

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(32.0235, 0.1960, 0.2020)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(32.0235, 0.1960, 0.2020)  
contains.

<b>Yxy(31.8912, 0.1956, 0.2009)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	27
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	30

# Color

**Yxy(31.8912, 0.1956, 0.2009)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	379DFB
RGB	55, 157, 251
RGB Percent	22%, 62%, 98%
CMY	0.7840, 0.3843, 0.0156
CMYK	0.78, 0.37, 0.00, 0.02
HSL	209°, 96%, 60%
HSV	209°, 78%, 98%
XYZ	31.0499, 31.8912, 95.8006
YIQ	137.2180, -90.9660, 7.6100

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

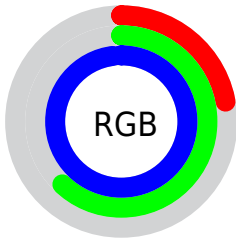
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>YB</sub>	55, 122, 251
Decimal	3644923
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	63.25, 2.75, -55.00
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	63, 55.072, 272.863
Yxy	31.8912, 0.1956, 0.2009
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281835003 (0xFF379DFB)
YUV	137.2180, 56.0945, -72.1052
Hunter-Lab	56.4723, -0.6828, -61.0500

# Details

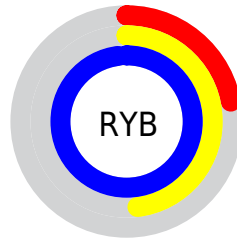
The Yxy color **31.8912, 0.1956, 0.2009** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **0099FF**. The color can be described as light washed azure. A complement of this color would be **42.3172, 0.4992, 0.4122**, and the grayscale version is **24.9211, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **58.4757, 0.2376, 0.2757**, and **14.2031, 0.1814, 0.1730** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **27.4766, 0.1863, 0.1824**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **37.0698, 0.2072, 0.2199**.

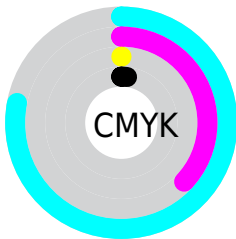
# Distribution



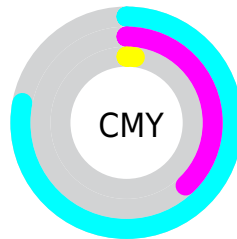
- Red (22%)
- Green (62%)
- Blue (98%)



- Red (22%)
- Yellow (48%)
- Blue (98%)



- Cyan (78%)
- Magenta (37%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (2%)




- Cyan (78%)
- Magenta (38%)
- Yellow (2%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 31.8912, 0.1956, 0.2009 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 31.8912, 0.1956, 0.2009 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 31.8912, 0.1956,  
0.2009


