

# Converting Colors

$Yxy(32.1085, 0.3029, 0.4547)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(32.1085, 0.3029, 0.4547)  
contains.

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**Color**

**Yxy(32.1024, 0.3029, 0.4546)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5FAA64
RGB	95, 170, 100
RGB Percent	37%, 67%, 39%
CMY	0.6277, 0.3333, 0.6079
CMYK	0.44, 0.00, 0.41, 0.33
HSL	124°, 31%, 52%
HSV	124°, 44%, 67%
XYZ	21.3898, 32.1024, 17.1246
YIQ	139.5950, -22.2300, -37.6700

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

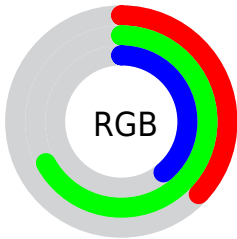
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">95, 165, 170</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">6269540</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">63.43, -38.23, 28.99</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">63, 47.976, 142.829</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">32.1024, 0.3029, 0.4546</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4284459620 (0xFF5FAA64)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">139.5950, -19.5203, -39.1098</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">56.6590, -31.7661, 21.7415</a>

# Details

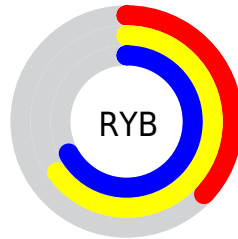
The Yxy color **32.1024, 0.3029, 0.4546** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **339966**. A complement of this color would be **19.4370, 0.3239, 0.2293**, and the grayscale version is **26.1394, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **63.0493, 0.3062, 0.4266**, and **13.4216, 0.2942, 0.5026** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **31.0134, 0.3010, 0.4882**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **33.4525, 0.3051, 0.4218**.

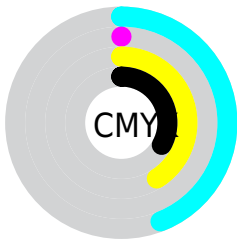
# Distribution



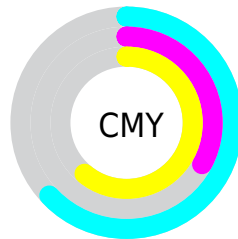
- Red (37%)
- Green (67%)
- Blue (39%)



- Red (37%)
- Yellow (65%)
- Blue (67%)



- Cyan (44%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (41%)
- Black (33%)




- Cyan (63%)
- Magenta (33%)
- Yellow (61%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 32.1024, 0.3029, 0.4546 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 32.1024, 0.3029, 0.4546 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 32.1024, 0.3029,  
0.4546

 32.1024, 0.3029,  
0.4546


311.5855, 0.3105,  
0.3839


 21.4397, 0.2997,  
0.4751


 62.9716, 0.3065,  
0.4268


 13.4458, 0.2946,  
0.5033


 83.9469, 0.3076,  
0.4171

 7.7362, 0.2857,  
0.5441


 109.1285, 0.3084,  
0.4090

 3.9266, 0.2689,  
0.6077

 138.9009, 0.3091,  
0.4023

 1.6326, 0.2271,  
0.7729

173.6484, 0.3096,  
0.3967

 0.3794, 0.0000,  
1.0000

213.7553, 0.3100,

 0.0000, 0.0000,

0.3918

0.0000

259.6062, 0.3103,  
0.3876

■ 32.1024, 0.3029,  
0.4546

■ 32.1024, 0.3029,  
0.4546

■ 31.0134, 0.3010,  
0.4882

■ 33.4525, 0.3051,  
0.4218

■ 30.1648, 0.2995,  
0.5206

■ 35.0748, 0.3074,  
0.3911

■ 29.5397, 0.2985,  
0.5497

■ 36.9845, 0.3097,  
0.3632

■ 29.1168, 0.2983,  
0.5731

■ 39.1946, 0.3118,  
0.3384

■ 28.8709, 0.2986,  
0.5892


■ 41.7172, 0.3139,  
0.3167

 28.7789, 0.2987,  
0.5953

 44.5640, 0.3158,  
0.2978

 47.7458, 0.3175,  
0.2815

 51.2730, 0.3191,  
0.2675

 55.1556, 0.3205,  
0.2554

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



32.1024, 0.3753, 0.4669



32.1024, 0.3029, 0.4546



32.1024, 0.2371, 0.3908

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



32.1024, 0.3029, 0.4546



32.1024, 0.1974, 0.2190



32.1024, 0.4456, 0.3256

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



32.1024, 0.3029, 0.4546



19.4370, 0.3239, 0.2293

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



32.1024, 0.3856, 0.2745



32.1024, 0.3029, 0.4546



32.1024, 0.2404, 0.2158

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



32.1024, 0.3029, 0.4546



32.1024, 0.1819, 0.2495



32.1024, 0.3078, 0.2357



32.1024, 0.4628, 0.3816



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



32.1024, 0.3029, 0.4546



32.1024, 0.2056, 0.3361



32.1024, 0.3078, 0.2357



32.1024, 0.4295, 0.3077

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



32.1037, 0.3029, 0.4546



67.4395, 0.3099, 0.3608



37.5790, 0.3720, 0.4374



14.8599, 0.3094, 0.3665



86.8899, 0.3127, 0.3290



16.2647, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



32.1037, 0.3029, 0.4546



56.2961, 0.3010, 0.4875



33.0037, 0.2761, 0.3855



8.4156, 0.3107, 0.3507



21.1703, 0.2985, 0.5945



0.5176, 0.2917, 0.5702



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



19.4370, 0.3239, 0.2293



30.3127, 0.3267, 0.2099



18.2666, 0.3758, 0.2799



7.6578, 0.3147, 0.3082



8.1200, 0.3382, 0.1637



0.2001, 0.3319, 0.1602



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 32.1024, 0.3029, 0.4546 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 32.1024, 0.3029, 0.4546 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

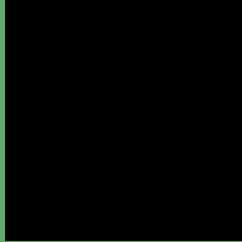
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 32.1024, 0.3029, 0.4546**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 32.1024, 0.3029, 0.4546.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 32.1024, 0.3029, 0.4546.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

32.1024, 0.3029, 0.4546

### Protanopia

31.7883, 0.3854, 0.4181

### Deuteranopia

31.5435, 0.3936, 0.3859



## Tritanopia

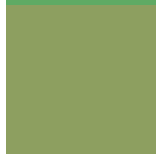
31.8607, 0.2592, 0.3080

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

32.1024, 0.3029, 0.4546



## Protanomaly

31.3035, 0.3513, 0.4314



## Deuteranomaly

30.9262, 0.3555, 0.4103



## Tritanomaly

31.6608, 0.2755, 0.3579

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

32.1024, 0.3029, 0.4546



## Achromatopsia

26.2251, 0.3127, 0.3290



## Achromatomaly

27.8990, 0.3096, 0.3742

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 32.1024, 0.3029, 0.4546 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(95, 170, 100)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(95, 170, 100)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(95, 170, 100) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(95, 170, 100) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 32.1024, 0.3029, 0.4546 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(95, 170, 100) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(95, 170, 100) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(95, 170, 100)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(95, 170, 100); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(95, 170, 100);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(95, 170,  
100) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to  $\text{Yxy } 32.1024, 0.3029, 0.4546$  is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(95, 170, 100) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(95, 170,  
100) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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