

# Converting Colors

$Yxy(35.3652, 0.3037, 0.3875)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(35.3652, 0.3037, 0.3875)  
contains.

<b>Yxy(35.4643, 0.3039, 0.3872)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	27
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	30

# Color

**Yxy(35.4643, 0.3039, 0.3872)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	80AB87
RGB	128, 171, 135
RGB Percent	50%, 67%, 53%
CMY	0.4981, 0.3294, 0.4707
CMYK	0.25, 0.00, 0.21, 0.33
HSL	130°, 20%, 59%
HSV	130°, 25%, 67%
XYZ	27.8347, 35.4643, 28.2927
YIQ	154.0390, -14.0720, -20.3120

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

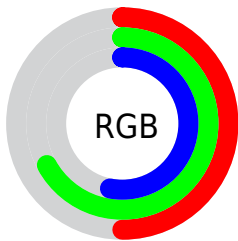
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	128, 165, 171
Decimal	8432519
CIELab	66.11, -21.88, 13.94
CIELCh	66, 25.944, 147.494
Yxy	35.4643, 0.3039, 0.3872
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286622599 (0xFF80AB87)
YUV	154.0390, -9.3862, -22.8362
Hunter-Lab	59.5519, -20.7845, 13.5181

# Details

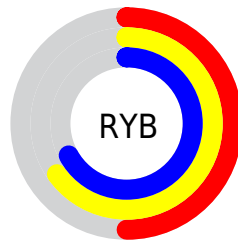
The Yxy color **35.4643, 0.3039, 0.3872** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **669966**. A complement of this color would be **26.7727, 0.3230, 0.2770**, and the grayscale version is **32.3779, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **68.5141, 0.3064, 0.3760**, and **15.4692, 0.3008, 0.4089** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **33.8733, 0.3006, 0.4149**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **37.3360, 0.3074, 0.3620**.

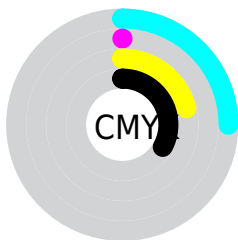
# Distribution



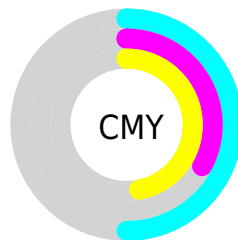
- Red (50%)
- Green (67%)
- Blue (53%)



- Red (50%)
- Yellow (65%)
- Blue (67%)



- Cyan (25%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (21%)
- Black (33%)




- Cyan (50%)
- Magenta (33%)
- Yellow (47%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 35.4643, 0.3039, 0.3872 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 35.4643, 0.3039, 0.3872 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 35.4643, 0.3039,  
0.3872


