

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(31.9995, 0.2086, 0.4080)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(31.9995, 0.2086, 0.4080)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(34.5360, 0.2449, 0.4018)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	00B48C
RGB	0, 180, 140
RGB Percent	0%, 71%, 55%
CMY	1.0000, 0.2941, 0.4510
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.22, 0.29
HSL	167°, 100%, 35%
HSV	167°, 100%, 71%
XYZ	21.0499, 34.5360, 30.3673
YIQ	121.6200, -94.4400, -50.6000

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

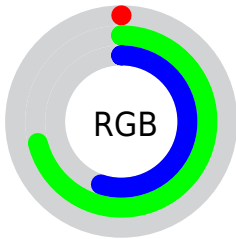
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	0, 101, 180
Decimal	46220
CIELab	65.39, -48.29, 9.65
CIELCh	65, 49.245, 168.700
Yxy	34.5360, 0.2449, 0.4018
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278236300 (0xFF00B48C)
YUV	121.6200, 9.0613, -106.6607
Hunter-Lab	58.7673, -38.9057, 10.4998

# Details

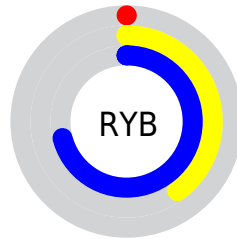
The Yxy color **34.5360, 0.2449, 0.4018** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **33CC99**. A complement of this color would be **9.8580, 0.6009, 0.3084**, and the grayscale version is **19.3271, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **66.8963, 0.2583, 0.3862**, and **15.6599, 0.2504, 0.4213** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **34.5406, 0.2449, 0.4018**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **34.7894, 0.2445, 0.3937**.

# Distribution



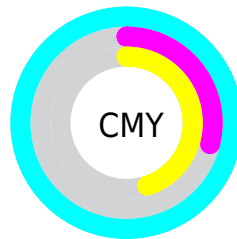
- Red (0%)
- Green (71%)
- Blue (55%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (40%)
- Blue (71%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (22%)
- Black (29%)




- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (29%)
- Yellow (45%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 34.5360, 0.2449, 0.4018 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 34.5360, 0.2449, 0.4018 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 34.5360, 0.2449,  
0.4018


 34.5360, 0.2449,  
0.4018


322.5155, 0.2810,  
0.3621


 23.3057, 0.2352,  
0.4129


 66.7663, 0.2585,  
0.3865


 14.8194, 0.2222,  
0.4280


 88.5351, 0.2635,  
0.3810

 8.6927, 0.2043,  
0.4495


 114.5855, 0.2676,  
0.3765

 4.5413, 0.1779,  
0.4824

 145.3019, 0.2711,  
0.3727

 1.9807, 0.1217,  
0.5476

 181.0687, 0.2741,  
0.3695

 0.5962, 0.0000,  
1.0000

 222.2703, 0.2767,

 0.0000, 0.0000,

0.3667

0.0000

269.2911, 0.2790,  
0.3642

■ 34.5360, 0.2449,  
0.4018

■ 34.5360, 0.2449,  
0.4018

■ 34.5406, 0.2449,  
0.4018

■ 34.7894, 0.2445,  
0.3937

■ 35.1605, 0.2456,  
0.3856

■ 35.6986, 0.2486,  
0.3775

■ 36.4255, 0.2535,  
0.3695

■ 37.3594, 0.2603,  
0.3617

■ 38.5163, 0.2686,  
0.3542

■ 39.9108, 0.2783,  
0.3471

■ 41.5562, 0.2891,  
0.3406

■ 43.4646, 0.3006,  
0.3345

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



34.5360, 0.3129, 0.4599



34.5360, 0.2449, 0.4018



34.5360, 0.1986, 0.3206

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



34.5360, 0.2449, 0.4018



34.5360, 0.2327, 0.2146



34.5360, 0.4636, 0.3739

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



34.5360, 0.2449, 0.4018



9.8580, 0.6009, 0.3084

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



34.5360, 0.4397, 0.3181



34.5360, 0.2449, 0.4018



34.5360, 0.2973, 0.2316

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



34.5360, 0.2449, 0.4018



34.5360, 0.1935, 0.2213



34.5360, 0.3753, 0.2682



34.5360, 0.4410, 0.4277



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



34.5360, 0.2449, 0.4018



34.5360, 0.1841, 0.2743



34.5360, 0.3753, 0.2682



34.5360, 0.4610, 0.3551

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



34.5406, 0.2449, 0.4018



72.2160, 0.2778, 0.3475



33.1394, 0.3091, 0.5928



15.3722, 0.2736, 0.3504



91.1408, 0.3127, 0.3290



17.8868, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



34.5406, 0.2449, 0.4018



62.5841, 0.2453, 0.4031



19.8006, 0.2001, 0.2402



9.5986, 0.3014, 0.3341



24.1142, 0.2447, 0.4008



0.7667, 0.2384, 0.3784



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



9.8580, 0.6009, 0.3084



17.8434, 0.6047, 0.3105



11.8188, 0.6037, 0.3589



8.5352, 0.3253, 0.3240



6.8878, 0.5980, 0.3068



0.2255, 0.5211, 0.2644



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 34.5360, 0.2449, 0.4018 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 34.5360, 0.2449, 0.4018 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 34.5360, 0.2449, 0.4018**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 34.5360, 0.2449, 0.4018.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 34.5360, 0.2449, 0.4018.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

34.5360, 0.2449, 0.4018

### Protanopia

33.9144, 0.3492, 0.3706

### Deuteranopia

33.8789, 0.3443, 0.3376



## Tritanopia

34.7437, 0.2277, 0.3061

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

34.5360, 0.2449, 0.4018



## Protanomaly

31.6679, 0.2870, 0.3845



## Deuteranomaly

31.3650, 0.2838, 0.3594



## Tritanomaly

34.3660, 0.2317, 0.3373

# Monochromacy



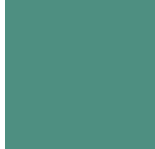
## Original Color

34.5360, 0.2449, 0.4018



## Achromatopsia

19.4618, 0.3127, 0.3290



## Achromatomaly

22.8496, 0.2642, 0.3567

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 34.5360, 0.2449, 0.4018 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 180, 140)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 180, 140)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 180, 140) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 180, 140) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 34.5360, 0.2449, 0.4018 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 180, 140) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 180, 140) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 180, 140)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 180, 140); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 180, 140);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 180,  
140) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 34.5360, 0.2449, 0.4018 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 180, 140) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 180,  
140) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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