

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(39.6589, 0.1968, 0.2262)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(39.6589, 0.1968, 0.2262)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(39.5458, 0.1970, 0.2269)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	0DB3FF
RGB	13, 179, 255
RGB Percent	5%, 70%, 100%
CMY	0.9480, 0.2980, 0.0001
CMYK	0.95, 0.30, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	199°, 100%, 53%
HSV	199°, 95%, 100%
XYZ	34.3346, 39.5458, 100.4069
YIQ	138.0300, -123.3320, -11.5560

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

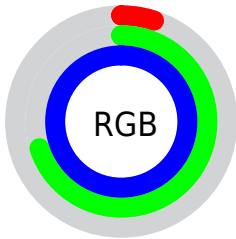
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	13, 111, 255
Decimal	898047
CIE Lab	69.14, -10.91, -47.87
CIE LCh	69, 49.095, 257.164
Yxy	39.5458, 0.1970, 0.2269
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279088127 (0xFF0DB3FF)
YUV	138.0300, 57.6662, -109.6513
Hunter-Lab	62.8855, -12.5909, -50.6464

# Details

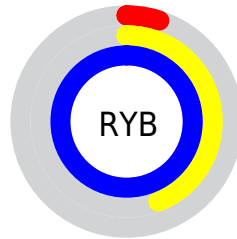
The Yxy color **39.5458, 0.1970, 0.2269** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **3399CC**. The color can be described as middle saturated azure. A complement of this color would be **28.4684, 0.5840, 0.3703**, and the grayscale version is **25.2703, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **70.2815, 0.2380, 0.3050**, and **19.2560, 0.1907, 0.2065** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **37.8133, 0.1947, 0.2208**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **43.1926, 0.2027, 0.2389**.

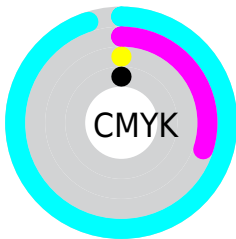
# Distribution



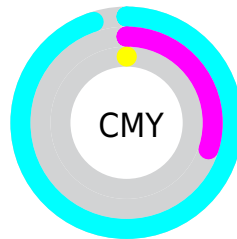
- Red (5%)
- Green (70%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (5%)
- Yellow (44%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (95%)
- Magenta (30%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (95%)
- Magenta (30%)
- Yellow (0%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 39.5458, 0.1970, 0.2269 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 39.5458, 0.1970, 0.2269 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 39.5458, 0.1970,  
0.2269


