

# Converting Colors

$Yxy(38.6177, 0.2600, 0.4559)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(38.6177, 0.2600, 0.4559)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(38.6177, 0.2600, 0.4559)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	00BF78
RGB	0, 191, 120
RGB Percent	0%, 75%, 47%
CMY	0.9990, 0.2510, 0.5294
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.37, 0.25
HSL	158°, 100%, 38%
HSV	158°, 100%, 75%
XYZ	22.0237, 38.6177, 24.0651
YIQ	125.7970, -91.0450, -62.5730

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

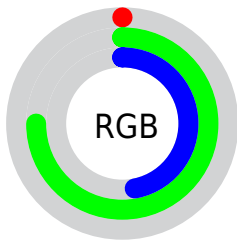
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	0, 117, 191
Decimal	49016
CIELab	68.47, -57.00, 24.72
CIELCh	68, 62.134, 156.555
Yxy	38.6177, 0.2600, 0.4559
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278239096 (0xFF00BF78)
YUV	125.7970, -2.8579, -110.3240
Hunter-Lab	62.1431, -45.4896, 20.5400

# Details

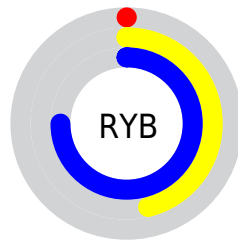
The Yxy color **38.6177, 0.2600, 0.4559** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **00CC99**. A complement of this color would be **11.5401, 0.5492, 0.2800**, and the grayscale version is **20.8528, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **73.3652, 0.2716, 0.4289**, and **18.0633, 0.2692, 0.4891** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **38.6152, 0.2600, 0.4561**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **38.9388, 0.2581, 0.4419**.

# Distribution



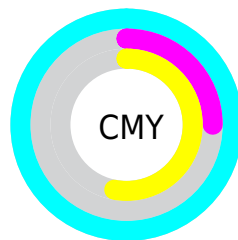
- Red (0%)
- Green (75%)
- Blue (47%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (46%)
- Blue (75%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (37%)
- Black (25%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (25%)
- Yellow (53%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 38.6177, 0.2600, 0.4559 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 38.6177, 0.2600, 0.4559 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 38.6177, 0.2600,  
0.4559


 38.6177, 0.2600,  
0.4559


340.2624, 0.2895,  
0.3858


 26.4625, 0.2515,  
0.4757


 73.0539, 0.2715,  
0.4287

 17.1699, 0.2400,  
0.5027


 96.1037, 0.2756,  
0.4190


 10.3557, 0.2233,  
0.5411


 123.5538, 0.2789,  
0.4110

 5.6354, 0.1976,  
0.5994

 155.7885, 0.2817,  
0.4044

 2.6247, 0.1503,  
0.7141

 193.1924, 0.2841,  
0.3987

 0.9391, 0.0000,  
1.0000

 236.1497, 0.2861,

 0.0000, 0.0000,

0.3938

0.0000

285.0449, 0.2879,  
0.3895

■ 38.6177, 0.2600,  
0.4559

■ 38.6177, 0.2600,  
0.4559

■ 38.6152, 0.2600,  
0.4561

■ 38.9388, 0.2581,  
0.4419

■ 39.4097, 0.2579,  
0.4276

■ 40.0808, 0.2596,  
0.4132

■ 40.9772, 0.2633,  
0.3990

■ 42.1204, 0.2688,  
0.3852

■ 43.5290, 0.2758,  
0.3721

■ 45.2201, 0.2840,  
0.3598

■ 47.2091, 0.2931,  
0.3485

■ 49.5105, 0.3028,  
0.3382

# Harmonies

## Analogous

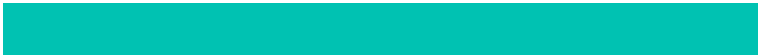
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



38.6177, 0.3448, 0.5004



38.6177, 0.2600, 0.4559



38.6177, 0.1944, 0.3571

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



38.6177, 0.2600, 0.4559



38.6177, 0.1956, 0.1942



38.6177, 0.4904, 0.3510

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



38.6177, 0.2600, 0.4559



11.5401, 0.5492, 0.2800

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



38.6177, 0.4397, 0.2892



38.6177, 0.2600, 0.4559



38.6177, 0.2590, 0.2038

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



38.6177, 0.2600, 0.4559



38.6177, 0.1637, 0.2126



38.6177, 0.3490, 0.2374



38.6177, 0.4817, 0.4162



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



38.6177, 0.2600, 0.4559



38.6177, 0.1693, 0.2927



38.6177, 0.3490, 0.2374



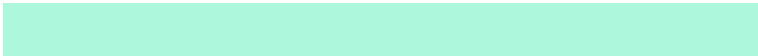
38.6177, 0.4800, 0.3297

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



38.6192, 0.2600, 0.4559



80.7897, 0.2835, 0.3605



38.6931, 0.3222, 0.5823



17.4458, 0.2799, 0.3657



97.7402, 0.3127, 0.3290



20.4902, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



38.6192, 0.2600, 0.4559



69.1121, 0.2606, 0.4582



32.0450, 0.2144, 0.2918



10.7477, 0.3033, 0.3377



25.3936, 0.2595, 0.4542



1.0070, 0.2502, 0.4206



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



11.5401, 0.5492, 0.2800



20.6116, 0.5535, 0.2823



11.6706, 0.6302, 0.3376



9.5935, 0.3231, 0.3205



7.5934, 0.5461, 0.2782



0.3102, 0.4803, 0.2420



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 38.6177, 0.2600, 0.4559 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 38.6177, 0.2600, 0.4559 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 38.6177, 0.2600, 0.4559**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 38.6177, 0.2600, 0.4559.

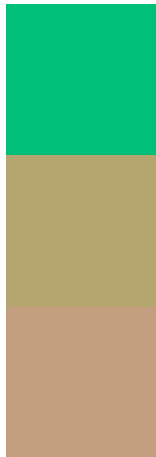


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 38.6177, 0.2600, 0.4559.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

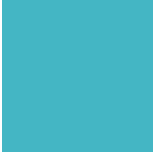
38.6177, 0.2600, 0.4559

### Protanopia

38.1015, 0.3768, 0.4070

### Deuteranopia

37.9307, 0.3797, 0.3718



## **Tritanopia**

38.6704, 0.2309, 0.3071

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

38.6177, 0.2600, 0.4559



## Protanomaly

35.5197, 0.3087, 0.4311



## Deuteranomaly

34.8661, 0.3091, 0.4065



## Tritanomaly

38.0387, 0.2386, 0.3572

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

38.6177, 0.2600, 0.4559



## Achromatopsia

20.8637, 0.3127, 0.3290



## Achromatomaly

24.9734, 0.2714, 0.3797

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 38.6177, 0.2600, 0.4559 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 191, 120)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 191, 120)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 191, 120) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 191, 120) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 38.6177, 0.2600, 0.4559 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 191, 120) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 191, 120) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 191, 120)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 191, 120); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 191, 120);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 191,  
120) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 38.6177, 0.2600, 0.4559 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 191, 120) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 191,  
120) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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