

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(35.6260, 0.3391, 0.3411)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(35.6260, 0.3391, 0.3411)  
contains.

<b>Yxy(35.5140, 0.3392, 0.3404)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	27
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	30

# Color

**Yxy(35.5140, 0.3392, 0.3404)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B09D95
RGB	176, 157, 149
RGB Percent	69%, 62%, 58%
CMY	0.3098, 0.3843, 0.4156
CMYK	0.00, 0.11, 0.15, 0.31
HSL	18°, 15%, 64%
HSV	18°, 15%, 69%
XYZ	35.3888, 35.5140, 33.4274
YIQ	161.7690, 13.8920, 1.5400

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

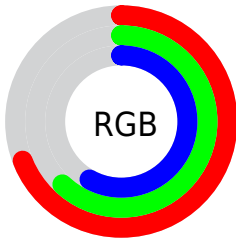
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	176, 160, 149
Decimal	11574677
CIE Lab	66.15, 5.62, 6.71
CIE LCh	66, 8.756, 50.046
Yxy	35.5140, 0.3392, 0.3404
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289764757 (0xFFB09D95)
YUV	161.7690, -6.2951, 12.4806
Hunter-Lab	59.5936, 1.7108, 8.4585

# Details

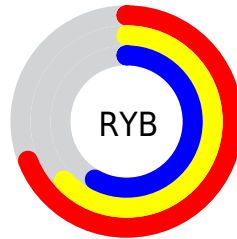
The Yxy color **35.5140, 0.3392, 0.3404** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **37.5394, 0.2894, 0.3173**, and the grayscale version is **36.0443, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **68.5546, 0.3341, 0.3388**, and **15.4009, 0.3478, 0.3450** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **31.0120, 0.3606, 0.3484**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **40.5296, 0.3212, 0.3328**.

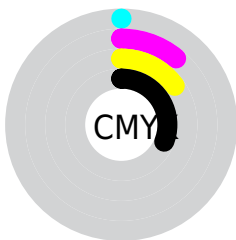
# Distribution



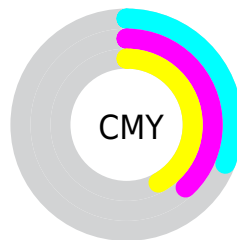
- Red (69%)
- Green (62%)
- Blue (58%)



- Red (69%)
- Yellow (63%)
- Blue (58%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (11%)
- Yellow (15%)
- Black (31%)




- Cyan (31%)
- Magenta (38%)
- Yellow (42%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 35.5140, 0.3392, 0.3404 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 35.5140, 0.3392, 0.3404 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 35.5140, 0.3392,  
0.3404


