

# Converting Colors

$Yxy(38.8098, 0.2408, 0.2904)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(38.8098, 0.2408, 0.2904)  
contains.

<b>Yxy(38.6287, 0.2402, 0.2891)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	27
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	30

# Color

**Yxy(38.6287, 0.2402, 0.2891)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	66B1CC
RGB	102, 177, 204
RGB Percent	40%, 69%, 80%
CMY	0.6003, 0.3058, 0.2000
CMYK	0.50, 0.13, 0.00, 0.20
HSL	196°, 50%, 60%
HSV	196°, 50%, 80%
XYZ	32.0948, 38.6287, 62.8936
YIQ	157.6530, -53.3670, -7.5030

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

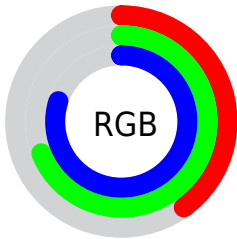
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">102, 145, 204</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">6730188</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">68.48, -15.97, -20.91</a>
CIElCh	<a href="#">68, 26.305, 232.631</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">38.6287, 0.2402, 0.2891</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4284920268</a> ( <a href="#">0xFF66B1CC</a> )
YUV	<a href="#">157.6530, 22.8491, -48.8077</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">62.1520, -16.5899, -16.4910</a>

# Details

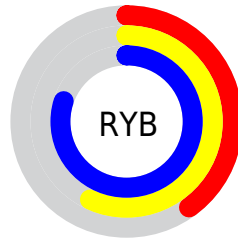
The Yxy color **38.6287, 0.2402, 0.2891** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **66CCFF**. A complement of this color would be **29.4759, 0.4338, 0.3639**, and the grayscale version is **33.9333, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **72.8688, 0.2564, 0.3039**, and **17.1096, 0.2197, 0.2750** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **35.4929, 0.2286, 0.2796**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **42.1448, 0.2532, 0.2982**.

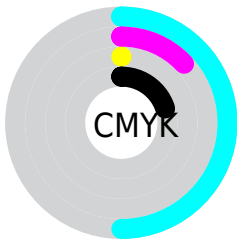
# Distribution



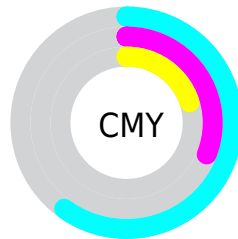
- Red (40%)
- Green (69%)
- Blue (80%)



- Red (40%)
- Yellow (57%)
- Blue (80%)



- Cyan (50%)
- Magenta (13%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (20%)




- Cyan (60%)
- Magenta (31%)
- Yellow (20%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 38.6287, 0.2402, 0.2891 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 38.6287, 0.2402, 0.2891 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 38.6287, 0.2402,  
0.2891