 35.4643, 0.3039,  
0.3872


326.6130, 0.3091,  
0.3557

 24.0207, 0.3023,  
0.3959


 68.2044, 0.3060,  
0.3751

 15.3490, 0.3001,  
0.4078


 90.2698, 0.3067,  
0.3708

 9.0647, 0.2967,  
0.4246


 116.6445, 0.3073,  
0.3672

 4.7834, 0.2911,  
0.4503

147.7131, 0.3078,  
0.3642

 2.1207, 0.2804,  
0.4943

183.8598, 0.3082,  
0.3616

 0.6763, 0.1384,  
0.8616


225.4691, 0.3085,

 0.0000, 0.0000,


0.3594


0.0000

272.9254, 0.3088,  
0.3574


 35.4643, 0.3039,  
0.3872


 35.4643, 0.3039,  
0.3872


 33.8733, 0.3006,  
0.4149


 37.3360, 0.3074,  
0.3620


 32.5452, 0.2976,  
0.4447


 39.4964, 0.3109,  
0.3395


 31.4670, 0.2952,  
0.4755


 41.9586, 0.3144,  
0.3198

 30.6228, 0.2936,  
0.5060


 44.7338, 0.3176,  
0.3025


 29.9950, 0.2930,  
0.5344

 47.8323, 0.3207,  
0.2875


 29.5632, 0.2936,  
0.5589


 51.2641, 0.3236,  
0.2745

 29.3027, 0.2952,  
0.5779

 55.0389, 0.3262,  
0.2633

 29.2124, 0.2958,  
0.5850

 57.2619, 0.3208,  
0.2517

 57.6094, 0.3166,  
0.2469

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



35.4643, 0.3433, 0.4005



35.4643, 0.3039, 0.3872



35.4643, 0.2683, 0.3547

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



35.4643, 0.3039, 0.3872



35.4643, 0.2514, 0.2671



35.4643, 0.3849, 0.3352

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



35.4643, 0.3039, 0.3872



26.7727, 0.3230, 0.2770

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



35.4643, 0.3571, 0.3039



35.4643, 0.3039, 0.3872



35.4643, 0.2792, 0.2659

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



35.4643, 0.3039, 0.3872



35.4643, 0.2395, 0.2842



35.4643, 0.3177, 0.2792



35.4643, 0.3916, 0.3669



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



35.4643, 0.3039, 0.3872



35.4643, 0.2513, 0.3286



35.4643, 0.3177, 0.2792



35.4643, 0.3776, 0.3244

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



35.4658, 0.3039, 0.3872



69.5192, 0.3099, 0.3459



38.6391, 0.3436, 0.3918



15.3735, 0.3094, 0.3492



86.8899, 0.3127, 0.3290



16.2647, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



35.4658, 0.3039, 0.3872



61.9185, 0.3021, 0.4018



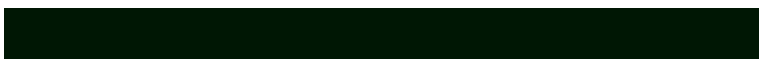
36.1156, 0.2876, 0.3526



8.9598, 0.3095, 0.3485



22.0246, 0.2955, 0.5838



0.6190, 0.2823, 0.5362



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



26.7727, 0.3230, 0.2770



43.7511, 0.3257, 0.2658



26.0765, 0.3466, 0.3067



8.1254, 0.3161, 0.3102



8.0323, 0.3661, 0.1790



0.2293, 0.3503, 0.1704



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 35.4643, 0.3039, 0.3872 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 35.4643, 0.3039, 0.3872 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

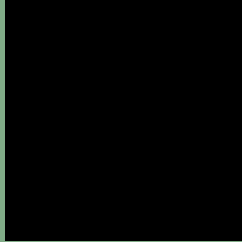
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 35.4643, 0.3039, 0.3872**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 35.4643, 0.3039, 0.3872.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 35.4643, 0.3039, 0.3872.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

35.4643, 0.3039, 0.3872

### Protanopia

35.2994, 0.3505, 0.3729

### Deuteranopia

35.0426, 0.3571, 0.3501



## Tritanopia

35.3589, 0.2769, 0.3094

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

35.4643, 0.3039, 0.3872

## Protanomaly

35.1854, 0.3324, 0.3778

## Deuteranomaly

34.7631, 0.3358, 0.3618

## Tritanomaly

35.2326, 0.2868, 0.3367

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

35.4643, 0.3039, 0.3872

## Achromatopsia

32.3143, 0.3127, 0.3290

## Achromatomaly

33.2679, 0.3099, 0.3493

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 35.4643, 0.3039, 0.3872 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(128, 171, 135)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(128, 171, 135)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(128, 171, 135) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(128, 171, 135) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 35.4643, 0.3039, 0.3872 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(128, 171, 135) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(128, 171, 135) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(128, 171, 135)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(128, 171, 135); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(128, 171, 135);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(128, 171,  
135) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 35.4643, 0.3039, 0.3872 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(128, 171, 135) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(128,  
171, 135) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor