

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(36.1076, 0.4008, 0.3096)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(36.1076, 0.4008, 0.3096)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(36.1076, 0.4008, 0.3096)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	E68697
RGB	230, 134, 151
RGB Percent	90%, 53%, 59%
CMY	0.0980, 0.4745, 0.4079
CMYK	0.00, 0.42, 0.34, 0.10
HSL	349°, 66%, 71%
HSV	349°, 42%, 90%
XYZ	46.7439, 36.1076, 33.7751
YIQ	164.6420, 51.7590, 25.6390

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

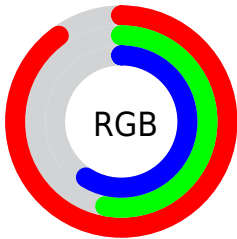
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	230, 134, 151
Decimal	15107735
CIE Lab	66.60, 38.63, 7.03
CIE LCh	67, 39.260, 10.316
Yxy	36.1076, 0.4008, 0.3096
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293297815 (0xFFE68697)
YUV	164.6420, -6.7255, 57.3190
Hunter-Lab	60.0896, 33.6991, 8.7371

# Details

The Yxy color **36.1076, 0.4008, 0.3096** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF9999**. A complement of this color would be **66.4708, 0.2642, 0.3503**, and the grayscale version is **37.4614, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **62.0630, 0.3549, 0.3126**, and **15.7253, 0.4297, 0.3026** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **29.8611, 0.4348, 0.3056**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **43.8390, 0.3724, 0.3143**.

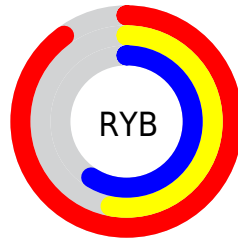
# Distribution



Red (90%)

Green (53%)

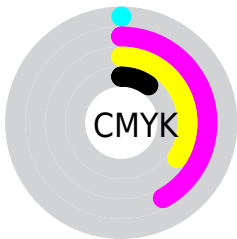
Blue (59%)



Red (90%)

Yellow (53%)

Blue (59%)

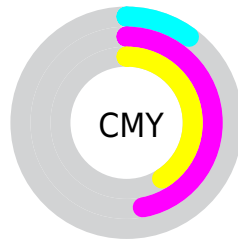


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (42%)

Yellow (34%)

Black (10%)



Cyan (10%)

Magenta (47%)


Yellow (41%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 36.1076, 0.4008, 0.3096 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 36.1076, 0.4008, 0.3096 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 36.1076, 0.4008,  
0.3096


 36.1076, 0.4008,  
0.3096


329.4306, 0.3546,  
0.3205

 24.5173, 0.4130,  
0.3065

 69.1981, 0.3835,  
0.3139

 15.7178, 0.4290,  
0.3022


 91.4671, 0.3772,  
0.3154

 9.3247, 0.4510,  
0.2960


 118.0645, 0.3719,  
0.3166

 4.9536, 0.4828,  
0.2865

149.3746, 0.3674,  
0.3177

 2.2200, 0.5325,  
0.2704

185.7819, 0.3635,  
0.3186

 0.7309, 0.6491,  
0.2478


227.6707, 0.3602,


 0.0000, 1.0000,


0.3193


0.0000


275.4255, 0.3572,  
0.3200


 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000


 36.1076, 0.4008,  
0.3096


 36.1076, 0.4008,  
0.3096

 29.8611, 0.4348,  
0.3056


 43.8390, 0.3724,  
0.3143


 24.9989, 0.4739,  
0.3029


 53.1366, 0.3491,  
0.3191


 21.4163, 0.5162,  
0.3025

 64.0825, 0.3302,  
0.3238

 18.9914, 0.5579,  
0.3050

 76.7512, 0.3150,  
0.3283

 17.5783, 0.5937,  
0.3107

 91.2126, 0.3028,  
0.3324

■ 16.9816, 0.6160,  
0.3167

■ 95.5638, 0.2976,  
0.3290

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



36.1076, 0.3455, 0.2703



36.1076, 0.4008, 0.3096



36.1076, 0.4302, 0.3553

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



36.1076, 0.4008, 0.3096



36.1076, 0.3313, 0.4352



36.1076, 0.2108, 0.2485

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



36.1076, 0.4008, 0.3096



66.4708, 0.2642, 0.3503

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



36.1076, 0.2080, 0.2847



36.1076, 0.4008, 0.3096



36.1076, 0.2740, 0.4005

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



36.1076, 0.4008, 0.3096



36.1076, 0.3864, 0.4316



36.1076, 0.2297, 0.3411



36.1076, 0.2375, 0.2356



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



36.1076, 0.4008, 0.3096



36.1076, 0.4298, 0.3855



36.1076, 0.2297, 0.3411



36.1076, 0.2072, 0.2580

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



36.1094, 0.4008, 0.3096



79.0083, 0.3325, 0.3232



36.8226, 0.3012, 0.2215



16.2280, 0.3365, 0.3222



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



36.1094, 0.4008, 0.3096



38.7716, 0.4295, 0.3061



45.2416, 0.4050, 0.3644



14.4094, 0.3265, 0.3249



9.6261, 0.6128, 0.3150



0.7236, 0.5745, 0.2939



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



36.1094, 0.4008, 0.3096



38.7716, 0.4295, 0.3061



51.9082, 0.2494, 0.2898



14.4094, 0.3265, 0.3249



9.6261, 0.6128, 0.3150



0.7236, 0.5745, 0.2939



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 36.1076, 0.4008, 0.3096 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 36.1076, 0.4008, 0.3096 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

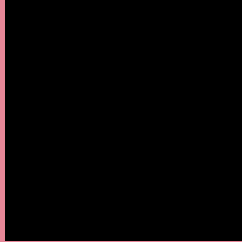
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 36.1076, 0.4008, 0.3096**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 36.1076, 0.4008, 0.3096.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 36.1076, 0.4008, 0.3096.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

36.1076, 0.4008, 0.3096

### Protanopia

36.4863, 0.3111, 0.3233

### Deuteranopia

36.4109, 0.3493, 0.3429



## Tritanopia

36.0303, 0.4063, 0.3176

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

36.1076, 0.4008, 0.3096

## Protanomaly

35.7210, 0.3407, 0.3169

## Deuteranomaly

36.0505, 0.3683, 0.3305

## Tritanomaly

36.0925, 0.4040, 0.3153

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

36.1076, 0.4008, 0.3096

## Achromatopsia

37.6262, 0.3127, 0.3290

## Achromatomaly

36.4681, 0.3423, 0.3210

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 36.1076, 0.4008, 0.3096 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(230, 134, 151)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(230, 134, 151)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(230, 134, 151) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(230, 134, 151) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 36.1076, 0.4008, 0.3096 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(230, 134, 151) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(230, 134, 151) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(230, 134, 151)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(230, 134, 151); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(230, 134, 151);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(230, 134,  
151) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 36.1076, 0.4008, 0.3096 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(230, 134, 151) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(230,  
134, 151) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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