

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(37.9219, 0.4215, 0.3112)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(37.9219, 0.4215, 0.3112)  
contains.

<b>Yxy(37.9635, 0.4216, 0.3110)</b> .....	3
<b>Conversions</b> .....	4
<b>Details</b> .....	6
<b>Harmonies</b> .....	12
<b>Previews</b> .....	24
<b>Color Blindness Simulation</b> .....	27
<b>CSS Examples</b> .....	30

# Color

**Yxy(37.9635, 0.4216, 0.3110)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	F68394
RGB	246, 131, 148
RGB Percent	96%, 51%, 58%
CMY	0.0354, 0.4862, 0.4195
CMYK	0.00, 0.47, 0.40, 0.04
HSL	351°, 86%, 74%
HSV	351°, 47%, 96%
XYZ	51.4643, 37.9635, 32.6413
YIQ	167.3230, 63.0830, 29.6670

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

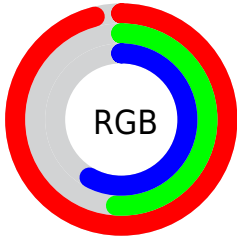
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">246, 131, 148</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">16155540</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">67.99, 45.49, 10.96</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">68, 46.790, 13.550</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">37.9635, 0.4216, 0.3110</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4294345620</a> ( <a href="#">0xFFFF68394</a> )
YUV	<a href="#">167.3230, -9.5262, 68.9997</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">61.6145, 41.2691, 11.7203</a>

# Details

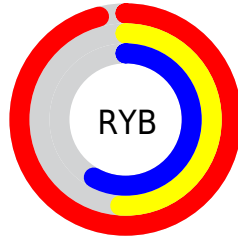
The Yxy color **37.9635, 0.4216, 0.3110** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF9999**. A complement of this color would be **76.3830, 0.2581, 0.3492**, and the grayscale version is **38.8363, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **60.6421, 0.3580, 0.3126**, and **16.7697, 0.4544, 0.3026** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **31.5180, 0.4599, 0.3082**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **46.1013, 0.3889, 0.3147**.

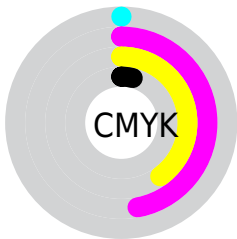
# Distribution



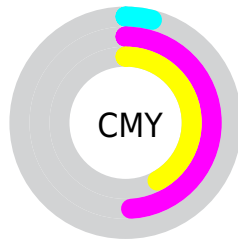
- Red (96%)
- Green (51%)
- Blue (58%)



- Red (96%)
- Yellow (51%)
- Blue (58%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (47%)
- Yellow (40%)
- Black (4%)




- Cyan (4%)
- Magenta (49%)
- Yellow (42%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 37.9635, 0.4216, 0.3110 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 37.9635, 0.4216, 0.3110 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 37.9635, 0.4216,  
0.3110


