

# Converting Colors

$Yxy(39.3914, 0.2504, 0.2454)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(39.3914, 0.2504, 0.2454)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(39.2450, 0.2500, 0.2447)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	93A6E7
RGB	147, 166, 231
RGB Percent	58%, 65%, 91%
CMY	0.4233, 0.3490, 0.0942
CMYK	0.36, 0.28, 0.00, 0.09
HSL	226°, 64%, 74%
HSV	226°, 36%, 91%
XYZ	40.0950, 39.2450, 81.0400
YIQ	167.7290, -32.1890, 16.1870

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

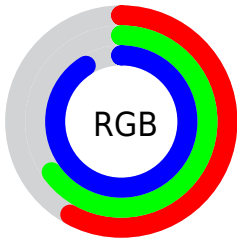
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	147, 162, 231
Decimal	9676519
CIELab	68.93, 8.92, -34.82
CIELCh	69, 35.946, 284.369
Yxy	39.2450, 0.2500, 0.2447
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287866599 (0xFF93A6E7)
YUV	167.7290, 31.1926, -18.1793
Hunter-Lab	62.6458, 4.6146, -32.8468

# Details

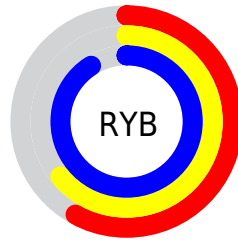
The Yxy color **39.2450, 0.2500, 0.2447** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **9999CC**. A complement of this color would be **66.1895, 0.3741, 0.4009**, and the grayscale version is **38.8785, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **71.6294, 0.2798, 0.2924**, and **17.4569, 0.2322, 0.2218** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **31.2651, 0.2307, 0.2164**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **48.5606, 0.2688, 0.2711**.

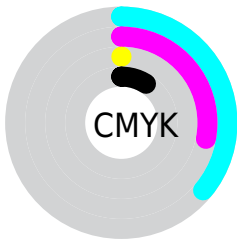
# Distribution



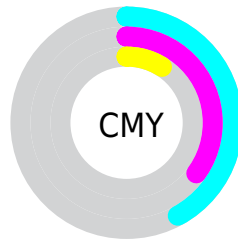
- Red (58%)
- Green (65%)
- Blue (91%)



- Red (58%)
- Yellow (64%)
- Blue (91%)



- Cyan (36%)
- Magenta (28%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (9%)



- Cyan (42%)
- Magenta (35%)
- Yellow (9%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 39.2450, 0.2500, 0.2447 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 39.2450, 0.2500, 0.2447 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 39.2450, 0.2500,  
0.2447

■ 39.2450, 0.2500,  
0.2447

342.9310, 0.2817,  
0.2861

■ 26.9504, 0.2422,  
0.2348

■ 74.0124, 0.2615,  
0.2595

■ 17.5360, 0.2322,  
0.2223

■ 97.2541, 0.2658,  
0.2651

■ 10.6173, 0.2191,  
0.2063

124.9135, 0.2695,  
0.2699

■ 5.8102, 0.2013,  
0.1850

157.3750, 0.2726,  
0.2740

■ 2.7300, 0.1762,  
0.1560

195.0232, 0.2753,  
0.2776

■ 0.9924, 0.1393,  
0.1154

238.2423, 0.2777,

■ 0.0000, 0.0336,

0.2808

0.0000

287.4168, 0.2798,  
0.2836

0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

39.2450, 0.2500,  
0.2447

39.2450, 0.2500,  
0.2447

31.2651, 0.2307,  
0.2164

48.5606, 0.2688,  
0.2711

24.5533, 0.2118,  
0.1872

59.2658, 0.2866,  
0.2952

19.0432, 0.1941,  
0.1581

71.4173, 0.3030,  
0.3167

14.6595, 0.1787,  
0.1308

85.0669, 0.3181,  
0.3357

11.3181, 0.1666,  
0.1070

98.5478, 0.3268,  
0.3523

■ 8.9201, 0.1584,  
0.0879

■ 8.2373, 0.1562,  
0.0822

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



39.2450, 0.2229, 0.2541



39.2450, 0.2500, 0.2447



39.2450, 0.2953, 0.2545

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



39.2450, 0.2500, 0.2447



39.2450, 0.4185, 0.3592



39.2450, 0.2722, 0.3858

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



39.2450, 0.2500, 0.2447



66.1895, 0.3741, 0.4009

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



39.2450, 0.3229, 0.4205



39.2450, 0.2500, 0.2447



39.2450, 0.4091, 0.3980

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



39.2450, 0.2500, 0.2447



39.2450, 0.3963, 0.3175



39.2450, 0.3733, 0.4229



39.2450, 0.2344, 0.3328



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



39.2450, 0.2500, 0.2447



39.2450, 0.3314, 0.2703



39.2450, 0.3733, 0.4229



39.2450, 0.2882, 0.4004

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



39.2465, 0.2500, 0.2447



81.9812, 0.2954, 0.3068



68.0650, 0.2719, 0.3531



17.1058, 0.2932, 0.3039



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



39.2465, 0.2500, 0.2447



41.0964, 0.2348, 0.2225



35.1325, 0.2638, 0.2243



14.4124, 0.2980, 0.3102



4.7726, 0.1568, 0.0845



0.4904, 0.1643, 0.1114



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



40.6193, 0.3804, 0.3074



43.6771, 0.4028, 0.3027



72.7387, 0.3505, 0.4247



14.4210, 0.3257, 0.3237



9.6795, 0.5998, 0.3078

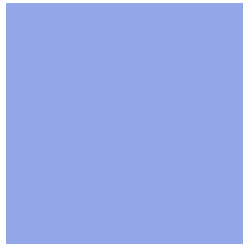


0.7292, 0.5590, 0.2853



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 39.2450, 0.2500, 0.2447 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

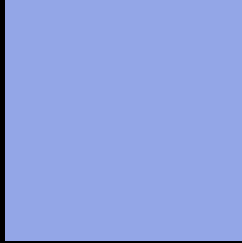
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 39.2450, 0.2500, 0.2447 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

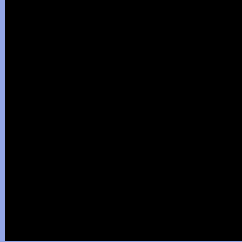
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 39.2450, 0.2500, 0.2447**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 39.2450, 0.2500, 0.2447.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 39.2450, 0.2500, 0.2447.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

39.2450, 0.2500, 0.2447

### Protanopia

39.4315, 0.2513, 0.2450

### Deuteranopia

39.3379, 0.2506, 0.2448



## Tritanopia

39.2213, 0.2717, 0.3086

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

39.2450, 0.2500, 0.2447

## Protanomaly

39.3379, 0.2506, 0.2448

## Deuteranomaly

39.3379, 0.2506, 0.2448

## Tritanomaly

39.1482, 0.2634, 0.2830

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

39.2450, 0.2500, 0.2447

## Achromatopsia

39.1572, 0.3127, 0.3290

## Achromatomaly

38.8726, 0.2871, 0.2958

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 39.2450, 0.2500, 0.2447 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(147, 166, 231)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(147, 166, 231)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(147, 166, 231) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(147, 166, 231) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 39.2450, 0.2500, 0.2447 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(147, 166, 231) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(147, 166, 231) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(147, 166, 231)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(147, 166, 231); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(147, 166, 231);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(147, 166,  
231) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 39.2450, 0.2500, 0.2447 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(147, 166, 231) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(147,  
166, 231) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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