

# Converting Colors

$Yxy(35.0482, 0.1812, 0.1532)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(35.0482, 0.1812, 0.1532)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(30.9631, 0.1942, 0.1921)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	3C99FF
RGB	60, 153, 255
RGB Percent	24%, 60%, 100%
CMY	0.7647, 0.4000, 0.0001
CMYK	0.76, 0.40, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	211°, 100%, 62%
HSV	211°, 76%, 100%
XYZ	31.3016, 30.9631, 98.9175
YIQ	136.8210, -88.1700, 12.0060

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

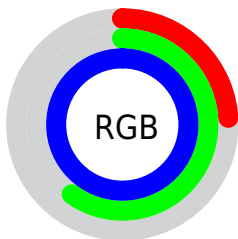
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	60, 123, 255
Decimal	3971583
CIE Lab	62.48, 7.03, -58.40
CIE LCh	62, 58.819, 276.860
Yxy	30.9631, 0.1942, 0.1921
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282161663 (0xFF3C99FF)
YUV	136.8210, 58.2622, -67.3720
Hunter-Lab	55.6445, 3.0334, -66.4469

# Details

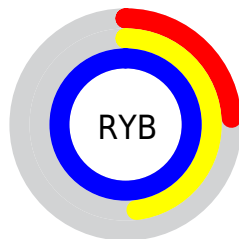
The Yxy color **30.9631, 0.1942, 0.1921** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **3399FF**. The color can be described as light washed azure. A complement of this color would be **47.4156, 0.4868, 0.4199**, and the grayscale version is **24.7474, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **56.8322, 0.2385, 0.2709**, and **13.7777, 0.1788, 0.1638** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **26.2275, 0.1840, 0.1720**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **36.5706, 0.2068, 0.2128**.

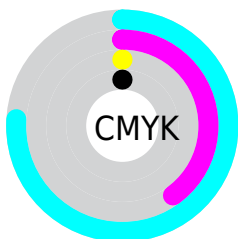
# Distribution



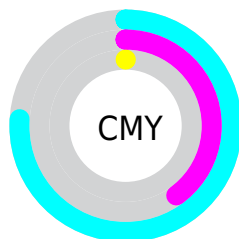
- Red (24%)
- Green (60%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (24%)
- Yellow (48%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (76%)
- Magenta (40%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (76%)
- Magenta (40%)
- Yellow (0%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 30.9631, 0.1942, 0.1921 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 30.9631, 0.1942, 0.1921 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 30.9631, 0.1942,  
0.1921

