

# Converting Colors

$Yxy(35.0565, 0.3509, 0.4180)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(35.0565, 0.3509, 0.4180)  
contains.

<b>Yxy(35.1275, 0.3509, 0.4181)</b> .....	3
<b>Conversions</b> .....	4
<b>Details</b> .....	6
<b>Harmonies</b> .....	12
<b>Previews</b> .....	24
<b>Color Blindness Simulation</b> .....	27
<b>CSS Examples</b> .....	30

# Color

**Yxy(35.1275, 0.3509, 0.4181)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	99A66C
RGB	153, 166, 108
RGB Percent	60%, 65%, 42%
CMY	0.3999, 0.3490, 0.5765
CMYK	0.08, 0.00, 0.35, 0.35
HSL	73°, 25%, 54%
HSV	73°, 35%, 65%
XYZ	29.4816, 35.1275, 19.4079
YIQ	155.5010, 10.8700, -20.7940

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

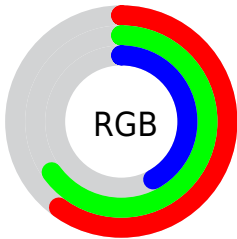
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">108, 166, 121</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">10069612</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">65.85, -14.33, 28.56</a>
CIElCh	<a href="#">66, 31.955, 116.648</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">35.1275, 0.3509, 0.4181</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4288259692 (0xFF99A66C)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">155.5010, -23.4180, -2.1934</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">59.2685, -14.9296, 22.0729</a>

# Details

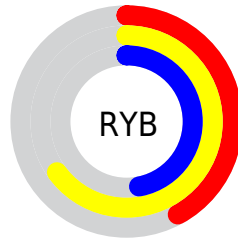
The Yxy color **35.1275, 0.3509, 0.4181** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **999966**. A complement of this color would be **17.5365, 0.2646, 0.2306**, and the grayscale version is **33.1157, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **67.6609, 0.3442, 0.4001**, and **15.1171, 0.3612, 0.4485** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **34.4528, 0.3607, 0.4440**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **35.8839, 0.3402, 0.3918**.

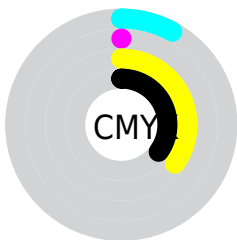
# Distribution



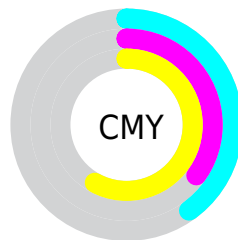
- Red (60%)
- Green (65%)
- Blue (42%)



- Red (42%)
- Yellow (65%)
- Blue (47%)



- Cyan (8%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (35%)
- Black (35%)




- Cyan (40%)
- Magenta (35%)
- Yellow (58%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 35.1275, 0.3509, 0.4181 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 35.1275, 0.3509, 0.4181 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 35.1275, 0.3509,  
0.4181