 31.8912, 0.1956,  
0.2009


310.6233, 0.2537,  
0.2639

 21.2784, 0.1819,  
0.1862


 62.6405, 0.2162,  
0.2232


 13.3277, 0.1651,  
0.1682


 83.5458, 0.2241,  
0.2317

 7.6546, 0.1440,  
0.1458


 108.6507, 0.2309,  
0.2391

 3.8747, 0.1176,  
0.1179

 138.3396, 0.2367,  
0.2454

 1.6037, 0.0848,  
0.0836

172.9969, 0.2418,  
0.2509

 0.3601, 0.0405,  
0.0356

213.0071, 0.2462,

 0.0000, 0.0000,

0.2558

0.0000

258.7544, 0.2502,  
0.2601

■ 31.8912, 0.1956,  
0.2009

■ 31.8912, 0.1956,  
0.2009

■ 27.4766, 0.1863,  
0.1824

■ 37.0698, 0.2072,  
0.2199

■ 23.7458, 0.1794,  
0.1648

■ 43.0686, 0.2207,  
0.2388

■ 23.0815, 0.1782,  
0.1615

■ 49.9398, 0.2357,  
0.2571

■ 57.7296, 0.2516,  
0.2746

■ 66.4800, 0.2679,  
0.2908

■ 76.2300, 0.2842,  
0.3057

■ 87.0161, 0.3002,  
0.3192

■ 98.7030, 0.3151,  
0.3312

■ 99.7462, 0.3150,  
0.3328

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



31.8912, 0.1685, 0.2229



31.8912, 0.1956, 0.2009



31.8912, 0.2529, 0.2069

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



31.8912, 0.1956, 0.2009



31.8912, 0.4780, 0.3436



31.8912, 0.2728, 0.4568

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



31.8912, 0.1956, 0.2009



42.3172, 0.4992, 0.4122

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



31.8912, 0.3545, 0.4908



31.8912, 0.1956, 0.2009



31.8912, 0.4774, 0.4060

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



31.8912, 0.1956, 0.2009



31.8912, 0.4236, 0.2848



31.8912, 0.4295, 0.4630



31.8912, 0.2066, 0.3680



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



31.8912, 0.1956, 0.2009



31.8912, 0.3064, 0.2243



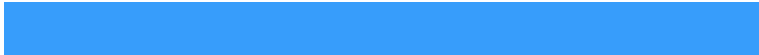
31.8912, 0.4295, 0.4630



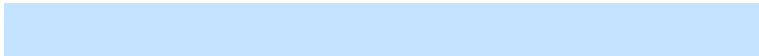
31.8912, 0.2994, 0.4760

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



31.8922, 0.1956, 0.2009



73.8620, 0.2761, 0.2985



71.9119, 0.2712, 0.4721



15.0420, 0.2702, 0.2930



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



31.8922, 0.1956, 0.2009



26.0730, 0.1819, 0.1717



11.1836, 0.1666, 0.0900



18.1368, 0.2980, 0.3173



12.4243, 0.1790, 0.1643



1.3631, 0.1848, 0.1853



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



25.6866, 0.4403, 0.2394



23.5029, 0.4779, 0.2434



85.7843, 0.4168, 0.4899



17.3760, 0.3212, 0.3167



11.6651, 0.4877, 0.2460

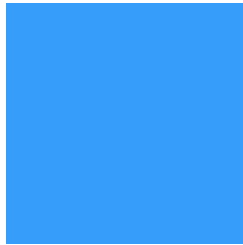


1.1018, 0.4623, 0.2320



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 31.8912, 0.1956, 0.2009 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 31.8912, 0.1956, 0.2009 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

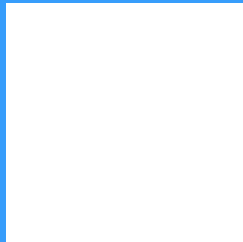
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 31.8912, 0.1956, 0.2009**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 31.8912, 0.1956, 0.2009.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 31.8912, 0.1956, 0.2009.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

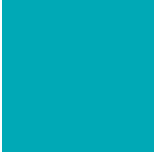
31.8912, 0.1956, 0.2009

### Protanopia

31.6714, 0.2193, 0.2034

### Deuteranopia

31.7892, 0.2036, 0.1973



## **Tritanopia**

31.7533, 0.2185, 0.3066

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

31.8912, 0.1956, 0.2009

**Protanomaly**

31.4990, 0.2080, 0.2014

**Deuteranomaly**

31.6353, 0.2000, 0.1975

**Tritanomaly**

31.5640, 0.2077, 0.2622

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

31.8912, 0.1956, 0.2009

**Achromatopsia**

25.0158, 0.3127, 0.3290

**Achromatomaly**

26.2867, 0.2500, 0.2730

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 31.8912, 0.1956, 0.2009 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(55, 157, 251)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(55, 157, 251)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(55, 157, 251) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(55, 157, 251) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 31.8912, 0.1956, 0.2009 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(55, 157, 251) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(55, 157, 251) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(55, 157, 251)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(55, 157, 251); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(55, 157, 251);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(55, 157,  
251) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 31.8912, 0.1956, 0.2009 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(55, 157, 251) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(55, 157,  
251) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor