

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(36.8331, 0.3813, 0.2870)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(36.8331, 0.3813, 0.2870)  
contains.

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# **Color**

**Yxy(36.8331, 0.3813, 0.2870)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E885AA
RGB	232, 133, 170
RGB Percent	91%, 52%, 67%
CMY	0.0900, 0.4785, 0.3333
CMYK	0.00, 0.43, 0.27, 0.09
HSL	338°, 68%, 72%
HSV	338°, 43%, 91%
XYZ	48.9354, 36.8331, 42.5698
YIQ	166.8190, 47.1270, 32.4950

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

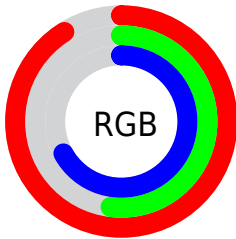
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	232, 133, 170
Decimal	15238570
CIE Lab	67.15, 42.33, -2.88
CIE LCh	67, 42.428, 356.109
Yxy	36.8331, 0.3813, 0.2870
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293428650 (0xFFE885AA)
YUV	166.8190, 1.5682, 57.1637
Hunter-Lab	60.6903, 37.7190, 0.8956

# Details

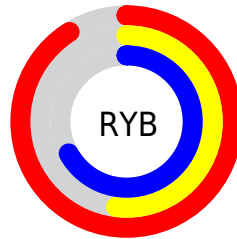
The Yxy color **36.8331, 0.3813, 0.2870** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF99CC**. A complement of this color would be **66.6662, 0.2734, 0.3766**, and the grayscale version is **38.5259, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **62.6627, 0.3387, 0.2915**, and **16.1915, 0.4020, 0.2750** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **30.6492, 0.4064, 0.2780**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **44.4846, 0.3600, 0.2970**.

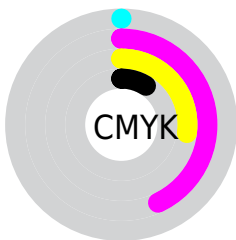
# Distribution



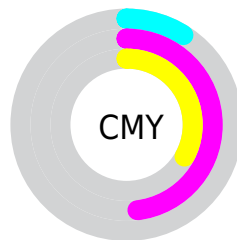
- Red (91%)
- Green (52%)
- Blue (67%)



- Red (91%)
- Yellow (52%)
- Blue (67%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (43%)
- Yellow (27%)
- Black (9%)




- Cyan (9%)
- Magenta (48%)
- Yellow (33%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 36.8331, 0.3813, 0.2870 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 36.8331, 0.3813, 0.2870 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 36.8331, 0.3813,  
0.2870


 36.8331, 0.3813,  
0.2870


332.5874, 0.3459,  
0.3084

 25.0783, 0.3905,  
0.2815


 70.3160, 0.3682,  
0.2949

 16.1354, 0.4024,  
0.2744


 92.8129, 0.3633,  
0.2978

 9.6200, 0.4187,  
0.2649


 119.6593, 0.3593,  
0.3003

 5.1478, 0.4420,  
0.2514

151.2396, 0.3558,  
0.3024

 2.3342, 0.4779,  
0.2308

187.9381, 0.3528,  
0.3042

 0.7917, 0.5401,  
0.1959

230.1393, 0.3502,

 0.0000, 1.0000,

0.3058

0.0000

278.2276, 0.3479,  
0.3072

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 36.8331, 0.3813,  
0.2870

■ 36.8331, 0.3813,  
0.2870

■ 30.6492, 0.4064,  
0.2780

■ 44.4846, 0.3600,  
0.2970

■ 25.8320, 0.4352,  
0.2711

■ 53.6852, 0.3422,  
0.3072

■ 22.2766, 0.4668,  
0.2674

■ 64.5166, 0.3276,  
0.3171

■ 19.8599, 0.4995,  
0.2683

■ 77.0533, 0.3156,  
0.3266

■ 18.4337, 0.5309,  
0.2744

■ 91.3650, 0.3058,  
0.3354

■ 17.8486, 0.5520,  
0.2814

■ 95.9042, 0.2988,  
0.3290

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



36.8331, 0.3163, 0.2512



36.8331, 0.3813, 0.2870



36.8331, 0.4285, 0.3330

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



36.8331, 0.3813, 0.2870



36.8331, 0.3613, 0.4463



36.8331, 0.1996, 0.2578

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



36.8331, 0.3813, 0.2870



66.6662, 0.2734, 0.3766

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



36.8331, 0.2087, 0.3076



36.8331, 0.3813, 0.2870



36.8331, 0.2990, 0.4290

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



36.8331, 0.3813, 0.2870



36.8331, 0.4135, 0.4247



36.8331, 0.2436, 0.3736



36.8331, 0.2161, 0.2329



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



36.8331, 0.3813, 0.2870



36.8331, 0.4404, 0.3657



36.8331, 0.2436, 0.3736



36.8331, 0.1998, 0.2718

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



36.8349, 0.3813, 0.2870



79.3775, 0.3280, 0.3167



34.0754, 0.2829, 0.2131



16.3183, 0.3311, 0.3146



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



36.8349, 0.3813, 0.2870



38.9541, 0.4026, 0.2792



38.9650, 0.4183, 0.3426



15.1472, 0.3234, 0.3202



10.2435, 0.5480, 0.2792



0.8225, 0.5102, 0.2585



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



36.8349, 0.3813, 0.2870



38.9541, 0.4026, 0.2792



62.2581, 0.2524, 0.3145



15.1472, 0.3234, 0.3202



10.2435, 0.5480, 0.2792



0.8225, 0.5102, 0.2585



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 36.8331, 0.3813, 0.2870 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

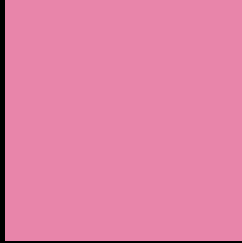
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 36.8331, 0.3813, 0.2870 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 36.8331, 0.3813, 0.2870**

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 36.8331, 0.3813, 0.2870.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 36.8331, 0.3813, 0.2870.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

36.8331, 0.3813, 0.2870

### Protanopia

37.1962, 0.2883, 0.2940

### Deuteranopia

37.1332, 0.3258, 0.3194



## Tritanopia

36.8209, 0.4042, 0.3177

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

36.8331, 0.3813, 0.2870



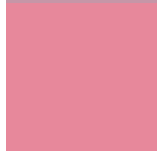
## Protanomaly

36.2318, 0.3194, 0.2906



## Deuteranomaly

36.6085, 0.3453, 0.3070



## Tritanomaly

36.9638, 0.3964, 0.3073

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

36.8331, 0.3813, 0.2870



## Achromatopsia

38.6429, 0.3127, 0.3290



## Achromatomaly

37.3462, 0.3363, 0.3119

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 36.8331, 0.3813, 0.2870 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(232, 133, 170)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(232, 133, 170)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(232, 133, 170) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(232, 133, 170) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 36.8331, 0.3813, 0.2870 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(232, 133, 170) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(232, 133, 170) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(232, 133, 170)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(232, 133, 170); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(232, 133, 170);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(232, 133,  
170) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 36.8331, 0.3813, 0.2870 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(232, 133, 170) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(232,  
133, 170) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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