

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(39.3444, 0.4333, 0.3107)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(39.3444, 0.4333, 0.3107)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(39.0671, 0.4324, 0.3108)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FF8193
RGB	255, 129, 147
RGB Percent	100%, 51%, 58%
CMY	0.0001, 0.4940, 0.4235
CMYK	0.00, 0.49, 0.42, 0.00
HSL	351°, 100%, 75%
HSV	351°, 49%, 100%
XYZ	54.3520, 39.0671, 32.2794
YIQ	168.7260, 69.3180, 32.3100

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

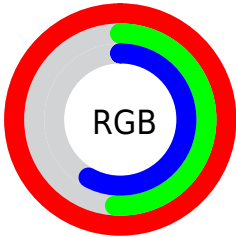
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">255, 129, 147</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">16744851</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">68.80, 49.50, 12.85</a>
CIElCh	<a href="#">69, 51.138, 14.552</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">39.0671, 0.4324, 0.3108</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4294934931 (0xFFFF8193)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">168.7260, -10.7109, 75.6623</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">62.5037, 45.8388, 13.1329</a>

# Details

The Yxy color **39.0671, 0.4324, 0.3108** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF9999**. A complement of this color would be **82.2924, 0.2555, 0.3498**, and the grayscale version is **39.5646, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **59.7580, 0.3593, 0.3115**, and **17.3646, 0.4680, 0.3018** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **32.5456, 0.4725, 0.3085**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **47.3987, 0.3978, 0.3142**.

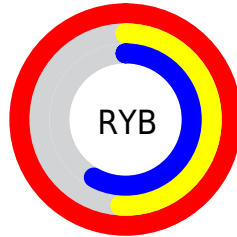
# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (51%)

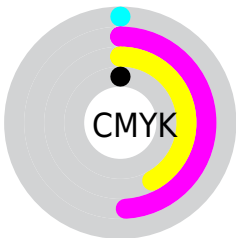
Blue (58%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (51%)

Blue (58%)

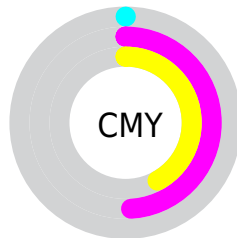


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (49%)

Yellow (42%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (49%)


Yellow (42%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 39.0671, 0.4324, 0.3108 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 39.0671, 0.4324, 0.3108 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 39.0671, 0.4324,  
0.3108


 39.0671, 0.4324,  
0.3108


342.1757, 0.3704,  
0.3220


 26.8119, 0.4484,  
0.3074


 73.7408, 0.4095,  
0.3154

 17.4320, 0.4691,  
0.3025

 96.9281, 0.4010,  
0.3169

 10.5430, 0.4970,  
0.2955


 124.5283, 0.3938,  
0.3182

 5.7604, 0.5361,  
0.2845

156.9257, 0.3877,  
0.3192

 2.7000, 0.5940,  
0.2656

194.5048, 0.3825,  
0.3201

 0.9772, 0.7185,  
0.2414

237.6499, 0.3779,


 0.0000, 1.0000,


0.3208

0.0000

286.7454, 0.3739,  
0.3214


 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000


 39.0671, 0.4324,  
0.3108


 39.0671, 0.4324,  
0.3108


 32.5456, 0.4725,  
0.3085


 47.3987, 0.3978,  
0.3142


 27.6938, 0.5163,  
0.3080


 57.6551, 0.3691,  
0.3180

 24.3603, 0.5596,  
0.3099

 69.9487, 0.3458,  
0.3219

 22.3635, 0.5969,  
0.3146

 84.3815, 0.3270,  
0.3257

 21.4280, 0.6229,  
0.3209

99.9968, 0.3127,  
0.3290

 21.3866, 0.6242,  
0.3212

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



39.0671, 0.3645, 0.2624



39.0671, 0.4324, 0.3108



39.0671, 0.4627, 0.3660

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



39.0671, 0.4324, 0.3108



39.0671, 0.3231, 0.4634



39.0671, 0.1905, 0.2247

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



39.0671, 0.4324, 0.3108



82.2924, 0.2555, 0.3498

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



39.0671, 0.1827, 0.2634



39.0671, 0.4324, 0.3108



39.0671, 0.2535, 0.4120

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



39.0671, 0.4324, 0.3108



39.0671, 0.3936, 0.4611



39.0671, 0.2037, 0.3316



39.0671, 0.2260, 0.2143



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



39.0671, 0.4324, 0.3108



39.0671, 0.4564, 0.4030



39.0671, 0.2037, 0.3316



39.0671, 0.1848, 0.2342

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



39.0691, 0.4324, 0.3108



76.0421, 0.3370, 0.3236



40.7727, 0.3018, 0.2033



15.6412, 0.3411, 0.3228



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



39.0691, 0.4324, 0.3108



32.7787, 0.4708, 0.3086



52.7705, 0.4275, 0.3750



18.0293, 0.3272, 0.3256



11.1893, 0.6213, 0.3196



1.1016, 0.5950, 0.3051



# Inverse Universe

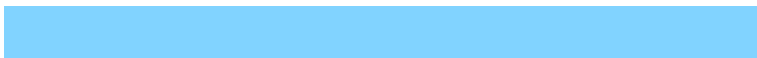
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



39.0691, 0.4324, 0.3108



32.7787, 0.4708, 0.3086



58.4244, 0.2376, 0.2756



18.0293, 0.3272, 0.3256



11.1893, 0.6213, 0.3196

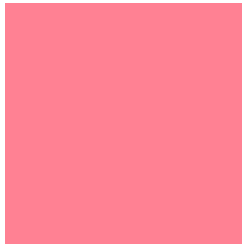


1.1016, 0.5950, 0.3051



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 39.0671, 0.4324, 0.3108 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 39.0671, 0.4324, 0.3108 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 39.0671, 0.4324, 0.3108**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 39.0671, 0.4324, 0.3108.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 39.0671, 0.4324, 0.3108.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

39.0671, 0.4324, 0.3108

### Protanopia

39.0854, 0.3164, 0.3290

### Deuteranopia

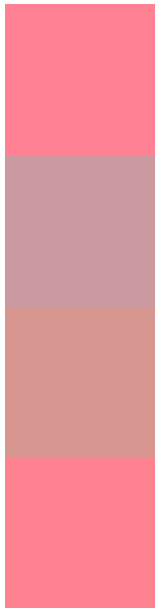
39.2630, 0.3629, 0.3557



## Tritanopia

38.9295, 0.4392, 0.3190

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

39.0671, 0.4324, 0.3108

**Protanomaly**

37.8771, 0.3558, 0.3201

**Deuteranomaly**

38.4252, 0.3877, 0.3366

**Tritanomaly**

39.0193, 0.4357, 0.3159

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

39.0671, 0.4324, 0.3108

**Achromatopsia**

39.6755, 0.3127, 0.3290

**Achromatomaly**

37.9638, 0.3525, 0.3201

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 39.0671, 0.4324, 0.3108 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 129, 147)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 129, 147)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 129, 147) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 129, 147) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 39.0671, 0.4324, 0.3108 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 129, 147) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 129, 147) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 129, 147)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 129, 147); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 129, 147);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 129,  
147) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 39.0671, 0.4324, 0.3108 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 129, 147) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
129, 147) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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