

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(33.1806, 0.4316, 0.2752)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(33.1806, 0.4316, 0.2752)  
contains.

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**Color**

**Yxy(33.1971, 0.4310, 0.2747)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FF669D
RGB	255, 102, 157
RGB Percent	100%, 40%, 62%
CMY	0.0000, 0.6001, 0.3843
CMYK	0.00, 0.60, 0.38, 0.00
HSL	338°, 100%, 70%
HSV	338°, 60%, 100%
XYZ	52.0857, 33.1971, 35.5657
YIQ	154.0170, 73.5330, 49.5410

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

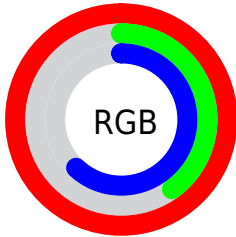
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	255, 102, 157
Decimal	16737949
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	64.32, 62.96, 0.75
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	64, 62.960, 0.678
Yxy	33.1971, 0.4310, 0.2747
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294928029 (0xFFFF669D)
YUV	154.0170, 1.4706, 88.5621
Hunter-Lab	57.6169, 60.5345, 3.7334

# Details

The Yxy color **33.1971, 0.4310, 0.2747** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF6699**. A complement of this color would be **78.5122, 0.2619, 0.3981**, and the grayscale version is **32.2863, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **50.7594, 0.3552, 0.2757**, and **14.0958, 0.4684, 0.2575** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **28.4089, 0.4631, 0.2704**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **39.5933, 0.4021, 0.2819**.

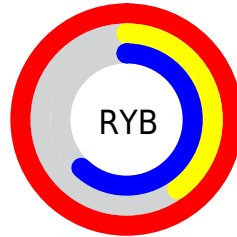
# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (40%)

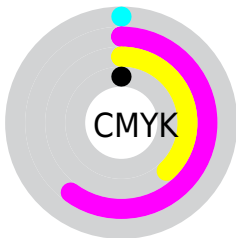
Blue (62%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (40%)

Blue (62%)

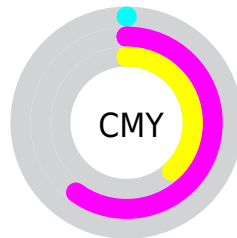


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (60%)

Yellow (38%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (60%)


Yellow (38%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 33.1971, 0.4310, 0.2747 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 33.1971, 0.4310, 0.2747 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 33.1971, 0.4310,  
0.2747


 33.1971, 0.4310,  
0.2747


316.5369, 0.3690,  
0.3033


 22.2775, 0.4473,  
0.2672


 64.6831, 0.4078,  
0.2854


 14.0609, 0.4686,  
0.2573


 86.0183, 0.3993,  
0.2893

 8.1631, 0.4976,  
0.2437


 111.5942, 0.3922,  
0.2926

 4.1995, 0.5391,  
0.2244

 141.7951, 0.3861,  
0.2954

 1.7858, 0.6021,  
0.1947

177.0054, 0.3809,  
0.2978

 0.4783, 0.7326,  
0.1351

217.6095, 0.3764,


 0.0000, 1.0000,


0.2999


0.0000


263.9919, 0.3725,  
0.3017

 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000


 33.1971, 0.4310,  
0.2747


 33.1971, 0.4310,  
0.2747


 28.4089, 0.4631,  
0.2704

 39.5933, 0.4021,  
0.2819


 25.0901, 0.4967,  
0.2704

 47.7391, 0.3771,  
0.2909

 23.0592, 0.5295,  
0.2756

 57.7482, 0.3561,  
0.3006

 22.0276, 0.5589,  
0.2853

 69.7276, 0.3387,  
0.3105

 83.7762, 0.3244,  
0.3200

99.9862, 0.3127,  
0.3290

100.0000, 0.3127,  
0.3290

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



33.1971, 0.3308, 0.2238



33.1971, 0.4310, 0.2747



33.1971, 0.4960, 0.3375

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



33.1971, 0.4310, 0.2747



33.1971, 0.3629, 0.5114



33.1971, 0.1534, 0.2135

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



33.1971, 0.4310, 0.2747



78.5122, 0.2619, 0.3981

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



33.1971, 0.1582, 0.2773



33.1971, 0.4310, 0.2747



33.1971, 0.2725, 0.4813

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



33.1971, 0.4310, 0.2747



33.1971, 0.4452, 0.4715



33.1971, 0.1981, 0.3807



33.1971, 0.1802, 0.1884



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



33.1971, 0.4310, 0.2747



33.1971, 0.5042, 0.3824



33.1971, 0.1981, 0.3807



33.1971, 0.1514, 0.2300

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



33.1935, 0.4310, 0.2747



72.3795, 0.3356, 0.3124



28.8462, 0.2679, 0.1668



14.6755, 0.3401, 0.3096



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



33.1935, 0.4310, 0.2747



27.6360, 0.4697, 0.2701



36.2321, 0.4881, 0.3492



18.0950, 0.3237, 0.3205



11.5358, 0.5546, 0.2829



1.1432, 0.5232, 0.2656



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



33.1935, 0.4310, 0.2747



27.6360, 0.4697, 0.2701



69.2299, 0.2335, 0.3043



18.0950, 0.3237, 0.3205



11.5358, 0.5546, 0.2829



1.1432, 0.5232, 0.2656



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 33.1971, 0.4310, 0.2747 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

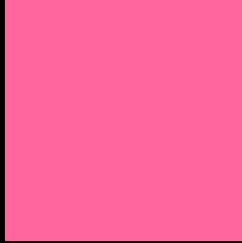
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 33.1971, 0.4310, 0.2747 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 33.1971, 0.4310, 0.2747**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 33.1971, 0.4310, 0.2747.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 33.1971, 0.4310, 0.2747.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

33.1971, 0.4310, 0.2747

### Protanopia

33.5064, 0.2783, 0.2800

### Deuteranopia

33.3339, 0.3374, 0.3305



## Tritanopia

33.1317, 0.4764, 0.3226

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

33.1971, 0.4310, 0.2747



## Protanomaly

31.4740, 0.3269, 0.2745



## Deuteranomaly

31.7715, 0.3700, 0.3033



## Tritanomaly

33.0640, 0.4599, 0.3045

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

33.1971, 0.4310, 0.2747



## Achromatopsia

32.3143, 0.3127, 0.3290



## Achromatomaly

30.7709, 0.3540, 0.3020

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 33.1971, 0.4310, 0.2747 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 102, 157)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 102, 157)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 102, 157) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 102, 157) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 33.1971, 0.4310, 0.2747 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 102, 157) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 102, 157) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 102, 157)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 102, 157); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 102, 157);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 102,  
157) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 33.1971, 0.4310, 0.2747 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 102, 157) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
102, 157) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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