

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(33.3562, 0.3089, 0.2469)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(33.3562, 0.3089, 0.2469)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(33.3419, 0.3086, 0.2467)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C288CA
RGB	194, 136, 202
RGB Percent	76%, 53%, 79%
CMY	0.2393, 0.4666, 0.2079
CMYK	0.04, 0.33, 0.00, 0.21
HSL	293°, 38%, 66%
HSV	293°, 33%, 79%
XYZ	41.7078, 33.3419, 60.1019
YIQ	160.8660, 13.3820, 32.8220

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

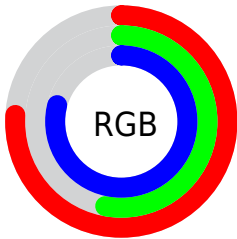
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	194, 136, 202
Decimal	12749002
CIELab	64.44, 33.24, -25.38
CIElCh	64, 41.822, 322.642
Yxy	33.3419, 0.3086, 0.2467
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290939082 (0xFFC288CA)
YUV	160.8660, 20.2791, 29.0585
Hunter-Lab	57.7424, 27.8826, -21.2930

# Details

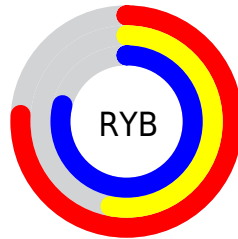
The Yxy color  $33.3419, 0.3086, 0.2467$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CC99CC`. A complement of this color would be  $49.9403, 0.3141, 0.4233$ , and the grayscale version is  $35.4753, 0.3127, 0.3290$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $64.5561, 0.3127, 0.2647$ , and  $14.1241, 0.3050, 0.2239$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $27.8581, 0.3066, 0.2218$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $39.9059, 0.3102, 0.2723$ .

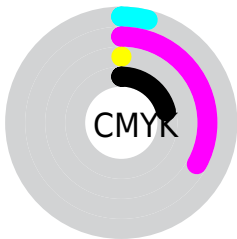
# Distribution



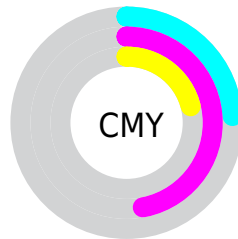
- Red (76%)
- Green (53%)
- Blue (79%)



- Red (76%)
- Yellow (53%)
- Blue (79%)



- Cyan (4%)
- Magenta (33%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (21%)




- Cyan (24%)
- Magenta (47%)
- Yellow (21%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 33.3419, 0.3086, 0.2467 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 33.3419, 0.3086, 0.2467 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 33.3419, 0.3086,  
0.2467


 33.3419, 0.3086,  
0.2467


317.1875, 0.3118,  
0.2872


 22.3885, 0.3075,  
0.2368


 64.9090, 0.3100,  
0.2612

 14.1426, 0.3058,  
0.2244


 86.2914, 0.3105,  
0.2668

 8.2199, 0.3032,  
0.2082


 111.9190, 0.3108,  
0.2715

 4.2360, 0.2989,  
0.1863

142.1760, 0.3111,  
0.2755

 1.8064, 0.2912,  
0.1556

177.4470, 0.3113,  
0.2790

 0.4912, 0.2783,  
0.1006


218.1164, 0.3115,


 0.0000, 0.1692,

0.2821


0.0000


264.5684, 0.3117,  
0.2848


 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000


 33.3419, 0.3086,  
0.2467


 33.3419, 0.3086,  
0.2467

 27.8581, 0.3066,  
0.2218


 39.9059, 0.3102,  
0.2723


 23.3899, 0.3043,  
0.1987


 47.6016, 0.3115,  
0.2979


 19.8722, 0.3017,  
0.1784


 56.4821, 0.3125,  
0.3226

 17.2310, 0.2988,  
0.1617


 66.5960, 0.3132,  
0.3461

 15.3807, 0.2957,  
0.1492


 77.9893, 0.3137,  
0.3681


 14.2189, 0.2926,  
0.1411

 89.2912, 0.3141,  
0.3862

 13.6689, 0.2903,  
0.1373

 89.6504, 0.3157,  
0.3860

 90.0151, 0.3172,  
0.3857

 90.3853, 0.3187,  
0.3854

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



33.3419, 0.2496, 0.2292



33.3419, 0.3086, 0.2467



33.3419, 0.3754, 0.2814

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



33.3419, 0.3086, 0.2467



33.3419, 0.4199, 0.4219



33.3419, 0.2097, 0.3144

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



33.3419, 0.3086, 0.2467



49.9403, 0.3141, 0.4233

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



33.3419, 0.2479, 0.3823



33.3419, 0.3086, 0.2467



33.3419, 0.3690, 0.4478

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



33.3419, 0.3086, 0.2467



33.3419, 0.4428, 0.3769



33.3419, 0.3059, 0.4355



33.3419, 0.1975, 0.2610



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



33.3419, 0.3086, 0.2467



33.3419, 0.4129, 0.3111



33.3419, 0.3059, 0.4355



33.3419, 0.2197, 0.3365

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



33.3433, 0.3086, 0.2467



84.2142, 0.3118, 0.3042



29.6920, 0.2564, 0.2463



17.5866, 0.3116, 0.3006



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



33.3433, 0.3086, 0.2467



49.8911, 0.3073, 0.2295



33.3726, 0.3408, 0.2762



11.3321, 0.3119, 0.3060



8.8237, 0.2908, 0.1375



0.4751, 0.2970, 0.1410



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



32.1805, 0.3783, 0.3187



47.6986, 0.3988, 0.3166



50.0126, 0.2925, 0.3887



11.2354, 0.3271, 0.3262



8.1308, 0.6237, 0.3209



0.4270, 0.5822, 0.2981



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 33.3419, 0.3086, 0.2467 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

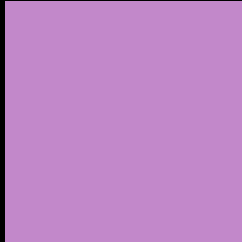
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 33.3419, 0.3086, 0.2467 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

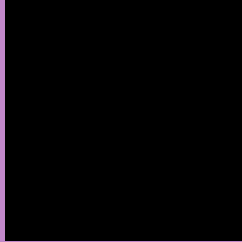
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 33.3419, 0.3086, 0.2467**

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 33.3419, 0.3086, 0.2467.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 33.3419, 0.3086, 0.2467.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

33.3419, 0.3086, 0.2467

### Protanopia

33.4723, 0.2504, 0.2434

### Deuteranopia

33.7188, 0.2714, 0.2657



## Tritanopia

33.3425, 0.3473, 0.3141

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

33.3419, 0.3086, 0.2467

**Protanomaly**

32.8397, 0.2685, 0.2429

**Deuteranomaly**

33.1446, 0.2840, 0.2572

**Tritanomaly**

33.3103, 0.3323, 0.2879

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

33.3419, 0.3086, 0.2467

**Achromatopsia**

35.6400, 0.3127, 0.3290

**Achromatomaly**

34.4753, 0.3113, 0.2957

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 33.3419, 0.3086, 0.2467 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(194, 136, 202)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(194, 136, 202)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(194, 136, 202) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(194, 136, 202) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 33.3419, 0.3086, 0.2467 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(194, 136, 202) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(194, 136, 202) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(194, 136, 202)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(194, 136, 202); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(194, 136, 202);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(194, 136,  
202) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 33.3419, 0.3086, 0.2467 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(194, 136, 202) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(194,  
136, 202) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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