

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(35.5293, 0.3127, 0.3290)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(35.5293, 0.3127, 0.3290)
contains.

Yxy(35.6400, 0.3127, 0.3290)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

Yxy(35.6400, 0.3127, 0.3290)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A1A1A1
RGB	161, 161, 161
RGB Percent	63%, 63%, 63%
CMY	0.3687, 0.3686, 0.3686
CMYK	0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.37
HSL	174°, 0%, 63%
HSV	174°, 0%, 63%
XYZ	33.8742, 35.6400, 38.8140
YIQ	161.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
RYB	161, 161, 161
Decimal	10592673
CIELab	66.24, -0.00, -0.01
CIElCh	66, 0.010, 259.964
Yxy	35.6400, 0.3127, 0.3290
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288782753 (0xFFA1A1A1)
YUV	161.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000
Hunter-Lab	59.6992, -3.1901, 3.2415

Details

The Yxy color **35.6400, 0.3127, 0.3290** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **35.6364, 0.3127, 0.3290**, and the grayscale version is **35.6407, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **68.6685, 0.3127, 0.3290**, and **15.5926, 0.3127, 0.3290** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **34.0207, 0.2990, 0.3313**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **37.4785, 0.3268, 0.3269**.

Distribution



Red (63%)

Green (63%)

Blue (63%)



Red (63%)

Yellow (63%)

Blue (63%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (37%)



Cyan (37%)


Magenta (37%)

Yellow (37%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the Yxy color 35.6400, 0.3127, 0.3290 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 35.6400, 0.3127, 0.3290 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 35.6400, 0.3127,
0.3290


 35.6400, 0.3127,
0.3290


327.3843, 0.3127,
0.3290

 24.1563, 0.3127,
0.3290


 68.4761, 0.3127,
0.3290

 15.4496, 0.3127,
0.3290


 90.5972, 0.3127,
0.3290

 9.1355, 0.3127,
0.3290


117.0329, 0.3127,
0.3290

 4.8297, 0.3127,
0.3290

148.1676, 0.3127,
0.3290

 2.1477, 0.3127,
0.3290

184.3857, 0.3127,
0.3290

 0.6912, 0.3126,
0.3289

226.0716, 0.3127,

 0.0000, 0.0000,

0.3290

0.0000

273.6097, 0.3127,
0.3290

■ 35.6400, 0.3127,
0.3290

■ 35.6400, 0.3127,
0.3290

■ 34.0207, 0.2990,
0.3313

■ 37.4785, 0.3268,
0.3269

■ 32.6078, 0.2860,
0.3339

■ 39.5392, 0.3411,
0.3250

■ 31.3941, 0.2739,
0.3366

■ 41.8311, 0.3554,
0.3233

■ 30.3703, 0.2631,
0.3396

■ 44.3611, 0.3694,
0.3219

■ 29.5265, 0.2537,
0.3426

■ 47.1361, 0.3831,
0.3206

■ 28.8516, 0.2460,
0.3458

■ 49.6672, 0.3941,
0.3194

■ 28.3335, 0.2401,
0.3490

■ 49.7266, 0.3925,
0.3178

■ 27.9584, 0.2361,
0.3523

■ 49.7866, 0.3910,
0.3161

■ 27.7101, 0.2339,
0.3556

■ 49.8474, 0.3894,
0.3145

Harmonies

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



35.6400, 0.3127, 0.3290



35.6400, 0.3128, 0.3290



35.6400, 0.3127, 0.3290

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



35.6400, 0.3127, 0.3290



35.6364, 0.3127, 0.3290

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



35.6400, 0.3127, 0.3290



35.6400, 0.3127, 0.3290



35.6400, 0.3128, 0.3290

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



35.6400, 0.3127, 0.3290



35.6400, 0.3127, 0.3290



35.6400, 0.3128, 0.3290



35.6400, 0.3127, 0.3290

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



35.6400, 0.3127, 0.3290



35.6400, 0.3127, 0.3290



35.6400, 0.3128, 0.3290



35.6400, 0.3127, 0.3290

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



35.6415, 0.3127, 0.3290



63.8283, 0.3127, 0.3290



35.6411, 0.3127, 0.3290



13.9985, 0.3127, 0.3290



80.7346, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



35.6415, 0.3127, 0.3290



63.8283, 0.3127, 0.3290



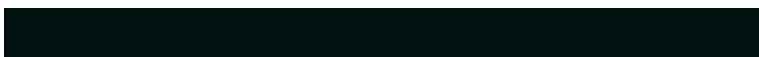
35.6390, 0.3127, 0.3290



8.3535, 0.3127, 0.3290



22.0051, 0.2329, 0.3585



0.4656, 0.2297, 0.3467

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



35.6364, 0.3127, 0.3290



63.8283, 0.3127, 0.3290



35.6390, 0.3127, 0.3290



8.3535, 0.3127, 0.3290



6.0834, 0.6263, 0.3224



0.1309, 0.5713, 0.2921

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 35.6400, 0.3127, 0.3290 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 35.6400, 0.3127, 0.3290 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

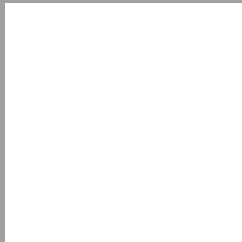
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 35.6400, 0.3127, 0.3290

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 35.6400, 0.3127, 0.3290.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 35.6400, 0.3127, 0.3290.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

35.6400, 0.3127, 0.3290

Protanopia

35.6073, 0.3157, 0.3276

Deuteranopia

35.6157, 0.3269, 0.3207



Tritanopia

35.5614, 0.3051, 0.3104

Trichromacy



Original Color

35.6400, 0.3127, 0.3290

Protanomaly

35.5014, 0.3147, 0.3276

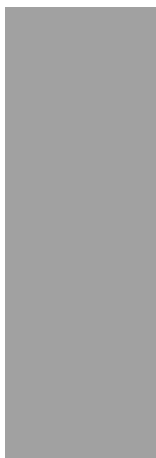
Deuteranomaly

35.7203, 0.3218, 0.3234

Tritanomaly

35.6501, 0.3076, 0.3175

Monochromacy



Original Color

35.6400, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatopsia

35.6400, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

35.6400, 0.3127, 0.3290

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 35.6400, 0.3127, 0.3290 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(161, 161, 161)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(161, 161, 161)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(161, 161, 161) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(161, 161, 161) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 35.6400, 0.3127, 0.3290 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(161, 161, 161) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(161, 161, 161) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(161, 161, 161)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(161, 161, 161); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(161, 161, 161);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(161, 161,  
161) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 35.6400, 0.3127, 0.3290 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(161, 161, 161) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(161,  
161, 161) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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