

# Converting Colors

$Yxy(38.9164, 0.3414, 0.4373)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(38.9164, 0.3414, 0.4373)  
contains.

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**Color**

**Yxy(39.0133, 0.3408, 0.4370)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	92B26B
RGB	146, 178, 107
RGB Percent	57%, 70%, 42%
CMY	0.4275, 0.3019, 0.5804
CMYK	0.18, 0.00, 0.40, 0.30
HSL	87°, 32%, 56%
HSV	87°, 40%, 70%
XYZ	30.4250, 39.0133, 19.8370
YIQ	160.3380, 3.7190, -28.8650

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

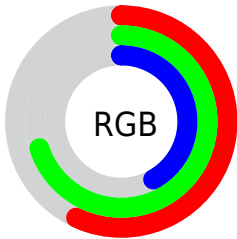
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">107, 178, 139</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">9613931</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">68.76, -23.32, 32.76</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">69, 40.210, 125.441</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">39.0133, 0.3408, 0.4370</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4287804011 (0xFF92B26B)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">160.3380, -26.2956, -12.5744</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">62.4606, -22.3575, 24.8924</a>

# Details

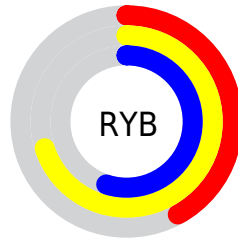
The Yxy color **39.0133, 0.3408, 0.4370** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **99CC99**. A complement of this color would be **19.2230, 0.2729, 0.2191**, and the grayscale version is **35.4393, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **73.7663, 0.3369, 0.4158**, and **17.3524, 0.3460, 0.4722** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **37.9679, 0.3460, 0.4658**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **40.1910, 0.3344, 0.4081**.

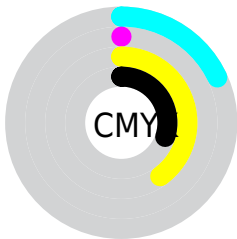
# Distribution



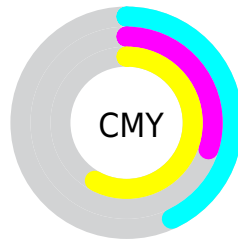
- Red (57%)
- Green (70%)
- Blue (42%)



- Red (42%)
- Yellow (70%)
- Blue (55%)



- Cyan (18%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (40%)
- Black (30%)




- Cyan (43%)
- Magenta (30%)
- Yellow (58%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 39.0133, 0.3408, 0.4370 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 39.0133, 0.3408, 0.4370 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 39.0133, 0.3408,  
0.4370