 30.9631, 0.1942,  
0.1921


306.3683, 0.2531,  
0.2588

 20.5708, 0.1804,  
0.1768


 61.1820, 0.2151,  
0.2154


 12.8106, 0.1633,  
0.1582


 81.7773, 0.2231,  
0.2245

 7.2983, 0.1421,  
0.1354


 106.5424, 0.2300,  
0.2323

 3.6493, 0.1156,  
0.1074

 135.8616, 0.2359,  
0.2390

 1.4794, 0.0829,  
0.0738

170.1195, 0.2411,  
0.2449

 0.2742, 0.0403,  
0.0256

209.7002, 0.2456,

 0.0000, 0.0000,

0.2501

0.0000

254.9884, 0.2496,  
0.2547

■ 30.9631, 0.1942,  
0.1921

■ 30.9631, 0.1942,  
0.1921

■ 26.2275, 0.1840,  
0.1720

■ 36.5706, 0.2068,  
0.2128

■ 22.2844, 0.1764,  
0.1532

■ 43.1108, 0.2212,  
0.2334

■ 21.0456, 0.1741,  
0.1468

■ 50.6406, 0.2369,  
0.2534

■ 59.2106, 0.2534,  
0.2723

■ 68.8670, 0.2702,  
0.2899

■ 79.6531, 0.2867,  
0.3060

■ 91.6092, 0.3027,  
0.3205

99.9988, 0.3127,  
0.3290

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



30.9631, 0.1617, 0.2103



30.9631, 0.1942, 0.1921



30.9631, 0.2588, 0.2022

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



30.9631, 0.1942, 0.1921



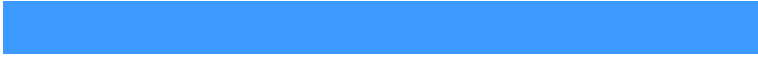
30.9631, 0.4939, 0.3515



30.9631, 0.2580, 0.4578

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



30.9631, 0.1942, 0.1921



47.4156, 0.4868, 0.4199

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



30.9631, 0.3441, 0.5038



30.9631, 0.1942, 0.1921



30.9631, 0.4840, 0.4176

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



30.9631, 0.1942, 0.1921



30.9631, 0.4429, 0.2890



30.9631, 0.4265, 0.4779

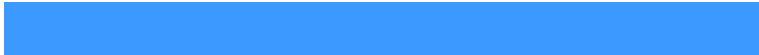


30.9631, 0.1919, 0.3564



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



30.9631, 0.1942, 0.1921



30.9631, 0.3180, 0.2226



30.9631, 0.4265, 0.4779



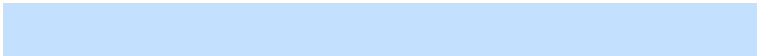
30.9631, 0.2857, 0.4819

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



30.9641, 0.1942, 0.1921



72.4893, 0.2759, 0.2957



75.0326, 0.2671, 0.4552



14.7112, 0.2699, 0.2897



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

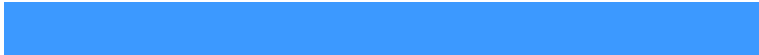


21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



30.9641, 0.1942, 0.1921



23.9576, 0.1795, 0.1614



11.5160, 0.1686, 0.0893



18.8072, 0.2979, 0.3162



11.2933, 0.1749, 0.1498



1.3167, 0.1808, 0.1709



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



26.7886, 0.4494, 0.2477



23.4488, 0.4902, 0.2516



92.4793, 0.4093, 0.4941



18.1314, 0.3219, 0.3177



11.8680, 0.5062, 0.2562

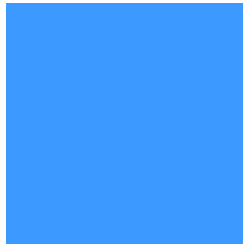


1.1775, 0.4795, 0.2415



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 30.9631, 0.1942, 0.1921 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

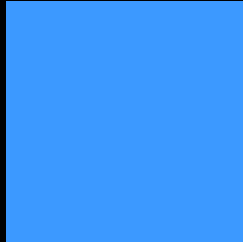
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 30.9631, 0.1942, 0.1921 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

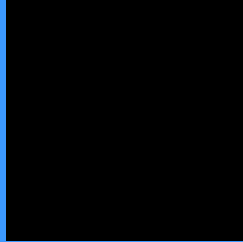
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

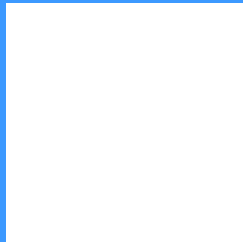
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 30.9631, 0.1942, 0.1921**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 30.9631, 0.1942, 0.1921.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 30.9631, 0.1942, 0.1921.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

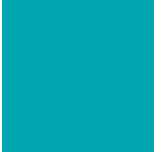
30.9631, 0.1942, 0.1921

### Protanopia

30.8951, 0.2128, 0.1950

### Deuteranopia

30.7697, 0.1973, 0.1905



## **Tritanopia**

30.8921, 0.2189, 0.3080

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

30.9631, 0.1942, 0.1921

## Protanomaly

30.6841, 0.2047, 0.1934

## Deuteranomaly

30.9054, 0.1961, 0.1914

## Tritanomaly

30.5162, 0.2066, 0.2572

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

30.9631, 0.1942, 0.1921

## Achromatopsia

25.0158, 0.3127, 0.3290

## Achromatomaly

26.1914, 0.2499, 0.2686

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 30.9631, 0.1942, 0.1921 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(60, 153, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(60, 153, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(60, 153, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(60, 153, 255) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 30.9631, 0.1942, 0.1921 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(60, 153, 255) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(60, 153, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(60, 153, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(60, 153, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(60, 153, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(60, 153,  
255) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 30.9631, 0.1942, 0.1921 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(60, 153, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(60, 153,  
255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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