 37.9635, 0.4216,  
0.3110


337.4634, 0.3649,  
0.3218


 25.9544, 0.4363,  
0.3077


 72.0522, 0.4005,  
0.3153

 16.7895, 0.4556,  
0.3032


 94.9005, 0.3928,  
0.3168

 10.0845, 0.4816,  
0.2966


 122.1307, 0.3862,  
0.3180

 5.4550, 0.5186,  
0.2863

154.1272, 0.3807,  
0.3191

 2.5166, 0.5744,  
0.2685

191.2743, 0.3759,  
0.3199

 0.8850, 0.6988,  
0.2463

233.9564, 0.3718,


 0.0000, 1.0000,


0.3206


0.0000


282.5580, 0.3681,  
0.3212


 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000


 37.9635, 0.4216,  
0.3110


 37.9635, 0.4216,  
0.3110


 31.5180, 0.4599,  
0.3082


 46.1013, 0.3889,  
0.3147


 26.6398, 0.5027,  
0.3071


 56.0332, 0.3620,  
0.3187


 23.1960, 0.5464,  
0.3083


 67.8601, 0.3402,  
0.3227


 21.0288, 0.5860,  
0.3122

 81.6732, 0.3226,  
0.3266

 19.9399, 0.6155,  
0.3186

 97.5583, 0.3084,  
0.3301

 19.7193, 0.6229,  
0.3205

 98.3296, 0.3072,  
0.3290

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



37.9635, 0.3584, 0.2656



37.9635, 0.4216, 0.3110



37.9635, 0.4513, 0.3630

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



37.9635, 0.4216, 0.3110



37.9635, 0.3255, 0.4530



37.9635, 0.1978, 0.2327

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



37.9635, 0.4216, 0.3110



76.3830, 0.2581, 0.3492

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



37.9635, 0.1914, 0.2705



37.9635, 0.4216, 0.3110



37.9635, 0.2602, 0.4072

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



37.9635, 0.4216, 0.3110



37.9635, 0.3908, 0.4508



37.9635, 0.2124, 0.3344



37.9635, 0.2305, 0.2217



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



37.9635, 0.4216, 0.3110



37.9635, 0.4470, 0.3976



37.9635, 0.2124, 0.3344



37.9635, 0.1927, 0.2422

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



37.9654, 0.4216, 0.3110



77.4931, 0.3350, 0.3238



39.5045, 0.3026, 0.2098



15.9274, 0.3391, 0.3229



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



37.9654, 0.4216, 0.3110



34.5949, 0.4574, 0.3084



50.4507, 0.4189, 0.3726



16.5225, 0.3270, 0.3255



10.5395, 0.6199, 0.3189



0.9382, 0.5900, 0.3024



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



37.9654, 0.4216, 0.3110



34.5949, 0.4574, 0.3084



55.4988, 0.2414, 0.2791



16.5225, 0.3270, 0.3255



10.5395, 0.6199, 0.3189



0.9382, 0.5900, 0.3024



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 37.9635, 0.4216, 0.3110 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

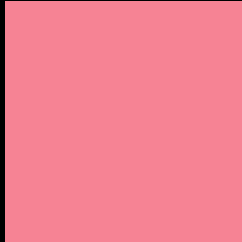
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 37.9635, 0.4216, 0.3110 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

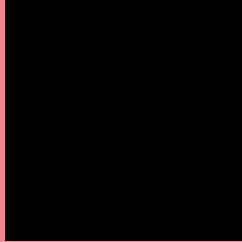
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 37.9635, 0.4216, 0.3110**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 37.9635, 0.4216, 0.3110.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 37.9635, 0.4216, 0.3110.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

37.9635, 0.4216, 0.3110

### Protanopia

38.1353, 0.3147, 0.3262

### Deuteranopia

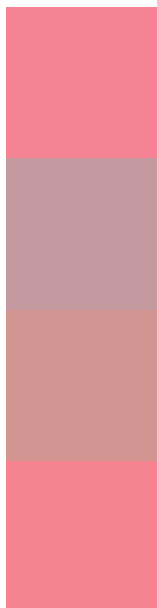
38.0719, 0.3585, 0.3521



## Tritanopia

37.8680, 0.4272, 0.3185

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

37.9635, 0.4216, 0.3110

## Protanomaly

37.1908, 0.3507, 0.3199

## Deuteranomaly

37.2409, 0.3809, 0.3342

## Tritanomaly

37.9286, 0.4249, 0.3164

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

37.9635, 0.4216, 0.3110

## Achromatopsia

38.6429, 0.3127, 0.3290

## Achromatomaly

37.3850, 0.3494, 0.3212

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 37.9635, 0.4216, 0.3110 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(246, 131, 148)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(246, 131, 148)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(246, 131, 148) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(246, 131, 148) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 37.9635, 0.4216, 0.3110 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(246, 131, 148) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(246, 131, 148) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(246, 131, 148)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(246, 131, 148); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(246, 131, 148);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(246, 131,  
148) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 37.9635, 0.4216, 0.3110 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(246, 131, 148) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(246,  
131, 148) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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