 38.6287, 0.2402,  
0.2891


340.3093, 0.2765,  
0.3103

 26.4710, 0.2312,  
0.2835


 73.0708, 0.2534,  
0.2970


 17.1763, 0.2198,  
0.2761


 96.1239, 0.2583,  
0.2999

 10.3603, 0.2047,  
0.2660


 123.5777, 0.2625,  
0.3024

 5.6385, 0.1842,  
0.2515

 155.8164, 0.2661,  
0.3044

 2.6265, 0.1549,  
0.2291

193.2245, 0.2692,  
0.3062

 0.9400, 0.1033,  
0.1932

236.1865, 0.2720,

 0.0000, 0.0000,

0.3077

0.0000

285.0866, 0.2744,  
0.3091

■ 38.6287, 0.2402,  
0.2891

■ 38.6287, 0.2402,  
0.2891

■ 35.4929, 0.2286,  
0.2796

■ 42.1448, 0.2532,  
0.2982

■ 32.7102, 0.2186,  
0.2697

■ 46.0576, 0.2673,  
0.3069

■ 30.2561, 0.2105,  
0.2598

■ 50.3873, 0.2821,  
0.3149

■ 28.1000, 0.2045,  
0.2499

■ 55.1516, 0.2973,  
0.3223

■ 26.1917, 0.2001,  
0.2402

■ 60.3667, 0.3127,  
0.3290

66.0482, 0.3278,  
0.3350

72.2107, 0.3427,  
0.3404

76.8951, 0.3495,  
0.3455

79.7756, 0.3484,  
0.3509

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



38.6287, 0.2489, 0.3221



38.6287, 0.2402, 0.2891



38.6287, 0.2492, 0.2696

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



38.6287, 0.2402, 0.2891



38.6287, 0.3506, 0.2998



38.6287, 0.3489, 0.3994

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



38.6287, 0.2402, 0.2891



29.4759, 0.4338, 0.3639

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



38.6287, 0.3788, 0.3877



38.6287, 0.2402, 0.2891



38.6287, 0.3806, 0.3299

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



38.6287, 0.2402, 0.2891



38.6287, 0.3112, 0.2769



38.6287, 0.3910, 0.3616



38.6287, 0.3104, 0.3899



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



38.6287, 0.2402, 0.2891



38.6287, 0.2644, 0.2654



38.6287, 0.3910, 0.3616



38.6287, 0.3603, 0.3976

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



38.6302, 0.2402, 0.2891



87.1690, 0.2895, 0.3186



47.5528, 0.2910, 0.4475



18.3013, 0.2862, 0.3170



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290

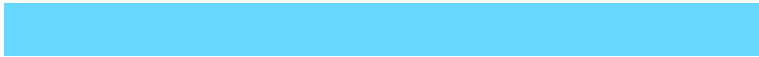


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



38.6302, 0.2402, 0.2891



58.4129, 0.2278, 0.2788



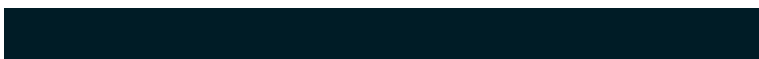
22.4756, 0.2251, 0.2106



12.2055, 0.2983, 0.3227



16.6437, 0.2004, 0.2416



0.9785, 0.2057, 0.2607



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



25.5020, 0.3492, 0.2369



35.6455, 0.3601, 0.2205



45.8306, 0.4001, 0.4233



11.3511, 0.3177, 0.3121



9.4832, 0.4007, 0.1981



0.5013, 0.3818, 0.1877



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 38.6287, 0.2402, 0.2891 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

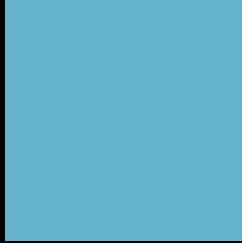
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 38.6287, 0.2402, 0.2891 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

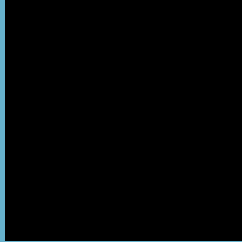
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 38.6287, 0.2402, 0.2891**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 38.6287, 0.2402, 0.2891.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 38.6287, 0.2402, 0.2891.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

38.6287, 0.2402, 0.2891

### Protanopia

38.3694, 0.2831, 0.2865

### Deuteranopia

38.2764, 0.2756, 0.2701



## Tritanopia

38.6871, 0.2448, 0.3076

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

38.6287, 0.2402, 0.2891

## Protanomaly

37.9884, 0.2649, 0.2864

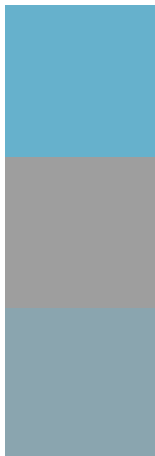
## Deuteranomaly

38.0369, 0.2609, 0.2760

## Tritanomaly

38.5247, 0.2428, 0.3003

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

38.6287, 0.2402, 0.2891

## Achromatopsia

34.1914, 0.3127, 0.3290

## Achromatomaly

35.4087, 0.2808, 0.3139

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 38.6287, 0.2402, 0.2891 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(102, 177, 204)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(102, 177, 204)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(102, 177, 204) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(102, 177, 204) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 38.6287, 0.2402, 0.2891 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(102, 177, 204) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(102, 177, 204) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(102, 177, 204)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(102, 177, 204); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(102, 177, 204);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(102, 177,  
204) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 38.6287, 0.2402, 0.2891 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(102, 177, 204) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(102,  
177, 204) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor