

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(36.2090, 0.3518, 0.3149)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(36.2090, 0.3518, 0.3149)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(36.3565, 0.3524, 0.3160)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	C696A0
RGB	198, 150, 160
RGB Percent	78%, 59%, 63%
CMY	0.2235, 0.4118, 0.3724
CMYK	0.00, 0.24, 0.19, 0.22
HSL	347°, 30%, 68%
HSV	347°, 24%, 78%
XYZ	40.5444, 36.3565, 38.1513
YIQ	165.4920, 25.3980, 13.2860

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

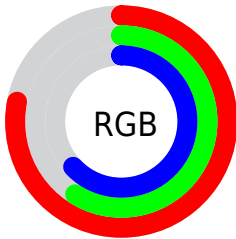
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">198, 150, 160</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">13014688</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">66.79, 19.53, 1.75</a>
CIElCh	<a href="#">67, 19.605, 5.109</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">36.3565, 0.3524, 0.3160</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4291204768</a> ( <a href="#">0xFFC696A0</a> )
YUV	<a href="#">165.4920, -2.7076, 28.5095</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">60.2964, 14.5081, 4.6929</a>

# Details

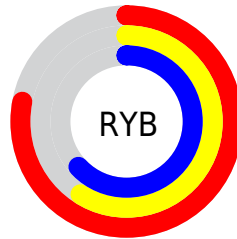
The Yxy color **36.3565, 0.3524, 0.3160** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9999**. A complement of this color would be **50.5073, 0.2838, 0.3425**, and the grayscale version is **37.8814, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **69.3520, 0.3442, 0.3179**, and **15.8674, 0.3639, 0.3113** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **30.0496, 0.3755, 0.3103**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **43.8036, 0.3336, 0.3216**.

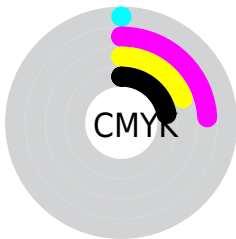
# Distribution



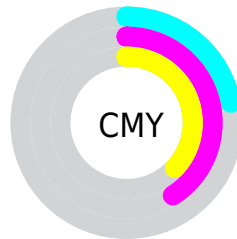
- Red (78%)
- Green (59%)
- Blue (63%)



- Red (78%)
- Yellow (59%)
- Blue (63%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (24%)
- Yellow (19%)
- Black (22%)




- Cyan (22%)
- Magenta (41%)
- Yellow (37%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 36.3565, 0.3524, 0.3160 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 36.3565, 0.3524, 0.3160 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 36.3565, 0.3524,  
0.3160


 36.3565, 0.3524,  
0.3160


330.5161, 0.3317,  
0.3229

 24.7097, 0.3579,  
0.3141


 69.5820, 0.3446,  
0.3186

 15.8609, 0.3651,  
0.3117


 91.9294, 0.3418,  
0.3195

 9.4258, 0.3751,  
0.3082


118.6124, 0.3394,  
0.3203

 5.0199, 0.3897,  
0.3031

150.0155, 0.3374,  
0.3210

 2.2590, 0.4131,  
0.2948

186.5230, 0.3357,  
0.3216

 0.7519, 0.4616,  
0.2795

228.5193, 0.3342,

 0.0000, 1.0000,

0.3221

0.0000

276.3889, 0.3328,  
0.3225

0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

36.3565, 0.3524,  
0.3160

36.3565, 0.3524,  
0.3160

30.0496, 0.3755,  
0.3103

43.8036, 0.3336,  
0.3216

24.8216, 0.4036,  
0.3049

52.4382, 0.3183,  
0.3269

20.6133, 0.4369,  
0.3004

62.3111, 0.3059,  
0.3318

17.3575, 0.4748,  
0.2974

73.4684, 0.2959,  
0.3363

14.9790, 0.5155,  
0.2971

85.9540, 0.2877,  
0.3404

■ 13.3912, 0.5554,  
0.3002

■ 90.6839, 0.2799,  
0.3299

■ 12.4893, 0.5897,  
0.3069

■ 90.7474, 0.2794,  
0.3289

■ 12.1701, 0.6061,  
0.3112

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



36.3565, 0.3246, 0.2951



36.3565, 0.3524, 0.3160



36.3565, 0.3695, 0.3407

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



36.3565, 0.3524, 0.3160



36.3565, 0.3289, 0.3810



36.3565, 0.2580, 0.2912

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



36.3565, 0.3524, 0.3160



50.5073, 0.2838, 0.3425

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



36.3565, 0.2591, 0.3129



36.3565, 0.3524, 0.3160



36.3565, 0.2991, 0.3668

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



36.3565, 0.3524, 0.3160



36.3565, 0.3552, 0.3792



36.3565, 0.2738, 0.3411



36.3565, 0.2706, 0.2806



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



36.3565, 0.3524, 0.3160



36.3565, 0.3720, 0.3567



36.3565, 0.2738, 0.3411



36.3565, 0.2568, 0.2973

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



36.3582, 0.3524, 0.3160



88.2590, 0.3223, 0.3254



36.5312, 0.3057, 0.2675



18.6854, 0.3232, 0.3251



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



36.3582, 0.3524, 0.3160



58.3365, 0.3638, 0.3131



40.6176, 0.3587, 0.3469



10.6726, 0.3257, 0.3242



7.9237, 0.6030, 0.3096



0.3860, 0.5442, 0.2772



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



36.3582, 0.3524, 0.3160



58.3365, 0.3638, 0.3131



45.0121, 0.2758, 0.3104



10.6726, 0.3257, 0.3242



7.9237, 0.6030, 0.3096

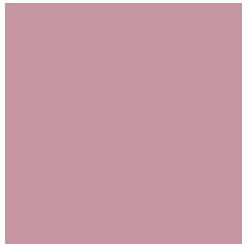


0.3860, 0.5442, 0.2772



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 36.3565, 0.3524, 0.3160 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

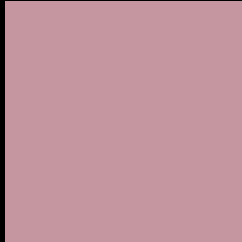
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 36.3565, 0.3524, 0.3160 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

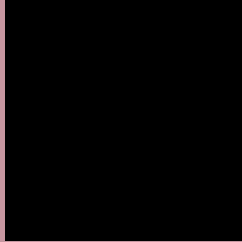
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 36.3565, 0.3524, 0.3160**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 36.3565, 0.3524, 0.3160.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 36.3565, 0.3524, 0.3160.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

36.3565, 0.3524, 0.3160

### Protanopia

36.5232, 0.3102, 0.3218

### Deuteranopia

36.3204, 0.3336, 0.3263



## Tritanopia

36.3917, 0.3514, 0.3147

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

36.3565, 0.3524, 0.3160

## Protanomaly

36.3642, 0.3248, 0.3207

## Deuteranomaly

36.1792, 0.3413, 0.3223

## Tritanomaly

36.3917, 0.3514, 0.3147

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

36.3565, 0.3524, 0.3160

## Achromatopsia

37.6262, 0.3127, 0.3290

## Achromatomaly

37.1331, 0.3265, 0.3249

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 36.3565, 0.3524, 0.3160 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(198, 150, 160)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(198, 150, 160)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(198, 150, 160) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(198, 150, 160) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 36.3565, 0.3524, 0.3160 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(198, 150, 160) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(198, 150, 160) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(198, 150, 160)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(198, 150, 160); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(198, 150, 160);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(198, 150,  
160) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 36.3565, 0.3524, 0.3160 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(198, 150, 160) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(198,  
150, 160) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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