 35.5140, 0.3392,  
0.3404


326.8313, 0.3253,  
0.3346

 24.0591, 0.3429,  
0.3419


 68.2813, 0.3340,  
0.3383

 15.3775, 0.3478,  
0.3438


 90.3624, 0.3321,  
0.3375

 9.0847, 0.3546,  
0.3465


116.7544, 0.3305,  
0.3368

 4.7965, 0.3647,  
0.3502

147.8417, 0.3291,  
0.3362

 2.1284, 0.3811,  
0.3559

184.0086, 0.3280,  
0.3357

 0.6805, 0.4516,  
0.3919


225.6396, 0.3270,


 0.0000, 0.0000,


0.3353


0.0000


273.1190, 0.3261,  
0.3349

 35.5140, 0.3392,  
0.3404


 35.5140, 0.3392,  
0.3404


 31.0120, 0.3606,  
0.3484

 40.5296, 0.3212,  
0.3328


 27.0023, 0.3857,  
0.3565


 46.0696, 0.3060,  
0.3258


 23.4694, 0.4148,  
0.3643

 52.1507, 0.2931,  
0.3193

 20.3947, 0.4477,  
0.3711

 58.7871, 0.2823,  
0.3134

 17.7587, 0.4836,  
0.3759

 65.9926, 0.2731,  
0.3079

■ 15.5403, 0.5204,  
0.3776

■ 73.7806, 0.2652,  
0.3030

■ 13.7163, 0.5552,  
0.3752

■ 81.0047, 0.2667,  
0.3166

■ 12.2607, 0.5844,  
0.3682

■ 87.9715, 0.2681,  
0.3289

■ 11.6944, 0.5966,  
0.3645

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



35.5140, 0.3350, 0.3290



35.5140, 0.3392, 0.3404



35.5140, 0.3361, 0.3491

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



35.5140, 0.3392, 0.3404



35.5140, 0.3005, 0.3405



35.5140, 0.2986, 0.3063

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



35.5140, 0.3392, 0.3404



37.5394, 0.2894, 0.3173

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



35.5140, 0.2897, 0.3088



35.5140, 0.3392, 0.3404



35.5140, 0.2909, 0.3284

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



35.5140, 0.3392, 0.3404



35.5140, 0.3136, 0.3494



35.5140, 0.2870, 0.3168



35.5140, 0.3114, 0.3097



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



35.5140, 0.3392, 0.3404



35.5140, 0.3304, 0.3521



35.5140, 0.2870, 0.3168



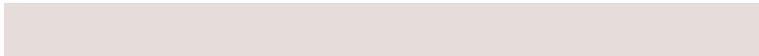
35.5140, 0.2951, 0.3065

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



35.5156, 0.3392, 0.3404



73.7387, 0.3207, 0.3327



33.5704, 0.3217, 0.3020



15.8385, 0.3219, 0.3332



89.0005, 0.3127, 0.3290



17.0645, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



35.5156, 0.3392, 0.3404



61.8794, 0.3452, 0.3427



40.2119, 0.3365, 0.3585



8.9015, 0.3280, 0.3358



8.6697, 0.5947, 0.3660



0.3769, 0.5390, 0.4102



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



37.5394, 0.2894, 0.3173



66.1695, 0.2849, 0.3148



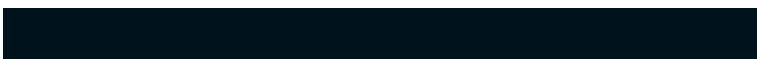
32.9220, 0.2887, 0.2977



9.1984, 0.2986, 0.3221



12.9684, 0.1975, 0.2311



0.5035, 0.2060, 0.2616



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 35.5140, 0.3392, 0.3404 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

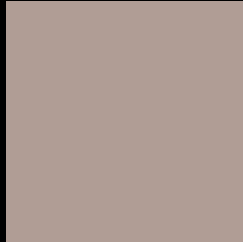
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 35.5140, 0.3392, 0.3404 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

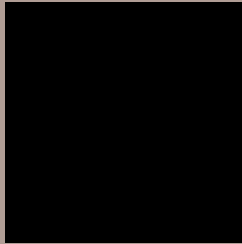
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 35.5140, 0.3392, 0.3404**

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 35.5140, 0.3392, 0.3404.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 35.5140, 0.3392, 0.3404.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

35.5140, 0.3392, 0.3404

### Protanopia

35.4830, 0.3267, 0.3421

### Deuteranopia

35.4364, 0.3448, 0.3375



## Tritanopia

35.3294, 0.3254, 0.3124

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

35.5140, 0.3392, 0.3404

## Protanomaly

35.5443, 0.3318, 0.3420

## Deuteranomaly

35.5306, 0.3425, 0.3389

## Tritanomaly

35.3279, 0.3300, 0.3221

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

35.5140, 0.3392, 0.3404

## Achromatopsia

36.1307, 0.3127, 0.3290

## Achromatomaly

35.7914, 0.3222, 0.3334

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 35.5140, 0.3392, 0.3404 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(176, 157, 149)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(176, 157, 149)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(176, 157, 149) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(176, 157, 149) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 35.5140, 0.3392, 0.3404 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(176, 157, 149) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(176, 157, 149) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(176, 157, 149)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(176, 157, 149); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(176, 157, 149);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(176, 157,  
149) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 35.5140, 0.3392, 0.3404 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(176, 157, 149) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(176,  
157, 149) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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