

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(36.1710, 0.2718, 0.5223)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(36.1710, 0.2718, 0.5223)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(36.5910, 0.2778, 0.5201)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	00BC53
RGB	0, 188, 83
RGB Percent	0%, 74%, 33%
CMY	1.0000, 0.2627, 0.6745
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.56, 0.26
HSL	146°, 100%, 37%
HSV	146°, 100%, 74%
XYZ	19.5443, 36.5910, 14.2185
YIQ	119.8180, -78.3430, -72.5110

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

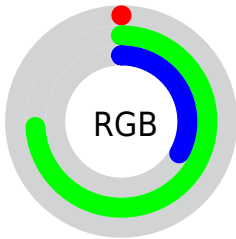
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	0, 130, 188
Decimal	48211
CIELab	66.97, -62.51, 41.58
CIELCh	67, 75.074, 146.366
Yxy	36.5910, 0.2778, 0.5201
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278238291 (0xFF00BC53)
YUV	119.8180, -18.1513, -105.0804
Hunter-Lab	60.4905, -48.1856, 28.4070

# Details

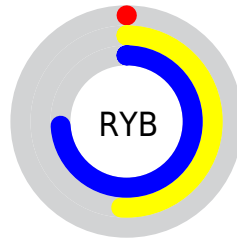
The Yxy color **36.5910, 0.2778, 0.5201** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **33CC66**. A complement of this color would be **11.7116, 0.4715, 0.2371**, and the grayscale version is **18.8002, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **70.2022, 0.2881, 0.4785**, and **16.8793, 0.2912, 0.5684** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **36.5929, 0.2778, 0.5201**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **36.9040, 0.2748, 0.5008**.

# Distribution



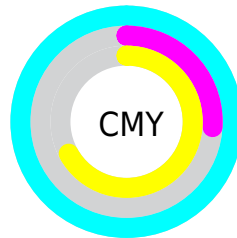
- Red (0%)
- Green (74%)
- Blue (33%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (51%)
- Blue (74%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (56%)
- Black (26%)




- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (26%)
- Yellow (67%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 36.5910, 0.2778, 0.5201 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 36.5910, 0.2778, 0.5201 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 36.5910, 0.2778,  
0.5201


 36.5910, 0.2778,  
0.5201


331.5364, 0.3014,  
0.4124

 24.8910, 0.2693,  
0.5508


 69.9433, 0.2882,  
0.4781


 15.9958, 0.2566,  
0.5920


 92.3644, 0.2915,  
0.4631

 9.5212, 0.2364,  
0.6494


 119.1279, 0.2941,  
0.4509

 5.0827, 0.2056,  
0.7440

 150.6183, 0.2962,  
0.4406

 2.2959, 0.1016,  
0.8984

 187.2199, 0.2979,  
0.4319

 0.7715, 0.0000,  
1.0000

229.3172, 0.2993,

 0.0000, 0.0000,

0.4245

0.0000

277.2946, 0.3004,  
0.4180

■ 36.5910, 0.2778,  
0.5201

■ 36.5910, 0.2778,  
0.5201

■ 36.5929, 0.2778,  
0.5201

■ 36.9040, 0.2748,  
0.5008

■ 37.3724, 0.2733,  
0.4802

■ 38.0471, 0.2736,  
0.4586

■ 38.9531, 0.2759,  
0.4368

■ 40.1116, 0.2797,  
0.4154

■ 41.5413, 0.2849,  
0.3951

■ 43.2592, 0.2911,  
0.3762

■ 45.2807, 0.2980,  
0.3588

■ 47.6202, 0.3053,  
0.3431

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



36.5910, 0.3788, 0.5346



36.5910, 0.2778, 0.5201



36.5910, 0.1914, 0.4076

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



36.5910, 0.2778, 0.5201



36.5910, 0.1584, 0.1735



36.5910, 0.5167, 0.3241

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



36.5910, 0.2778, 0.5201



11.7116, 0.4715, 0.2371

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



36.5910, 0.4331, 0.2575



36.5910, 0.2778, 0.5201



36.5910, 0.2178, 0.1754

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



36.5910, 0.2778, 0.5201



36.5910, 0.1342, 0.2046



36.5910, 0.3156, 0.2048



36.5910, 0.5254, 0.3974



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



36.5910, 0.2778, 0.5201



36.5910, 0.1546, 0.3194



36.5910, 0.3156, 0.2048



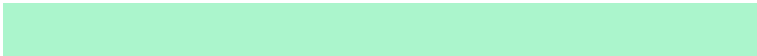
36.5910, 0.4962, 0.3010

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



36.5929, 0.2778, 0.5201



78.2317, 0.2908, 0.3770



39.0652, 0.3460, 0.5634



16.5294, 0.2881, 0.3849



95.5105, 0.3127, 0.3290



19.5994, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



36.5929, 0.2778, 0.5201



66.2685, 0.2786, 0.5230



39.0818, 0.2304, 0.3495



10.7177, 0.3058, 0.3421



24.9276, 0.2772, 0.5178



0.9896, 0.2639, 0.4701



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



11.7116, 0.4715, 0.2371



21.1743, 0.4745, 0.2388



10.7197, 0.6331, 0.3262



9.6232, 0.3203, 0.3163



7.9886, 0.4691, 0.2358



0.3259, 0.4244, 0.2112



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 36.5910, 0.2778, 0.5201 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 36.5910, 0.2778, 0.5201 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 36.5910, 0.2778, 0.5201**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 36.5910, 0.2778, 0.5201.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 36.5910, 0.2778, 0.5201.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

36.5910, 0.2778, 0.5201

### Protanopia

35.9324, 0.4068, 0.4459

### Deuteranopia

35.7542, 0.4179, 0.4092



## Tritanopia

36.6617, 0.2339, 0.3068

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

36.5910, 0.2778, 0.5201



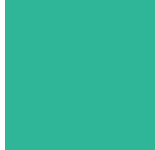
## Protanomaly

33.2533, 0.3337, 0.4851



## Deuteranomaly

32.3537, 0.3381, 0.4577



## Tritanomaly

35.9191, 0.2467, 0.3793

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

36.5910, 0.2778, 0.5201



## Achromatopsia

18.7821, 0.3127, 0.3290



## Achromatomaly

22.8488, 0.2809, 0.4073

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 36.5910, 0.2778, 0.5201 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 188, 83)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 188, 83)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 188, 83) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 188, 83) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 36.5910, 0.2778, 0.5201 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 188, 83) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 188, 83) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 188, 83)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 188, 83); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 188, 83);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 188, 83)  
}
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 36.5910, 0.2778, 0.5201 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 188, 83) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 188,  
83) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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