

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(36.9379, 0.2378, 0.2148)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(36.9379, 0.2378, 0.2148)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(37.0022, 0.2380, 0.2156)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	929DF8
RGB	146, 157, 248
RGB Percent	57%, 62%, 97%
CMY	0.4276, 0.3842, 0.0275
CMYK	0.41, 0.37, 0.00, 0.03
HSL	234°, 88%, 77%
HSV	234°, 41%, 97%
XYZ	40.8466, 37.0022, 93.7755
YIQ	164.0850, -35.7670, 25.9690

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

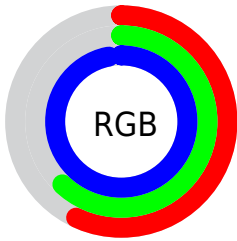
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	146, 156, 248
Decimal	9608696
CIE Lab	67.28, 18.36, -46.70
CIE LCh	67, 50.181, 291.461
Yxy	37.0022, 0.2380, 0.2156
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287798776 (0xFF929DF8)
YUV	164.0850, 41.3701, -15.8605
Hunter-Lab	60.8294, 13.4101, -48.8217

# Details

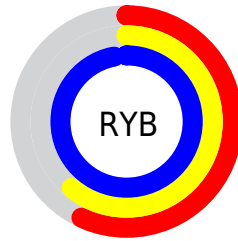
The Yxy color **37.0022, 0.2380, 0.2156** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **9999FF**. A complement of this color would be **82.5536, 0.3785, 0.4214**, and the grayscale version is **36.9778, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **66.5050, 0.2790, 0.2813**, and **16.2433, 0.2172, 0.1879** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **28.1545, 0.2174, 0.1827**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **47.6994, 0.2583, 0.2473**.

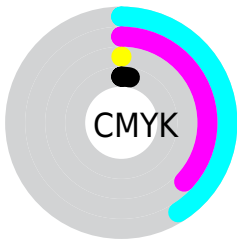
# Distribution



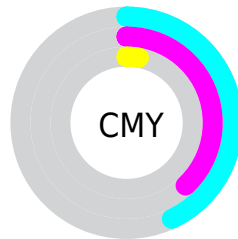
- Red (57%)
- Green (62%)
- Blue (97%)



- Red (57%)
- Yellow (61%)
- Blue (97%)



- Cyan (41%)
- Magenta (37%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (3%)




- Cyan (43%)
- Magenta (38%)
- Yellow (3%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 37.0022, 0.2380, 0.2156 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 37.0022, 0.2380, 0.2156 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 37.0022, 0.2380,  
0.2156


 37.0022, 0.2380,  
0.2156


333.3200, 0.2759,  
0.2699

 25.2092, 0.2287,  
0.2031


 70.5762, 0.2517,  
0.2346

 16.2330, 0.2169,  
0.1877


 93.1259, 0.2569,  
0.2419

 9.6892, 0.2017,  
0.1685


120.0300, 0.2613,  
0.2482

 5.1934, 0.1815,  
0.1441

151.6729, 0.2650,  
0.2537

 2.3612, 0.1539,  
0.1128

188.4390, 0.2683,  
0.2585

 0.8058, 0.1157,  
0.0733

230.7126, 0.2711,

 0.0000, 0.0341,

0.2627

0.0000

278.8781, 0.2736,  
0.2665

0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

37.0022, 0.2380,  
0.2156

37.0022, 0.2380,  
0.2156

28.1545, 0.2174,  
0.1827

47.6994, 0.2583,  
0.2473

21.0469, 0.1976,  
0.1502

60.3390, 0.2775,  
0.2766

15.5649, 0.1800,  
0.1203

75.0122, 0.2952,  
0.3031

11.5782, 0.1660,  
0.0951

91.8037, 0.3110,  
0.3265

8.9359, 0.1564,  
0.0765

99.5558, 0.3168,  
0.3357

■ 7.5530, 0.1517,  
0.0661

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



37.0022, 0.1964, 0.2200



37.0022, 0.2380, 0.2156



37.0022, 0.3043, 0.2345

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



37.0022, 0.2380, 0.2156



37.0022, 0.4627, 0.3790



37.0022, 0.2398, 0.3943

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



37.0022, 0.2380, 0.2156



82.5536, 0.3785, 0.4214

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



37.0022, 0.3063, 0.4561



37.0022, 0.2380, 0.2156



37.0022, 0.4365, 0.4318

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



37.0022, 0.2380, 0.2156



37.0022, 0.4434, 0.3232



37.0022, 0.3783, 0.4659



37.0022, 0.1963, 0.3137



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



37.0022, 0.2380, 0.2156



37.0022, 0.3564, 0.2581



37.0022, 0.3783, 0.4659



37.0022, 0.2601, 0.4193

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



37.0036, 0.2380, 0.2156



78.4607, 0.2937, 0.3009



79.2884, 0.2617, 0.3427



16.3345, 0.2915, 0.2976



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



37.0036, 0.2380, 0.2156



31.7896, 0.2216, 0.1895



37.6476, 0.2647, 0.2110



16.9454, 0.2979, 0.3072



4.1769, 0.1521, 0.0675



0.4830, 0.1561, 0.0820



# Inverse Universe

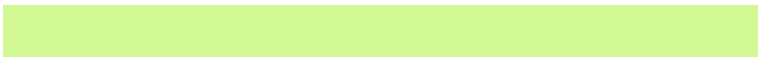
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



42.9354, 0.4070, 0.3174



39.2394, 0.4359, 0.3154



82.7309, 0.3468, 0.4413



17.2558, 0.3277, 0.3265



10.8326, 0.6274, 0.3230

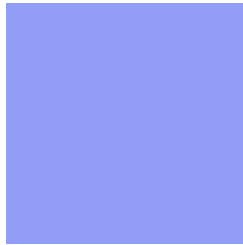


1.0130, 0.6038, 0.3100



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 37.0022, 0.2380, 0.2156 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

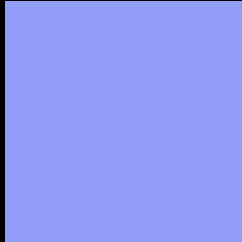
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 37.0022, 0.2380, 0.2156 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 37.0022, 0.2380, 0.2156**

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 37.0022, 0.2380, 0.2156.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 37.0022, 0.2380, 0.2156.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

37.0022, 0.2380, 0.2156

### Protanopia

36.9319, 0.2279, 0.2140

### Deuteranopia

37.1949, 0.2266, 0.2207



## Tritanopia

36.9560, 0.2687, 0.3080

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

37.0022, 0.2380, 0.2156

## Protanomaly

36.9326, 0.2311, 0.2145

## Deuteranomaly

37.1107, 0.2307, 0.2193

## Tritanomaly

36.6495, 0.2568, 0.2699

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

37.0022, 0.2380, 0.2156

## Achromatopsia

37.1238, 0.3127, 0.3290

## Achromatomaly

36.5980, 0.2811, 0.2818

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 37.0022, 0.2380, 0.2156 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(146, 157, 248)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(146, 157, 248)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(146, 157, 248) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(146, 157, 248) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 37.0022, 0.2380, 0.2156 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

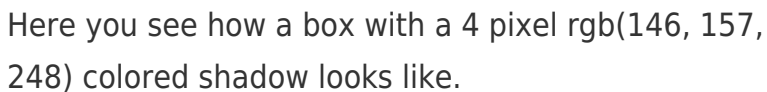
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(146, 157, 248) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(146, 157, 248) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(146, 157, 248)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(146, 157, 248); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(146, 157, 248); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(146, 157, 248) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 37.0022, 0.2380, 0.2156 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(146, 157, 248) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(146,  
157, 248) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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