

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(35.1497, 0.2950, 0.2348)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(35.1497, 0.2950, 0.2348)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(35.2353, 0.2953, 0.2357)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C28CD9
RGB	194, 140, 217
RGB Percent	76%, 55%, 85%
CMY	0.2393, 0.4509, 0.1491
CMYK	0.11, 0.35, 0.00, 0.15
HSL	282°, 50%, 70%
HSV	282°, 35%, 85%
XYZ	44.1450, 35.2353, 70.1118
YIQ	164.9240, 7.4670, 35.3950

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

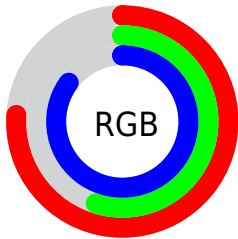
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	194, 140, 217
Decimal	12750041
CIELab	65.93, 34.06, -31.44
CIElCh	66, 46.357, 317.287
Yxy	35.2353, 0.2953, 0.2357
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290940121 (0xFFC28CD9)
YUV	164.9240, 25.6735, 25.4997
Hunter-Lab	59.3593, 28.8701, -28.4784

# Details

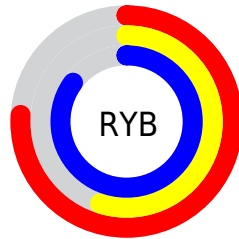
The Yxy color **35.2353, 0.2953, 0.2357** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC99FF**. A complement of this color would be **59.3032, 0.3239, 0.4301**, and the grayscale version is **37.4612, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **66.3128, 0.3125, 0.2687**, and **15.2424, 0.2880, 0.2117** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **28.6680, 0.2886, 0.2086**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **43.0933, 0.3012, 0.2631**.

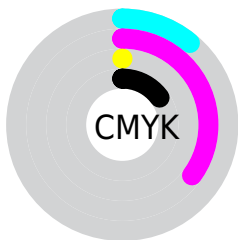
# Distribution



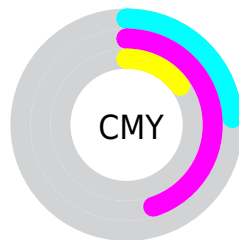
- Red (76%)
- Green (55%)
- Blue (85%)



- Red (76%)
- Yellow (55%)
- Blue (85%)



- Cyan (11%)
- Magenta (35%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (15%)




- Cyan (24%)
- Magenta (45%)
- Yellow (15%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 35.2353, 0.2953, 0.2357 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 35.2353, 0.2953, 0.2357 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 35.2353, 0.2953,  
0.2357


 35.2353, 0.2953,  
0.2357


325.6057, 0.3054,  
0.2808

 23.8442, 0.2924,  
0.2250


 67.8501, 0.2993,  
0.2517

 15.2181, 0.2884,  
0.2117


 89.8426, 0.3007,  
0.2578

 8.9726, 0.2828,  
0.1946


 116.1377, 0.3018,  
0.2630

 4.7233, 0.2745,  
0.1720

147.1198, 0.3028,  
0.2676

 2.0858, 0.2611,  
0.1415

183.1732, 0.3036,  
0.2715

 0.6566, 0.2380,  
0.0966

224.6824, 0.3043,

 0.0000, 0.1740,

0.2750

0.0000

272.0318, 0.3049,  
0.2781

0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

35.2353, 0.2953,  
0.2357

35.2353, 0.2953,  
0.2357

28.6680, 0.2886,  
0.2086

43.0933, 0.3012,  
0.2631

23.3128, 0.2812,  
0.1830

52.3059, 0.3063,  
0.2900

19.0889, 0.2733,  
0.1600


62.9379, 0.3107,  
0.3156

15.9040, 0.2652,  
0.1408

75.0487, 0.3143,  
0.3397

13.6506, 0.2570,  
0.1261


88.6941, 0.3172,  
0.3619


 12.1969, 0.2492,  
0.1162

 93.8357, 0.3208,  
0.3678

 11.6965, 0.2457,  
0.1127

 94.9470, 0.3250,  
0.3673

 96.0988, 0.3292,  
0.3668

 97.2915, 0.3334,  
0.3663

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



35.2353, 0.2352, 0.2206



35.2353, 0.2953, 0.2357



35.2353, 0.3681, 0.2698

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



35.2353, 0.2953, 0.2357



35.2353, 0.4354, 0.4206



35.2353, 0.2068, 0.3252

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



35.2353, 0.2953, 0.2357



59.3032, 0.3239, 0.4301

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



35.2353, 0.2521, 0.4001



35.2353, 0.2953, 0.2357



35.2353, 0.3841, 0.4554

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



35.2353, 0.2953, 0.2357



35.2353, 0.4541, 0.3699



35.2353, 0.3169, 0.4519



35.2353, 0.1891, 0.2631



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



35.2353, 0.2953, 0.2357



35.2353, 0.4120, 0.3002



35.2353, 0.3169, 0.4519



35.2353, 0.2190, 0.3501

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



35.2368, 0.2953, 0.2357



81.8350, 0.3083, 0.3014



36.8189, 0.2530, 0.2555



17.0754, 0.3077, 0.2978



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



35.2368, 0.2953, 0.2357



43.1426, 0.2900, 0.2142



37.7561, 0.3313, 0.2573



13.0693, 0.3090, 0.3056



7.1385, 0.2468, 0.1133



0.5064, 0.2593, 0.1202



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



36.1563, 0.3716, 0.3012



44.8374, 0.3912, 0.2950



57.5772, 0.2985, 0.4134



13.1153, 0.3245, 0.3220



9.1764, 0.5755, 0.2944

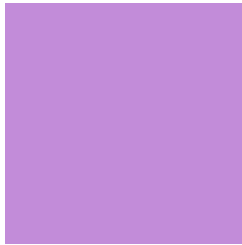


0.6095, 0.5287, 0.2686



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 35.2353, 0.2953, 0.2357 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

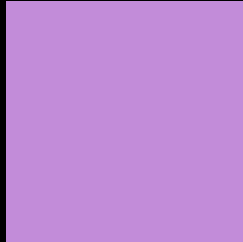
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 35.2353, 0.2953, 0.2357 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

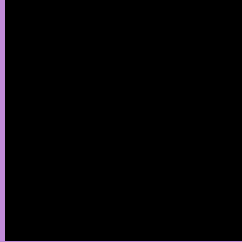
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 35.2353, 0.2953, 0.2357**

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 35.2353, 0.2953, 0.2357.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 35.2353, 0.2953, 0.2357.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

35.2353, 0.2953, 0.2357

### Protanopia

35.5416, 0.2416, 0.2323

### Deuteranopia

35.4609, 0.2598, 0.2540



## Tritanopia

35.2167, 0.3369, 0.3128

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

35.2353, 0.2953, 0.2357

**Protanomaly**

34.8933, 0.2586, 0.2320

**Deuteranomaly**

34.8808, 0.2718, 0.2461

**Tritanomaly**

35.1052, 0.3209, 0.2819

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

35.2353, 0.2953, 0.2357

**Achromatopsia**

37.6262, 0.3127, 0.3290

**Achromatomaly**

36.4677, 0.3069, 0.2911

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 35.2353, 0.2953, 0.2357 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(194, 140, 217)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(194, 140, 217)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(194, 140, 217) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(194, 140, 217) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 35.2353, 0.2953, 0.2357 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(194, 140, 217) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(194, 140, 217) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(194, 140, 217)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(194, 140, 217); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(194, 140, 217);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(194, 140,  
217) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 35.2353, 0.2953, 0.2357 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(194, 140, 217) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(194,  
140, 217) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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