 35.1275, 0.3509,  
0.4181


325.1308, 0.3320,  
0.3704


 23.7611, 0.3553,  
0.4309


 67.6832, 0.3442,  
0.4001

 15.1565, 0.3607,  
0.4479


 89.6414, 0.3416,  
0.3935

 8.9293, 0.3671,  
0.4712


 115.8989, 0.3394,  
0.3880

 4.6951, 0.3742,  
0.5047

 146.8401, 0.3375,  
0.3834

 2.0695, 0.4057,  
0.5943

182.8496, 0.3359,  
0.3795

 0.6474, 0.2908,  
0.7092

224.3116, 0.3344,

 0.0000, 0.0000,

0.3760

0.0000

271.6105, 0.3332,  
0.3730

■ 35.1275, 0.3509,  
0.4181

■ 35.1275, 0.3509,  
0.4181

■ 34.4528, 0.3607,  
0.4440

■ 35.8839, 0.3402,  
0.3918

■ 33.8511, 0.3691,  
0.4684

■ 36.7209, 0.3292,  
0.3658

■ 33.3198, 0.3757,  
0.4902


■ 37.6434, 0.3181,  
0.3409


■ 32.8539, 0.3801,  
0.5085


■ 38.6547, 0.3073,  
0.3173

■ 32.4479, 0.3819,  
0.5226


■ 39.7577, 0.2970,  
0.2955

 32.0950, 0.3813,  
0.5321

 40.9553, 0.2872,  
0.2754

 31.9286, 0.3806,  
0.5360

 42.2502, 0.2781,  
0.2571

 43.6450, 0.2697,  
0.2405

 44.9879, 0.2634,  
0.2277

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



35.1275, 0.3909, 0.4048



35.1275, 0.3509, 0.4181



35.1275, 0.3025, 0.4030

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



35.1275, 0.3509, 0.4181



35.1275, 0.2236, 0.2742



35.1275, 0.3662, 0.2972

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



35.1275, 0.3509, 0.4181



17.5365, 0.2646, 0.2306

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



35.1275, 0.3170, 0.2680



35.1275, 0.3509, 0.4181



35.1275, 0.2373, 0.2537

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



35.1275, 0.3509, 0.4181



35.1275, 0.2311, 0.3132



35.1275, 0.2702, 0.2523



35.1275, 0.4015, 0.3344



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



35.1275, 0.3509, 0.4181



35.1275, 0.2722, 0.3777



35.1275, 0.2702, 0.2523



35.1275, 0.3505, 0.2863

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



35.1291, 0.3509, 0.4181



67.4227, 0.3239, 0.3538



22.7554, 0.3866, 0.3489



15.0377, 0.3254, 0.3572



84.8088, 0.3127, 0.3290



15.4872, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



35.1291, 0.3509, 0.4181



62.7828, 0.3587, 0.4384



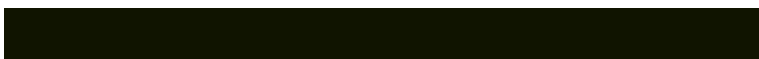
32.6714, 0.3228, 0.4267



8.6879, 0.3229, 0.3515



24.7802, 0.3809, 0.5357



0.6233, 0.3944, 0.5251



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



17.5365, 0.2646, 0.2306



25.9644, 0.2511, 0.2052



19.9168, 0.2971, 0.2392



7.3785, 0.3019, 0.3059



2.4598, 0.1632, 0.0673



0.0814, 0.1958, 0.0852



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 35.1275, 0.3509, 0.4181 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 35.1275, 0.3509, 0.4181 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

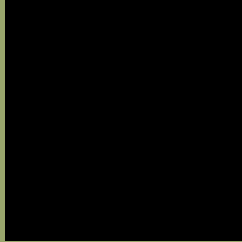
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 35.1275, 0.3509, 0.4181**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 35.1275, 0.3509, 0.4181.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 35.1275, 0.3509, 0.4181.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

35.1275, 0.3509, 0.4181

### Protanopia

35.0458, 0.3770, 0.4083

### Deuteranopia

35.0065, 0.3943, 0.3861



## Tritanopia

34.9711, 0.3041, 0.3103

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

35.1275, 0.3509, 0.4181

**Protanomaly**

34.9883, 0.3677, 0.4117

**Deuteranomaly**

34.9266, 0.3776, 0.3976

**Tritanomaly**

34.8970, 0.3214, 0.3485

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

35.1275, 0.3509, 0.4181

**Achromatopsia**

33.2452, 0.3127, 0.3290

**Achromatomaly**

33.9743, 0.3268, 0.3611

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to  $Yxy$  35.1275, 0.3509, 0.4181 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(153, 166, 108)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(153, 166, 108)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(153, 166, 108) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(153, 166, 108) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 35.1275, 0.3509, 0.4181 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

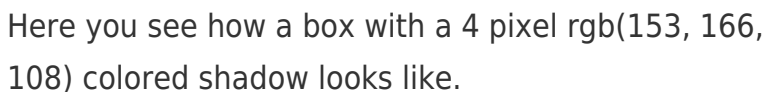
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(153, 166, 108) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(153, 166, 108) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(153, 166, 108)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(153, 166, 108); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(153, 166, 108); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(153, 166, 108) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 35.1275, 0.3509, 0.4181 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(153, 166, 108) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(153,  
166, 108) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor