

# Converting Colors

$Yxy(38.8409, 0.3281, 0.2736)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(38.8409, 0.3281, 0.2736)  
contains.

<b>Yxy(38.8449, 0.3279, 0.2733)</b> .....	3
<b>Conversions</b> .....	4
<b>Details</b> .....	6
<b>Harmonies</b> .....	12
<b>Previews</b> .....	24
<b>Color Blindness Simulation</b> .....	27
<b>CSS Examples</b> .....	30

# Color

**Yxy(38.8449, 0.3279, 0.2733)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D095C3
RGB	208, 149, 195
RGB Percent	82%, 58%, 76%
CMY	0.1844, 0.4156, 0.2352
CMYK	0.00, 0.28, 0.06, 0.18
HSL	313°, 39%, 70%
HSV	313°, 28%, 82%
XYZ	46.6054, 38.8449, 56.6826
YIQ	171.8850, 20.3980, 26.8140

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

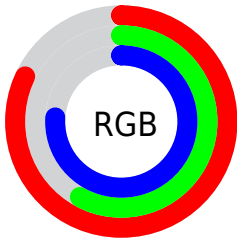
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	208, 149, 195
Decimal	13669827
CIE Lab	68.64, 29.46, -14.96
CIE LCh	69, 33.037, 333.075
Yxy	38.8449, 0.3279, 0.2733
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291859907 (0xFFD095C3)
YUV	171.8850, 11.3957, 31.6729
Hunter-Lab	62.3257, 24.4072, -10.2938

# Details

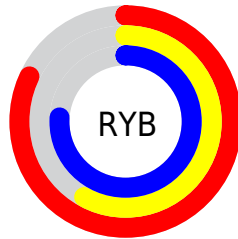
The Yxy color **38.8449, 0.3279, 0.2733** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC99CC**. A complement of this color would be **54.0955, 0.3005, 0.3920**, and the grayscale version is **41.1281, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **71.4740, 0.3171, 0.2819**, and **17.2448, 0.3325, 0.2581** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **32.6387, 0.3348, 0.2535**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **46.2359, 0.3218, 0.2934**.

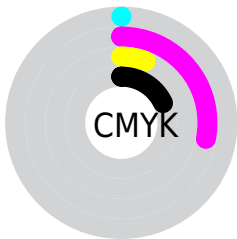
# Distribution



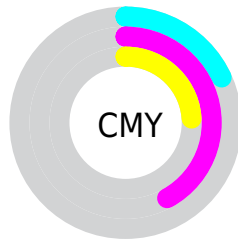
- Red (82%)
- Green (58%)
- Blue (76%)



- Red (82%)
- Yellow (58%)
- Blue (76%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (28%)
- Yellow (6%)
- Black (18%)




- Cyan (18%)
- Magenta (42%)
- Yellow (24%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 38.8449, 0.3279, 0.2733 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 38.8449, 0.3279, 0.2733 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 38.8449, 0.3279,  
0.2733


