

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(37.0250, 0.3412, 0.4126)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(37.0250, 0.3412, 0.4126)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(37.0622, 0.3415, 0.4128)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	98AB74
RGB	152, 171, 116
RGB Percent	60%, 67%, 45%
CMY	0.4040, 0.3294, 0.5451
CMYK	0.11, 0.00, 0.32, 0.33
HSL	81°, 25%, 56%
HSV	81°, 32%, 67%
XYZ	30.6607, 37.0622, 22.0596
YIQ	159.0490, 6.3310, -21.1330

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

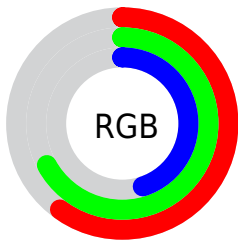
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">116, 171, 135</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">10005364</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">67.32, -16.24, 26.20</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">67, 30.822, 121.796</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">37.0622, 0.3415, 0.4128</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4288195444 (0xFF98AB74)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">159.0490, -21.2232, -6.1820</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">60.8787, -16.6388, 21.1312</a>

# Details

The Yxy color **37.0622, 0.3415, 0.4128** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **999966**. A complement of this color would be **20.5845, 0.2761, 0.2409**, and the grayscale version is **34.7902, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **70.4853, 0.3371, 0.3961**, and **16.3082, 0.3482, 0.4413** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **36.1451, 0.3494, 0.4404**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **38.0843, 0.3328, 0.3854**.

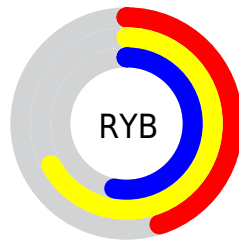
# Distribution



Red (60%)

Green (67%)

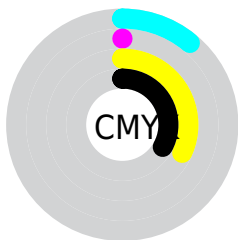
Blue (45%)



Red (45%)

Yellow (67%)

Blue (53%)

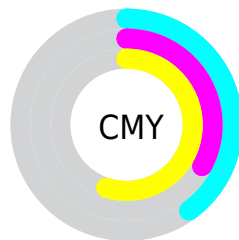


Cyan (11%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (32%)

Black (33%)



Cyan (40%)

Magenta (33%)


Yellow (55%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 37.0622, 0.3415, 0.4128 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 37.0622, 0.3415, 0.4128 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 37.0622, 0.3415,  
0.4128


 37.0622, 0.3415,  
0.4128


333.5797, 0.3275,  
0.3681


 25.2557, 0.3447,  
0.4248


 70.6684, 0.3366,  
0.3959

 16.2676, 0.3485,  
0.4408

 93.2369, 0.3347,  
0.3897

 9.7137, 0.3530,  
0.4627


 120.1615, 0.3331,  
0.3846

 5.2096, 0.3579,  
0.4947

151.8266, 0.3317,  
0.3803

 2.3707, 0.3744,  
0.5645

188.6165, 0.3304,  
0.3766

 0.8108, 0.3158,  
0.6842

230.9158, 0.3294,

 0.0000, 0.0000,

0.3734

0.0000

279.1087, 0.3284,  
0.3706

■ 37.0622, 0.3415,  
0.4128

■ 37.0622, 0.3415,  
0.4128

■ 36.1451, 0.3494,  
0.4404

■ 38.0843, 0.3328,  
0.3854

■ 35.3237, 0.3562,  
0.4673

■ 39.2106, 0.3237,  
0.3590

■ 34.5948, 0.3612,  
0.4923


■ 40.4466, 0.3147,  
0.3342


■ 33.9531, 0.3641,  
0.5142

■ 41.7960, 0.3058,  
0.3111

■ 33.3923, 0.3646,  
0.5319

■ 43.2623, 0.2973,  
0.2900


 32.9055, 0.3627,  
0.5448

 44.8486, 0.2892,  
0.2708

 32.5642, 0.3600,  
0.5523

 46.5582, 0.2817,  
0.2534

 48.3941, 0.2748,  
0.2379

 49.3614, 0.2777,  
0.2370

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



37.0622, 0.3816, 0.4048



37.0622, 0.3415, 0.4128



37.0622, 0.2955, 0.3936

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



37.0622, 0.3415, 0.4128



37.0622, 0.2287, 0.2725



37.0622, 0.3705, 0.3045

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



37.0622, 0.3415, 0.4128



20.5845, 0.2761, 0.2409

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



37.0622, 0.3252, 0.2749



37.0622, 0.3415, 0.4128



37.0622, 0.2452, 0.2559

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



37.0622, 0.3415, 0.4128



37.0622, 0.2324, 0.3069



37.0622, 0.2794, 0.2574



37.0622, 0.4002, 0.3409



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



37.0622, 0.3415, 0.4128



37.0622, 0.2677, 0.3676



37.0622, 0.2794, 0.2574



37.0622, 0.3564, 0.2936

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



37.0638, 0.3415, 0.4128



70.6397, 0.3219, 0.3539



27.0631, 0.3761, 0.3569



15.6878, 0.3232, 0.3574



86.8899, 0.3127, 0.3290



16.2647, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



37.0638, 0.3415, 0.4128



65.1167, 0.3476, 0.4336



34.7632, 0.3164, 0.4198



9.1894, 0.3211, 0.3518



24.5753, 0.3606, 0.5519



0.7124, 0.3790, 0.5373



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



20.5845, 0.2761, 0.2409



30.7134, 0.2654, 0.2176



23.0958, 0.3059, 0.2482



7.8869, 0.3037, 0.3059



2.9481, 0.1778, 0.0753



0.1129, 0.2144, 0.0954



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 37.0622, 0.3415, 0.4128 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 37.0622, 0.3415, 0.4128 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

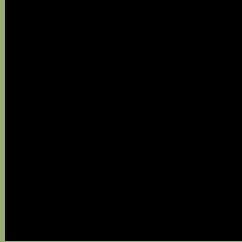
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 37.0622, 0.3415, 0.4128**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 37.0622, 0.3415, 0.4128.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 37.0622, 0.3415, 0.4128.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

37.0622, 0.3415, 0.4128

### Protanopia

37.0903, 0.3720, 0.4012

### Deuteranopia

36.9152, 0.3874, 0.3800



## Tritanopia

36.8026, 0.2989, 0.3105

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

37.0622, 0.3415, 0.4128

## Protanomaly

37.1772, 0.3606, 0.4061

## Deuteranomaly

36.7324, 0.3704, 0.3911

## Tritanomaly

36.7736, 0.3147, 0.3467

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

37.0622, 0.3415, 0.4128

## Achromatopsia

34.6704, 0.3127, 0.3290

## Achromatomaly

35.2455, 0.3237, 0.3592

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to  $Yxy$  37.0622, 0.3415, 0.4128 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(152, 171, 116)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(152, 171, 116)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(152, 171, 116) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(152, 171, 116) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 37.0622, 0.3415, 0.4128 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

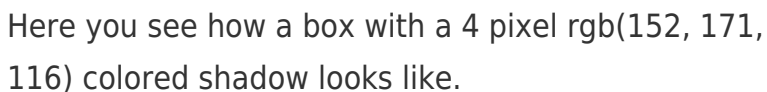
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(152, 171, 116) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(152, 171, 116) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(152, 171, 116)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(152, 171, 116); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(152, 171, 116);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(152, 171,  
116) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 37.0622, 0.3415, 0.4128 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(152, 171, 116) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(152,  
171, 116) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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