

# Converting Colors

$Yxy(36.0936, 0.3175, 0.3266)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(36.0936, 0.3175, 0.3266)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(35.9657, 0.3177, 0.3262)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	A7A0A2
RGB	167, 160, 162
RGB Percent	65%, 63%, 64%
CMY	0.3450, 0.3725, 0.3648
CMYK	0.00, 0.04, 0.03, 0.35
HSL	343°, 4%, 64%
HSV	343°, 4%, 65%
XYZ	35.0285, 35.9657, 39.2624
YIQ	162.3210, 3.5300, 2.1060

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

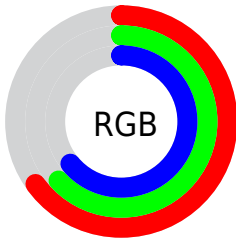
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">167, 160, 162</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">10985634</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">66.49, 2.90, -0.12</a>
CIElCh	<a href="#">66, 2.906, 357.570</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">35.9657, 0.3177, 0.3262</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4289175714</a> ( <a href="#">0xFFA7A0A2</a> )
YUV	<a href="#">162.3210, -0.1583, 4.1035</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">59.9714, -0.6904, 3.1637</a>

# Details

The Yxy color **35.9657, 0.3177, 0.3262** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **37.8354, 0.3080, 0.3318**, and the grayscale version is **36.2898, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **69.1402, 0.3165, 0.3268**, and **15.7079, 0.3196, 0.3270** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **30.1529, 0.3314, 0.3192**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **42.6005, 0.3065, 0.3327**.

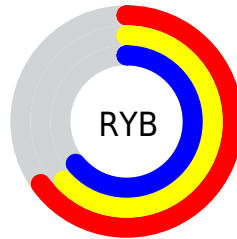
# Distribution



Red (65%)

Green (63%)

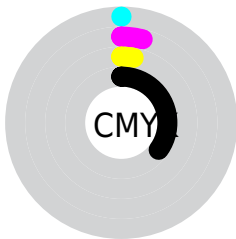
Blue (64%)



Red (65%)

Yellow (63%)

Blue (64%)

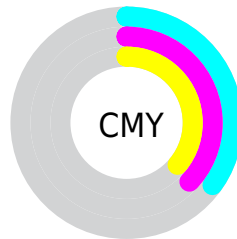


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (4%)

Yellow (3%)

Black (35%)



Cyan (35%)

Magenta (37%)

Yellow (36%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 35.9657, 0.3177, 0.3262 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 35.9657, 0.3177, 0.3262 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 35.9657, 0.3177,  
0.3262

