

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(35.1851, 0.3599, 0.3215)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(35.1851, 0.3599, 0.3215)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(35.1731, 0.3605, 0.3212)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	C69399
RGB	198, 147, 153
RGB Percent	78%, 58%, 60%
CMY	0.2235, 0.4235, 0.3999
CMYK	0.00, 0.26, 0.23, 0.22
HSL	353°, 31%, 68%
HSV	353°, 26%, 78%
XYZ	39.4767, 35.1731, 34.8555
YIQ	162.9330, 28.4700, 12.6780

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

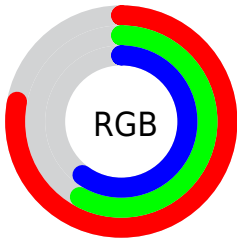
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	198, 147, 153
Decimal	13013913
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	65.88, 20.11, 4.36
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	66, 20.576, 12.242
Yxy	35.1731, 0.3605, 0.3212
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291203993 (0xFFC69399)
YUV	162.9330, -4.8970, 30.7538
Hunter-Lab	59.3069, 15.0284, 6.6692

# Details

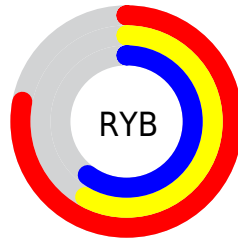
The Yxy color **35.1731, 0.3605, 0.3212** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9999**. A complement of this color would be **50.4031, 0.2791, 0.3371**, and the grayscale version is **36.6078, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **67.5383, 0.3509, 0.3230**, and **15.1647, 0.3760, 0.3184** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **29.0020, 0.3873, 0.3180**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **42.4918, 0.3387, 0.3244**.

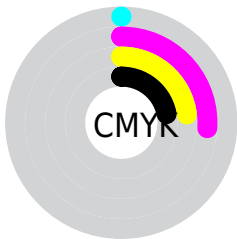
# Distribution



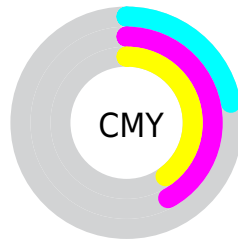
- Red (78%)
- Green (58%)
- Blue (60%)



- Red (78%)
- Yellow (58%)
- Blue (60%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (26%)
- Yellow (23%)
- Black (22%)




- Cyan (22%)
- Magenta (42%)
- Yellow (40%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 35.1731, 0.3605, 0.3212 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 35.1731, 0.3605, 0.3212 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 35.1731, 0.3605,  
0.3212


 35.1731, 0.3605,  
0.3212


325.3317, 0.3353,  
0.3256

 23.7962, 0.3672,  
0.3199


 67.7538, 0.3510,  
0.3229

 15.1825, 0.3761,  
0.3182


 89.7265, 0.3476,  
0.3235

 8.9476, 0.3885,  
0.3157


115.9999, 0.3447,  
0.3240

 4.7070, 0.4067,  
0.3117

146.9585, 0.3423,  
0.3244

 2.0764, 0.4363,  
0.3048

182.9865, 0.3402,  
0.3248

 0.6513, 0.5191,  
0.2967

224.4685, 0.3383,


 0.0000, 1.0000,


0.3251


0.0000

271.7887, 0.3367,  
0.3254


 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000


 35.1731, 0.3605,  
0.3212


 35.1731, 0.3605,  
0.3212


 29.0020, 0.3873,  
0.3180

 42.4918, 0.3387,  
0.3244


 23.9157, 0.4199,  
0.3151


 51.0072, 0.3212,  
0.3274

 19.8529, 0.4583,  
0.3129

 60.7712, 0.3071,  
0.3302

 16.7440, 0.5013,  
0.3119

 71.8313, 0.2957,  
0.3327

 14.5108, 0.5456,  
0.3127

 84.2327, 0.2865,  
0.3350

■ 13.0627, 0.5860,  
0.3157

■ 90.7479, 0.2794,  
0.3289

■ 12.2877, 0.6165,  
0.3206

■ 12.0713, 0.6262,  
0.3223

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



35.1731, 0.3328, 0.2978



35.1731, 0.3605, 0.3212



35.1731, 0.3749, 0.3475

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



35.1731, 0.3605, 0.3212



35.1731, 0.3223, 0.3823



35.1731, 0.2567, 0.2850

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



35.1731, 0.3605, 0.3212



50.4031, 0.2791, 0.3371

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



35.1731, 0.2543, 0.3054



35.1731, 0.3605, 0.3212



35.1731, 0.2911, 0.3635

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



35.1731, 0.3605, 0.3212



35.1731, 0.3519, 0.3843



35.1731, 0.2666, 0.3344



35.1731, 0.2732, 0.2770



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



35.1731, 0.3605, 0.3212



35.1731, 0.3746, 0.3637



35.1731, 0.2666, 0.3344



35.1731, 0.2543, 0.2905

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



35.1747, 0.3605, 0.3212



86.5629, 0.3250, 0.3267



36.0481, 0.3092, 0.2643



18.0220, 0.3276, 0.3262



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



35.1747, 0.3605, 0.3212



55.8061, 0.3751, 0.3194



41.2789, 0.3609, 0.3535



10.6570, 0.3271, 0.3263



7.8557, 0.6241, 0.3211



0.3789, 0.5808, 0.2973



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



35.1747, 0.3605, 0.3212



55.8061, 0.3751, 0.3194



42.6445, 0.2730, 0.3031



10.6570, 0.3271, 0.3263



7.8557, 0.6241, 0.3211

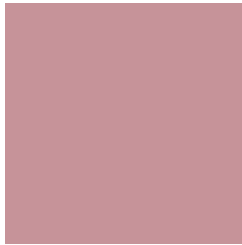


0.3789, 0.5808, 0.2973



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 35.1731, 0.3605, 0.3212 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

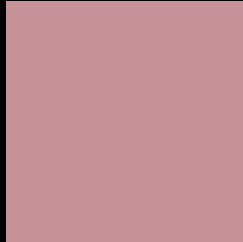
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 35.1731, 0.3605, 0.3212 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

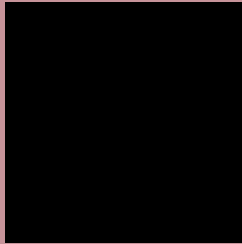
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 35.1731, 0.3605, 0.3212**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 35.1731, 0.3605, 0.3212.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 35.1731, 0.3605, 0.3212.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

35.1731, 0.3605, 0.3212

### Protanopia

35.4662, 0.3156, 0.3290

### Deuteranopia

35.2934, 0.3398, 0.3333



## Tritanopia

35.1685, 0.3565, 0.3134

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

35.1731, 0.3605, 0.3212

## Protanomaly

35.1071, 0.3319, 0.3262

## Deuteranomaly

35.1626, 0.3477, 0.3291

## Tritanomaly

35.1002, 0.3587, 0.3160

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

35.1731, 0.3605, 0.3212

## Achromatopsia

36.6253, 0.3127, 0.3290

## Achromatomaly

35.8473, 0.3296, 0.3262

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 35.1731, 0.3605, 0.3212 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(198, 147, 153)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(198, 147, 153)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(198, 147, 153) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(198, 147, 153) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 35.1731, 0.3605, 0.3212 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(198, 147, 153) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(198, 147, 153) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(198, 147, 153)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(198, 147, 153); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(198, 147, 153);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(198, 147,  
153) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 35.1731, 0.3605, 0.3212 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(198, 147, 153) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(198,  
147, 153) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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