31.2211, 0.2850, 0.4972 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(50, 173, 85) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(50, 173,  
85) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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