

# Converting Colors

$Yxy(39.0185, 0.2772, 0.3044)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(39.0185, 0.2772, 0.3044)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(39.1989, 0.2768, 0.3047)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	91ACBD
RGB	145, 172, 189
RGB Percent	57%, 67%, 74%
CMY	0.4315, 0.3254, 0.2588
CMYK	0.23, 0.09, 0.00, 0.26
HSL	203°, 25%, 65%
HSV	203°, 23%, 74%
XYZ	35.6096, 39.1989, 53.8390
YIQ	165.8650, -21.5490, -0.4370

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

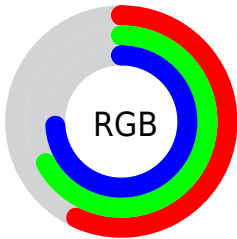
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">145, 162, 189</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">9546941</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">68.90, -5.48, -11.78</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">69, 12.992, 245.071</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">39.1989, 0.2768, 0.3047</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4287737021 (0xFF91ACBD)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">165.8650, 11.4056, -18.2986</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">62.6090, -8.0418, -7.1586</a>

# Details

The Yxy color **39.1989, 0.2768, 0.3047** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **38.6873, 0.3550, 0.3521**, and the grayscale version is **38.0137, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **73.6729, 0.2834, 0.3093**, and **17.5902, 0.2664, 0.2970** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **34.9241, 0.2614, 0.2926**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **43.9148, 0.2923, 0.3158**.

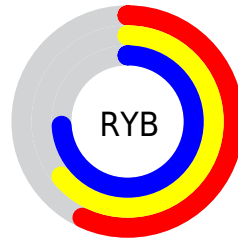
# Distribution



Red (57%)

Green (67%)

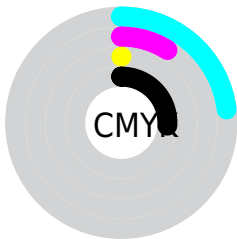
Blue (74%)



Red (57%)

Yellow (64%)

Blue (74%)

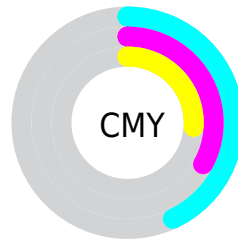


Cyan (23%)

Magenta (9%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (26%)



Cyan (43%)

Magenta (33%)

Yellow (26%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 39.1989, 0.2768, 0.3047 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 39.1989, 0.2768, 0.3047 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 39.1989, 0.2768,  
0.3047


 39.1989, 0.2768,  
0.3047


342.7354, 0.2951,  
0.3173

 26.9145, 0.2721,  
0.3014


 73.9421, 0.2835,  
0.3094

 17.5090, 0.2661,  
0.2971


 97.1696, 0.2860,  
0.3111

 10.5981, 0.2580,  
0.2912


124.8137, 0.2881,  
0.3126

 5.7973, 0.2465,  
0.2827

157.2586, 0.2899,  
0.3138

 2.7222, 0.2291,  
0.2694

194.8889, 0.2915,  
0.3149

 0.9885, 0.1996,  
0.2460

238.0888, 0.2928,

 0.0000, 0.0000,

0.3158

0.0000

287.2429, 0.2940,  
0.3166

■ 39.1989, 0.2768,  
0.3047

■ 39.1989, 0.2768,  
0.3047

■ 34.9241, 0.2614,  
0.2926

■ 43.9148, 0.2923,  
0.3158

■ 31.0692, 0.2465,  
0.2795

■ 49.0827, 0.3077,  
0.3259

■ 27.6178, 0.2324,  
0.2656

■ 54.7186, 0.3227,  
0.3349

■ 24.5507, 0.2195,  
0.2511

■ 60.8365, 0.3371,  
0.3430

■ 21.8464, 0.2084,  
0.2363

■ 67.4497, 0.3509,  
0.3501

■ 19.4805, 0.1991,  
0.2214

■ 73.9275, 0.3614,  
0.3566

■ 17.4241, 0.1920,  
0.2068

■ 77.7423, 0.3596,  
0.3638

■ 16.1854, 0.1881,  
0.1972

■ 81.7248, 0.3578,  
0.3709

■ 85.8773, 0.3560,  
0.3779

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



39.1989, 0.2776, 0.3191



39.1989, 0.2768, 0.3047



39.1989, 0.2853, 0.2973

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



39.1989, 0.2768, 0.3047



39.1989, 0.3383, 0.3207



39.1989, 0.3235, 0.3621

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



39.1989, 0.2768, 0.3047



38.6873, 0.3550, 0.3521

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



39.1989, 0.3404, 0.3615



39.1989, 0.2768, 0.3047



39.1989, 0.3492, 0.3371

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



39.1989, 0.2768, 0.3047



39.1989, 0.3205, 0.3067



39.1989, 0.3499, 0.3521



39.1989, 0.3042, 0.3530



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



39.1989, 0.2768, 0.3047



39.1989, 0.2952, 0.2970



39.1989, 0.3499, 0.3521



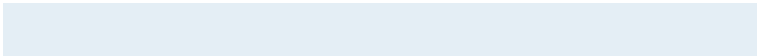
39.1989, 0.3297, 0.3630

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



39.2005, 0.2768, 0.3047



84.2784, 0.3019, 0.3222



45.0187, 0.2975, 0.3682



18.0037, 0.3010, 0.3216



95.5105, 0.3127, 0.3290



19.5994, 0.3127, 0.3290

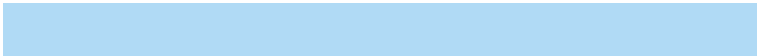


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



39.2005, 0.2768, 0.3047



66.1671, 0.2688, 0.2986



31.5335, 0.2742, 0.2721



10.1744, 0.2984, 0.3199



11.0403, 0.1886, 0.1990



0.5556, 0.1982, 0.2336



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



34.0365, 0.3319, 0.2930



55.6082, 0.3372, 0.2847



47.0906, 0.3488, 0.3801



9.6322, 0.3195, 0.3150



8.1442, 0.4464, 0.2233



0.3314, 0.4089, 0.2026



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 39.1989, 0.2768, 0.3047 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

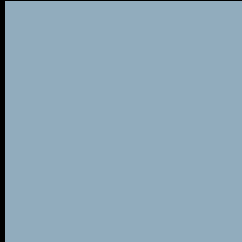
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 39.1989, 0.2768, 0.3047 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

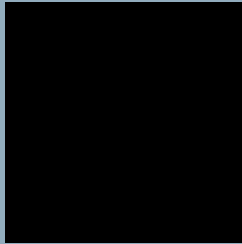
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

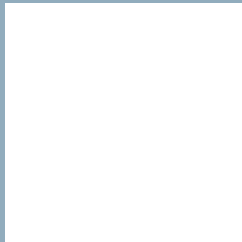
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 39.1989, 0.2768, 0.3047**

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 39.1989, 0.2768, 0.3047.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 39.1989, 0.2768, 0.3047.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

39.1989, 0.2768, 0.3047

### Protanopia

39.2896, 0.2961, 0.3029

### Deuteranopia

38.8402, 0.2982, 0.2914



## Tritanopia

38.9795, 0.2782, 0.3088

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

39.1989, 0.2768, 0.3047

## Protanomaly

39.2329, 0.2886, 0.3039

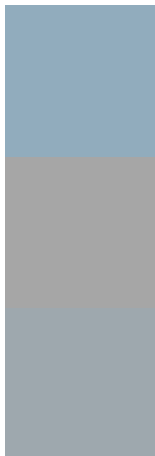
## Deuteranomaly

38.7767, 0.2903, 0.2960

## Tritanomaly

39.0222, 0.2775, 0.3074

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

39.1989, 0.2768, 0.3047

## Achromatopsia

38.1326, 0.3127, 0.3290

## Achromatomaly

38.3304, 0.2988, 0.3204

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 39.1989, 0.2768, 0.3047 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(145, 172, 189)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(145, 172, 189)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(145, 172, 189) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(145, 172, 189) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 39.1989, 0.2768, 0.3047 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(145, 172, 189) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(145, 172, 189) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(145, 172, 189) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(145, 172, 189); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(145, 172, 189);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(145, 172,  
189) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 39.1989, 0.2768, 0.3047 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(145, 172, 189) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(145,  
172, 189) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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