 38.8449, 0.3279,  
0.2733


341.2306, 0.3207,  
0.3007

 26.6391, 0.3296,  
0.2666


 73.4013, 0.3254,  
0.2831

 17.3024, 0.3317,  
0.2581


 96.5207, 0.3244,  
0.2869

 10.4503, 0.3344,  
0.2470


124.0468, 0.3235,  
0.2900

 5.6985, 0.3379,  
0.2319

156.3639, 0.3228,  
0.2928

 2.6626, 0.3427,  
0.2101

193.8564, 0.3222,  
0.2951

 0.9583, 0.3492,  
0.1763

236.9088, 0.3216,


 0.0000, 0.3950,


0.2972

0.0000


285.9054, 0.3211,  
0.2990

 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

 38.8449, 0.3279,  
0.2733


 38.8449, 0.3279,  
0.2733

 32.6387, 0.3348,  
0.2535


 46.2359, 0.3218,  
0.2934


 27.5494, 0.3423,  
0.2349


 54.8645, 0.3166,  
0.3131


 23.5106, 0.3506,  
0.2183

 64.7865, 0.3120,  
0.3321

 20.4462, 0.3592,  
0.2048

 76.0528, 0.3082,  
0.3500

 18.2701, 0.3680,  
0.1954

 88.7115, 0.3049,  
0.3667

■ 16.8811, 0.3766,  
0.1905

■ 90.2225, 0.3023,  
0.3637

■ 16.1260, 0.3849,  
0.1901

■ 90.4714, 0.2998,  
0.3587

■ 16.0244, 0.3863,  
0.1902

■ 90.7270, 0.2973,  
0.3537

■ 90.9894, 0.2949,  
0.3488

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



38.8449, 0.2794, 0.2543



38.8449, 0.3279, 0.2733



38.8449, 0.3755, 0.3047

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



38.8449, 0.3279, 0.2733



38.8449, 0.3837, 0.4096



38.8449, 0.2277, 0.3035

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



38.8449, 0.3279, 0.2733



54.0955, 0.3005, 0.3920

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



38.8449, 0.2515, 0.3516



38.8449, 0.3279, 0.2733



38.8449, 0.3408, 0.4174

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



38.8449, 0.3279, 0.2733



38.8449, 0.4083, 0.3808



38.8449, 0.2924, 0.3960



38.8449, 0.2248, 0.2682



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



38.8449, 0.3279, 0.2733



38.8449, 0.3985, 0.3298



38.8449, 0.2924, 0.3960



38.8449, 0.2334, 0.3187

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



38.8466, 0.3279, 0.2733



85.9009, 0.3169, 0.3116



33.7120, 0.2742, 0.2499



17.9329, 0.3177, 0.3088



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



38.8466, 0.3279, 0.2733



55.4297, 0.3320, 0.2612



37.6485, 0.3570, 0.3082



11.9627, 0.3171, 0.3110



10.0055, 0.3852, 0.1895



0.5707, 0.3711, 0.1818



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



38.8466, 0.3279, 0.2733



55.4297, 0.3320, 0.2612



55.2614, 0.2819, 0.3511



11.9627, 0.3171, 0.3110



10.0055, 0.3852, 0.1895

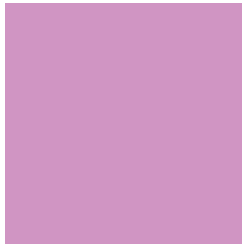


0.5707, 0.3711, 0.1818



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 38.8449, 0.3279, 0.2733 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

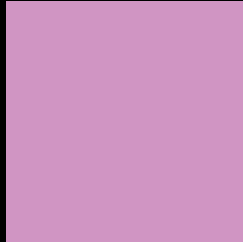
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 38.8449, 0.3279, 0.2733 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

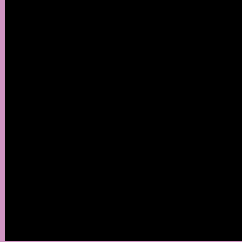
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 38.8449, 0.3279, 0.2733**

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 38.8449, 0.3279, 0.2733.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 38.8449, 0.3279, 0.2733.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

38.8449, 0.3279, 0.2733

### Protanopia

39.0465, 0.2736, 0.2739

### Deuteranopia

39.1273, 0.2965, 0.2914



## Tritanopia

38.7017, 0.3515, 0.3139

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

38.8449, 0.3279, 0.2733

**Protanomaly**

38.6835, 0.2911, 0.2729

**Deuteranomaly**

38.9608, 0.3074, 0.2849

**Tritanomaly**

38.6099, 0.3420, 0.2978

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

38.8449, 0.3279, 0.2733

**Achromatopsia**

41.2543, 0.3127, 0.3290

**Achromatomaly**

40.1605, 0.3184, 0.3079

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 38.8449, 0.3279, 0.2733 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(208, 149, 195)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(208, 149, 195)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(208, 149, 195) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(208, 149, 195) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 38.8449, 0.3279, 0.2733 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(208, 149, 195) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(208, 149, 195) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(208, 149, 195)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(208, 149, 195); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(208, 149, 195);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(208, 149,  
195) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 38.8449, 0.3279, 0.2733 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(208, 149, 195) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(208,  
149, 195) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor