

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(39.3901, 0.2913, 0.2312)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(39.3901, 0.2913, 0.2312)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(39.3901, 0.2913, 0.2312)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	CB93E8
RGB	203, 147, 232
RGB Percent	80%, 58%, 91%
CMY	0.2039, 0.4235, 0.0901
CMYK	0.13, 0.37, 0.00, 0.09
HSL	280°, 65%, 74%
HSV	280°, 37%, 91%
XYZ	49.6295, 39.3901, 81.3528
YIQ	173.4340, 6.0910, 38.3070

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

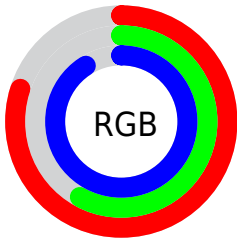
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	203, 147, 232
Decimal	13341672
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	69.03, 36.11, -34.87
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	69, 50.198, 315.995
Yxy	39.3901, 0.2913, 0.2312
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291531752 (0xFFCB93E8)
YUV	173.4340, 28.8730, 25.9294
Hunter-Lab	62.7615, 31.3185, -32.9199

# Details

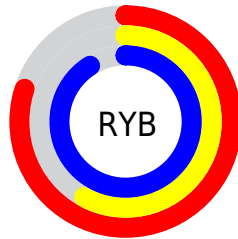
The Yxy color **39.3901, 0.2913, 0.2312** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC99FF**. A complement of this color would be **69.0712, 0.3267, 0.4336**, and the grayscale version is **41.8706, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **70.7211, 0.3151, 0.2772**, and **17.6149, 0.2842, 0.2073** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **31.8045, 0.2834, 0.2035**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **48.4911, 0.2984, 0.2592**.

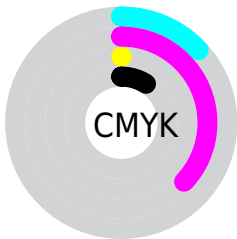
# Distribution



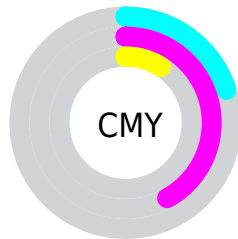
- Red (80%)
- Green (58%)
- Blue (91%)



- Red (80%)
- Yellow (58%)
- Blue (91%)



- Cyan (13%)
- Magenta (37%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (9%)




- Cyan (20%)
- Magenta (42%)
- Yellow (9%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 39.3901, 0.2913, 0.2312 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 39.3901, 0.2913, 0.2312 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 39.3901, 0.2913,  
0.2312


 39.3901, 0.2913,  
0.2312


343.5462, 0.3033,  
0.2774

 27.0633, 0.2880,  
0.2206


 74.2339, 0.2959,  
0.2473

 17.6208, 0.2836,  
0.2074


 97.5197, 0.2976,  
0.2536

 10.6781, 0.2775,  
0.1909


125.2273, 0.2990,  
0.2589

 5.8508, 0.2688,  
0.1695

157.7411, 0.3001,  
0.2636

 2.7546, 0.2554,  
0.1412

195.4455, 0.3011,  
0.2677

 1.0050, 0.2331,  
0.1031

238.7249, 0.3020,


 0.0000, 0.2032,


0.2713


0.0000


287.9636, 0.3027,  
0.2745

 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000


 39.3901, 0.2913,  
0.2312


 39.3901, 0.2913,  
0.2312


 31.8045, 0.2834,  
0.2035


 48.4911, 0.2984,  
0.2592


 25.6404, 0.2747,  
0.1773

 59.1840, 0.3045,  
0.2865


 20.8012, 0.2655,  
0.1539

 71.5461, 0.3097,  
0.3126

 17.1757, 0.2561,  
0.1343

 85.6479, 0.3141,  
0.3370

 14.6336, 0.2469,  
0.1195

 96.3335, 0.3183,  
0.3518

■ 13.0104, 0.2382,  
0.1096

■ 97.7709, 0.3233,  
0.3514

■ 12.5803, 0.2353,  
0.1070

■ 98.6079, 0.3262,  
0.3512

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



39.3901, 0.2300, 0.2165



39.3901, 0.2913, 0.2312



39.3901, 0.3671, 0.2656

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



39.3901, 0.2913, 0.2312



39.3901, 0.4418, 0.4215



39.3901, 0.2041, 0.3279

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



39.3901, 0.2913, 0.2312



69.0712, 0.3267, 0.4336

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



39.3901, 0.2519, 0.4066



39.3901, 0.2913, 0.2312



39.3901, 0.3893, 0.4596

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



39.3901, 0.2913, 0.2312



39.3901, 0.4599, 0.3684



39.3901, 0.3197, 0.4591



39.3901, 0.1847, 0.2623



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



39.3901, 0.2913, 0.2312



39.3901, 0.4137, 0.2967



39.3901, 0.3197, 0.4591



39.3901, 0.2170, 0.3543

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



39.3917, 0.2913, 0.2312



81.6192, 0.3075, 0.3013



43.3815, 0.2514, 0.2580



17.0238, 0.3068, 0.2977



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



39.3917, 0.2913, 0.2312



41.5085, 0.2854, 0.2101



43.1580, 0.3283, 0.2505



14.3559, 0.3083, 0.3054



7.0542, 0.2367, 0.1077



0.5721, 0.2491, 0.1146



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



41.1651, 0.3708, 0.2960



44.1858, 0.3888, 0.2893



66.4628, 0.3005, 0.4229



14.4488, 0.3239, 0.3210



9.8607, 0.5604, 0.2861

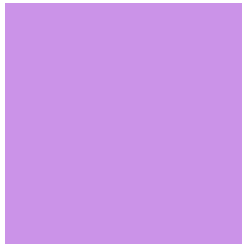


0.7456, 0.5195, 0.2635



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 39.3901, 0.2913, 0.2312 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

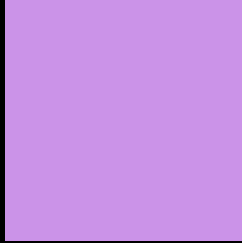
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 39.3901, 0.2913, 0.2312 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

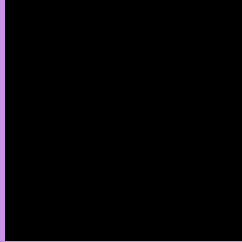
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 39.3901, 0.2913, 0.2312**

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 39.3901, 0.2913, 0.2312.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 39.3901, 0.2913, 0.2312.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**

39.3901, 0.2913, 0.2312

**Protanopia**

39.7386, 0.2379, 0.2273

**Deuteranopia**

39.5493, 0.2552, 0.2487



## Tritanopia

39.2442, 0.3348, 0.3121

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

39.3901, 0.2913, 0.2312



## Protanomaly

39.0996, 0.2542, 0.2272



## Deuteranomaly

39.1113, 0.2678, 0.2417



## Tritanomaly

39.2080, 0.3179, 0.2801

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

39.3901, 0.2913, 0.2312



## Achromatopsia

41.7885, 0.3127, 0.3290



## Achromatomaly

40.6363, 0.3055, 0.2902

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 39.3901, 0.2913, 0.2312 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(203, 147, 232)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(203, 147, 232)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(203, 147, 232) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(203, 147, 232) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 39.3901, 0.2913, 0.2312 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(203, 147, 232) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(203, 147, 232) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(203, 147, 232)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(203, 147, 232); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(203, 147, 232);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(203, 147,  
232) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 39.3901, 0.2913, 0.2312 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(203, 147, 232) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(203,  
147, 232) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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