

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(33.2782, 0.4249, 0.2953)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(33.2782, 0.4249, 0.2953)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(33.2981, 0.4244, 0.2957)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	F17493
RGB	241, 116, 147
RGB Percent	95%, 45%, 58%
CMY	0.0549, 0.5451, 0.4235
CMYK	0.00, 0.52, 0.39, 0.05
HSL	345°, 82%, 70%
HSV	345°, 52%, 95%
XYZ	47.7907, 33.2981, 31.5189
YIQ	156.9090, 64.5490, 36.1410

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

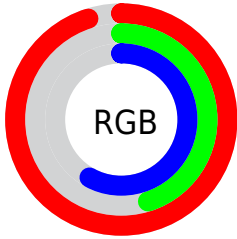
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">241, 116, 147</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">15824019</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">64.40, 51.03, 6.32</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">64, 51.424, 7.061</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">33.2981, 0.4244, 0.2957</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4294014099</a> ( <a href="#">0xFFFF17493</a> )
YUV	<a href="#">156.9090, -4.8851, 73.7478</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">57.7045, 46.8503, 8.0082</a>

# Details

The Yxy color **33.2981, 0.4244, 0.2957** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF6699**. A complement of this color would be **71.2812, 0.2597, 0.3681**, and the grayscale version is **33.6754, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **54.6029, 0.3621, 0.2980**, and **14.1321, 0.4597, 0.2832** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **27.9211, 0.4600, 0.2915**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **40.2091, 0.3935, 0.3015**.

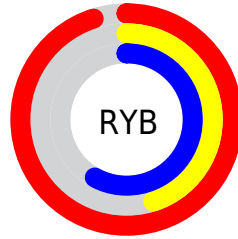
# Distribution



Red (95%)

Green (45%)

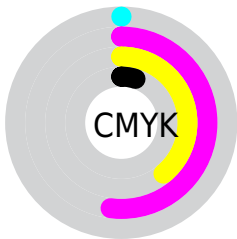
Blue (58%)



Red (95%)

Yellow (45%)

Blue (58%)

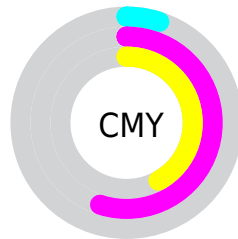


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (52%)

Yellow (39%)

Black (5%)



Cyan (5%)

Magenta (55%)


Yellow (42%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 33.2981, 0.4244, 0.2957 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 33.2981, 0.4244, 0.2957 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 33.2981, 0.4244,  
0.2957


 33.2981, 0.4244,  
0.2957


316.9909, 0.3653,  
0.3142

 22.3549, 0.4401,  
0.2905


 64.8407, 0.4022,  
0.3029

 14.1179, 0.4609,  
0.2834


 86.2088, 0.3941,  
0.3054

 8.2027, 0.4893,  
0.2734

 111.8207, 0.3873,  
0.3075

 4.2249, 0.5305,  
0.2582

142.0608, 0.3815,  
0.3093

 1.8002, 0.5943,  
0.2331

177.3135, 0.3766,  
0.3108

 0.4873, 0.7799,  
0.1862

217.9631, 0.3723,


 0.0000, 1.0000,

0.3121


0.0000


264.3941, 0.3686,  
0.3132


 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

 33.2981, 0.4244,  
0.2957


 33.2981, 0.4244,  
0.2957


 27.9211, 0.4600,  
0.2915


 40.2091, 0.3935,  
0.3015


 23.9547, 0.4988,  
0.2901

 48.7546, 0.3677,  
0.3082


 21.2653, 0.5381,  
0.2925

 59.0324, 0.3464,  
0.3150

 19.6901, 0.5737,  
0.2990

 71.1312, 0.3291,  
0.3216

 19.0265, 0.5974,  
0.3065

 85.1338, 0.3150,  
0.3279

 97.4423, 0.3041,  
0.3290

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



33.2981, 0.3465, 0.2482



33.2981, 0.4244, 0.2957



33.2981, 0.4683, 0.3522

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



33.2981, 0.4244, 0.2957



33.2981, 0.3421, 0.4768



33.2981, 0.1797, 0.2260

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



33.2981, 0.4244, 0.2957



71.2812, 0.2597, 0.3681

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



33.2981, 0.1786, 0.2743



33.2981, 0.4244, 0.2957



33.2981, 0.2667, 0.4361

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



33.2981, 0.4244, 0.2957



33.2981, 0.4137, 0.4600



33.2981, 0.2080, 0.3529



33.2981, 0.2094, 0.2087



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



33.2981, 0.4244, 0.2957



33.2981, 0.4695, 0.3914



33.2981, 0.2080, 0.3529



33.2981, 0.1761, 0.2385

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



33.2998, 0.4244, 0.2957



74.8538, 0.3359, 0.3189



32.5076, 0.2893, 0.1934



15.4161, 0.3394, 0.3175



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



33.2998, 0.4244, 0.2957



31.5722, 0.4612, 0.2914



40.9088, 0.4432, 0.3633



15.8232, 0.3254, 0.3232



10.3348, 0.5935, 0.3043



0.8751, 0.5566, 0.2840



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



33.2998, 0.4244, 0.2957



31.5722, 0.4612, 0.2914



56.0371, 0.2378, 0.2893



15.8232, 0.3254, 0.3232



10.3348, 0.5935, 0.3043



0.8751, 0.5566, 0.2840



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 33.2981, 0.4244, 0.2957 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

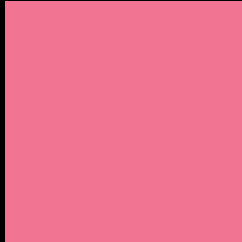
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 33.2981, 0.4244, 0.2957 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 33.2981, 0.4244, 0.2957**

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 33.2981, 0.4244, 0.2957.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 33.2981, 0.4244, 0.2957.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

33.2981, 0.4244, 0.2957

### Protanopia

33.7471, 0.3003, 0.3084

### Deuteranopia

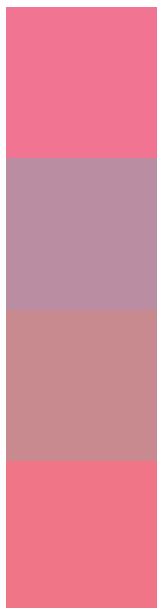
33.4034, 0.3496, 0.3434



## Tritanopia

33.1029, 0.4450, 0.3196

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

33.2981, 0.4244, 0.2957

## Protanomaly

32.2232, 0.3407, 0.3005

## Deuteranomaly

32.4395, 0.3766, 0.3226

## Tritanomaly

33.2314, 0.4377, 0.3109

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

33.2981, 0.4244, 0.2957

## Achromatopsia

33.7164, 0.3127, 0.3290

## Achromatomaly

32.3373, 0.3512, 0.3140

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 33.2981, 0.4244, 0.2957 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(241, 116, 147)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(241, 116, 147)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(241, 116, 147) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(241, 116, 147) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 33.2981, 0.4244, 0.2957 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(241, 116, 147) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(241, 116, 147) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(241, 116, 147)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(241, 116, 147); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(241, 116, 147);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(241, 116,  
147) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 33.2981, 0.4244, 0.2957 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(241, 116, 147) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(241,  
116, 147) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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