■ 35.9657, 0.3177,  
0.3262

■ 328.8106, 0.3151,  
0.3277

■ 24.4077, 0.3184,  
0.3258

■ 68.9791, 0.3167,  
0.3268

■ 15.6363, 0.3193,  
0.3253

■ 91.2033, 0.3164,  
0.3270

■ 9.2672, 0.3205,  
0.3246

■ 117.7518, 0.3161,  
0.3271

■ 4.9159, 0.3224,  
0.3235

■ 149.0088, 0.3158,  
0.3273

■ 2.1980, 0.3254,  
0.3219

■ 185.3588, 0.3156,  
0.3274

■ 0.7189, 0.3330,  
0.3175

■ 227.1861, 0.3154,

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,


0.3275


0.0000


274.8753, 0.3153,  
0.3276


 35.9657, 0.3177,  
0.3262

 35.9657, 0.3177,  
0.3262


 30.1529, 0.3314,  
0.3192


 42.6005, 0.3065,  
0.3327


 25.1254, 0.3483,  
0.3118


 50.0826, 0.2973,  
0.3387


 20.8508, 0.3688,  
0.3043

 58.4424, 0.2898,  
0.3442

 17.2925, 0.3935,  
0.2971

 67.7072, 0.2837,  
0.3492

 14.4109, 0.4226,  
0.2907

 77.9029, 0.2785,  
0.3538

■ 12.1625, 0.4560,  
0.2861

■ 85.6840, 0.2737,  
0.3523

■ 10.4988, 0.4924,  
0.2844

■ 86.3992, 0.2679,  
0.3387

■ 9.3641, 0.5293,  
0.2866

■ 86.9571, 0.2638,  
0.3289

■ 8.6915, 0.5633,  
0.2931

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



35.9657, 0.3135, 0.3231



35.9657, 0.3177, 0.3262



35.9657, 0.3206, 0.3301

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



35.9657, 0.3177, 0.3262



35.9657, 0.3164, 0.3366



35.9657, 0.3041, 0.3242

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



35.9657, 0.3177, 0.3262



37.8354, 0.3080, 0.3318

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



35.9657, 0.3049, 0.3279



35.9657, 0.3177, 0.3262



35.9657, 0.3119, 0.3351

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



35.9657, 0.3177, 0.3262



35.9657, 0.3198, 0.3361



35.9657, 0.3078, 0.3319



35.9657, 0.3057, 0.3219



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



35.9657, 0.3177, 0.3262



35.9657, 0.3214, 0.3326



35.9657, 0.3078, 0.3319



35.9657, 0.3041, 0.3253

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



35.9673, 0.3177, 0.3262



68.0180, 0.3139, 0.3283



35.9356, 0.3113, 0.3190



15.2360, 0.3138, 0.3284



84.8088, 0.3127, 0.3290



15.4872, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



35.9673, 0.3177, 0.3262



63.4148, 0.3188, 0.3256



36.4280, 0.3193, 0.3312



8.0851, 0.3194, 0.3253



6.4496, 0.5789, 0.2963



0.1655, 0.4880, 0.2462



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



35.9673, 0.3177, 0.3262



63.4148, 0.3188, 0.3256



37.3540, 0.3064, 0.3268



8.0851, 0.3194, 0.3253



6.4496, 0.5789, 0.2963



0.1655, 0.4880, 0.2462



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 35.9657, 0.3177, 0.3262 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 35.9657, 0.3177, 0.3262 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

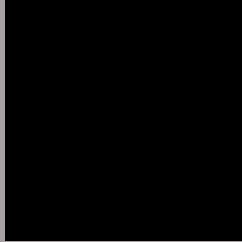
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

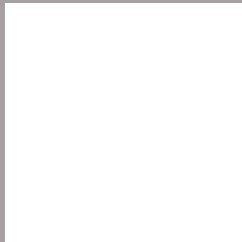
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 35.9657, 0.3177, 0.3262**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 35.9657, 0.3177, 0.3262.

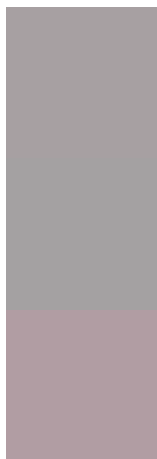


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 35.9657, 0.3177, 0.3262.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

35.9657, 0.3177, 0.3262

### Protanopia

35.9909, 0.3147, 0.3276

### Deuteranopia

36.1054, 0.3269, 0.3207



## Tritanopia

36.0614, 0.3107, 0.3121

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

35.9657, 0.3177, 0.3262

## Protanomaly

36.0977, 0.3156, 0.3276

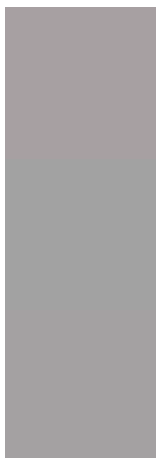
## Deuteranomaly

35.9823, 0.3228, 0.3220

## Tritanomaly

35.9483, 0.3133, 0.3163

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

35.9657, 0.3177, 0.3262

## Achromatopsia

36.1307, 0.3127, 0.3290

## Achromatomaly

35.9909, 0.3147, 0.3276

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 35.9657, 0.3177, 0.3262 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(167, 160, 162)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(167, 160, 162)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(167, 160, 162) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(167, 160, 162) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 35.9657, 0.3177, 0.3262 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(167, 160, 162) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(167, 160, 162) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(167, 160, 162)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(167, 160, 162); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(167, 160, 162); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(167, 160, 162) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 35.9657, 0.3177, 0.3262 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(167, 160, 162) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(167,  
160, 162) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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