 39.0133, 0.3408,  
0.4370


341.9470, 0.3281,  
0.3794


 26.7701, 0.3432,  
0.4524


 73.6586, 0.3367,  
0.4153


 17.4006, 0.3458,  
0.4726


 96.8295, 0.3350,  
0.4073

 10.5205, 0.3480,  
0.5003


 124.4118, 0.3335,  
0.4007

 5.7454, 0.3485,  
0.5396

 156.7898, 0.3321,  
0.3951

 2.6909, 0.3640,  
0.6360

194.3479, 0.3310,  
0.3904

 0.9726, 0.2661,  
0.7339

237.4706, 0.3299,

 0.0000, 0.0000,

0.3862

0.0000

286.5421, 0.3290,  
0.3826

■ 39.0133, 0.3408,  
0.4370

■ 39.0133, 0.3408,  
0.4370

■ 37.9679, 0.3460,  
0.4658

■ 40.1910, 0.3344,  
0.4081

■ 37.0438, 0.3497,  
0.4932

■ 41.5012, 0.3274,  
0.3800

■ 36.2363, 0.3514,  
0.5179


■ 42.9506, 0.3200,  
0.3534


■ 35.5383, 0.3509,  
0.5386

■ 44.5440, 0.3126,  
0.3287


■ 34.9415, 0.3482,  
0.5541


■ 46.2859, 0.3054,  
0.3062

 34.4301, 0.3437,  
0.5652

 48.1806, 0.2984,  
0.2857

 34.4247, 0.3437,  
0.5653

 50.2320, 0.2918,  
0.2673

 52.4442, 0.2856,  
0.2508

 54.0092, 0.2879,  
0.2470

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



39.0133, 0.3940, 0.4277



39.0133, 0.3408, 0.4370



39.0133, 0.2828, 0.4083

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



39.0133, 0.3408, 0.4370



39.0133, 0.2089, 0.2529



39.0133, 0.3929, 0.3026

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



39.0133, 0.3408, 0.4370



19.2230, 0.2729, 0.2191

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



39.0133, 0.3355, 0.2651



39.0133, 0.3408, 0.4370



39.0133, 0.2317, 0.2363

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



39.0133, 0.3408, 0.4370



39.0133, 0.2100, 0.2929



39.0133, 0.2763, 0.2414



39.0133, 0.4276, 0.3477



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



39.0133, 0.3408, 0.4370



39.0133, 0.2494, 0.3718



39.0133, 0.2763, 0.2414



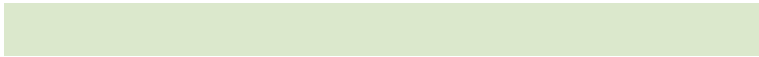
39.0133, 0.3753, 0.2890

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



39.0150, 0.3408, 0.4370



77.2466, 0.3218, 0.3594



28.9803, 0.3921, 0.3757



17.0378, 0.3227, 0.3628



91.1408, 0.3127, 0.3290



17.8868, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



39.0150, 0.3408, 0.4370



69.0343, 0.3455, 0.4628



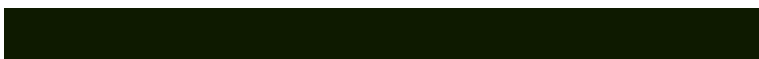
36.2569, 0.3099, 0.4481



9.7122, 0.3196, 0.3520



24.6661, 0.3444, 0.5647



0.8102, 0.3651, 0.5483



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



19.2230, 0.2729, 0.2191



28.0713, 0.2613, 0.1923



22.7823, 0.3131, 0.2312



8.4116, 0.3053, 0.3060



3.5661, 0.1946, 0.0846



0.1470, 0.2274, 0.1026



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 39.0133, 0.3408, 0.4370 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

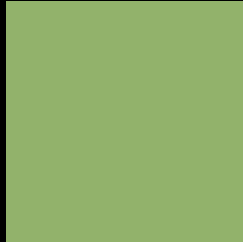
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 39.0133, 0.3408, 0.4370 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

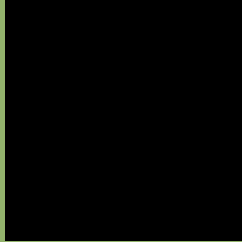
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 39.0133, 0.3408, 0.4370**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 39.0133, 0.3408, 0.4370.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 39.0133, 0.3408, 0.4370.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

39.0133, 0.3408, 0.4370

### Protanopia

38.6840, 0.3853, 0.4164

### Deuteranopia

38.7068, 0.4006, 0.3923



## Tritanopia

38.9214, 0.2916, 0.3106

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

39.0133, 0.3408, 0.4370

**Protanomaly**

38.6713, 0.3693, 0.4245

**Deuteranomaly**

38.5870, 0.3773, 0.4079

**Tritanomaly**

38.6439, 0.3098, 0.3541

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

39.0133, 0.3408, 0.4370

**Achromatopsia**

35.1533, 0.3127, 0.3290

**Achromatomaly**

36.5291, 0.3239, 0.3681

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 39.0133, 0.3408, 0.4370 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(146, 178, 107)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(146, 178, 107)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(146, 178, 107) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(146, 178, 107) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 39.0133, 0.3408, 0.4370 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(146, 178, 107) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(146, 178, 107) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(146, 178, 107)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(146, 178, 107); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(146, 178, 107);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(146, 178,  
107) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 39.0133, 0.3408, 0.4370 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(146, 178, 107) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(146,  
178, 107) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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