 39.5458, 0.1970,  
0.2269

344.2055, 0.2525,  
0.2776


 27.1846, 0.1843,  
0.2149


 74.4714, 0.2164,  
0.2449


 17.7119, 0.1687,  
0.1999


 97.8045, 0.2239,  
0.2518


 10.7433, 0.1494,  
0.1810


 125.5638, 0.2304,  
0.2577

 5.8945, 0.1252,  
0.1566

 158.1335, 0.2360,  
0.2628

 2.7811, 0.0949,  
0.1249

 195.8982, 0.2409,  
0.2672

 1.0185, 0.0578,  
0.0846

239.2421, 0.2453,

 0.0000, 0.0000,

0.2711

0.0000

288.5498, 0.2491,  
0.2745

■ 39.5458, 0.1970,  
0.2269

■ 39.5458, 0.1970,  
0.2269

■ 37.8133, 0.1947,  
0.2208

■ 43.1926, 0.2027,  
0.2389

■ 47.3608, 0.2104,  
0.2510

■ 52.1126, 0.2202,  
0.2631

■ 57.4978, 0.2318,  
0.2750

■ 63.5599, 0.2449,  
0.2865

■ 70.3374, 0.2592,  
0.2973

■ 77.8655, 0.2742,  
0.3074

■ 86.1766, 0.2897,  
0.3168

■ 95.3010, 0.3053,  
0.3252

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



39.5458, 0.1871, 0.2620



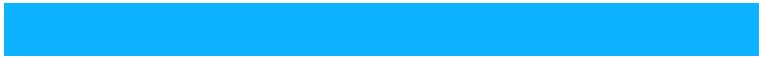
39.5458, 0.1970, 0.2269



39.5458, 0.2336, 0.2189

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



39.5458, 0.1970, 0.2269



39.5458, 0.4314, 0.3164



39.5458, 0.3170, 0.4547

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



39.5458, 0.1970, 0.2269



28.4684, 0.5840, 0.3703

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



39.5458, 0.3854, 0.4576



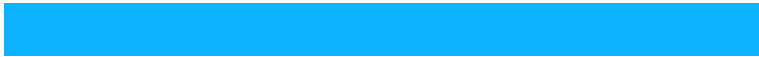
39.5458, 0.1970, 0.2269



39.5458, 0.4567, 0.3701

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



39.5458, 0.1970, 0.2269



39.5458, 0.3688, 0.2686



39.5458, 0.4377, 0.4218

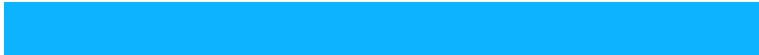


39.5458, 0.2511, 0.4018



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



39.5458, 0.1970, 0.2269



39.5458, 0.2720, 0.2267



39.5458, 0.4377, 0.4218



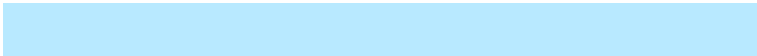
39.5458, 0.3405, 0.4613

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



39.5471, 0.1970, 0.2269



75.3893, 0.2693, 0.3043



72.2582, 0.2879, 0.5534



15.4435, 0.2629, 0.2999



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290

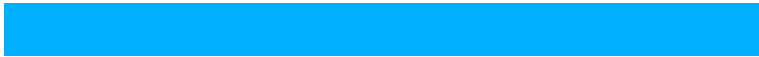


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



39.5471, 0.1970, 0.2269



37.8225, 0.1947, 0.2208



10.7085, 0.1578, 0.0848



19.4617, 0.2980, 0.3214



20.0426, 0.1952, 0.2227



2.1474, 0.1990, 0.2363



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



24.8042, 0.4156, 0.2082



24.3493, 0.4224, 0.2101



65.7315, 0.4571, 0.4729



18.1975, 0.3186, 0.3128



12.7513, 0.4203, 0.2089

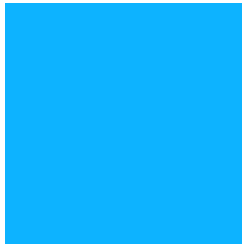


1.2613, 0.4061, 0.2011



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 39.5458, 0.1970, 0.2269 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

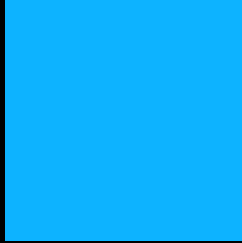
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 39.5458, 0.1970, 0.2269 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

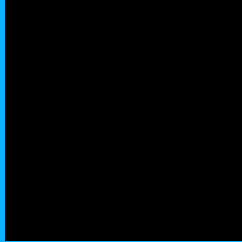
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

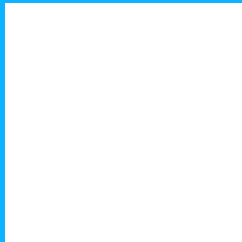
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 39.5458, 0.1970, 0.2269**

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 39.5458, 0.1970, 0.2269.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 39.5458, 0.1970, 0.2269.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

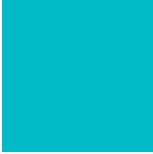
39.5458, 0.1970, 0.2269

### Protanopia

39.1321, 0.2398, 0.2300

### Deuteranopia

39.1425, 0.2240, 0.2182



## **Tritanopia**

39.2879, 0.2186, 0.3069

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

39.5458, 0.1970, 0.2269

**Protanomaly**

37.8977, 0.2146, 0.2267

**Deuteranomaly**

38.2306, 0.2078, 0.2190

**Tritanomaly**

39.0665, 0.2097, 0.2739

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

39.5458, 0.1970, 0.2269

**Achromatopsia**

25.4152, 0.3127, 0.3290

**Achromatomaly**

28.4458, 0.2410, 0.2827

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 39.5458, 0.1970, 0.2269 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(13, 179, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(13, 179, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(13, 179, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(13, 179, 255) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 39.5458, 0.1970, 0.2269 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(13, 179, 255) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(13, 179, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(13, 179, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(13, 179, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(13, 179, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(13, 179,  
255) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 39.5458, 0.1970, 0.2269 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(13, 179, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(13, 179,  
255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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