

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(40.2903, 0.3189, 0.1971)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(40.2903, 0.3189, 0.1971)  
contains.

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**Color**

**Yxy(40.2903, 0.3189, 0.1971)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FF71FF
RGB	255, 113, 255
RGB Percent	100%, 44%, 100%
CMY	0.0001, 0.5568, 0.0001
CMYK	0.00, 0.56, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	300°, 100%, 72%
HSV	300°, 56%, 100%
XYZ	65.1881, 40.2903, 98.9371
YIQ	171.6460, 39.0500, 74.2660

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

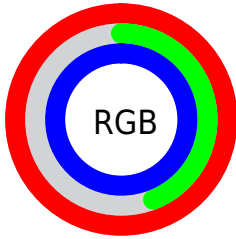
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">255, 113, 255</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">16740863</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">69.68, 71.65, -46.00</a>
CIElCh	<a href="#">70, 85.143, 327.300</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">40.2903, 0.3189, 0.1971</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4294930943 (0xFFFF71FF)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">171.6460, 41.0935, 73.1015</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">63.4746, 72.2379, -47.9823</a>

# Details

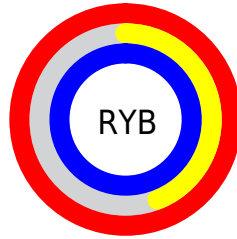
The Yxy color **40.2903, 0.3189, 0.1971** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF66FF**. A complement of this color would be **76.2173, 0.3043, 0.5091**, and the grayscale version is **40.8452, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **57.6058, 0.3166, 0.2469**, and **18.1353, 0.3165, 0.1692** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **35.3779, 0.3197, 0.1803**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **46.8042, 0.3179, 0.2174**.

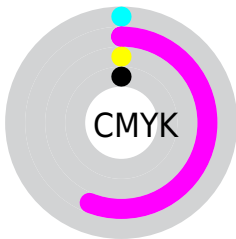
# Distribution



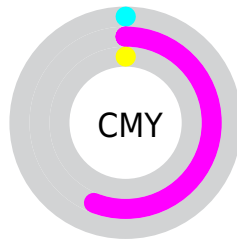
- Red (100%)
- Green (44%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (100%)
- Yellow (44%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (56%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (56%)
- Yellow (0%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 40.2903, 0.3189, 0.1971 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 40.2903, 0.3189, 0.1971 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 40.2903, 0.3189,  
0.1971


 40.2903, 0.3189,  
0.1971


347.3456, 0.3188,  
0.2557


 27.7650, 0.3182,  
0.1846


 75.6054, 0.3194,  
0.2168

 18.1486, 0.3171,  
0.1695


 99.1639, 0.3194,  
0.2247

 11.0567, 0.3151,  
0.1514


 127.1689, 0.3194,  
0.2315

 6.1050, 0.3116,  
0.1292

160.0049, 0.3193,  
0.2375

 2.9090, 0.3053,  
0.1020

198.0561, 0.3192,  
0.2429

 1.0844, 0.2935,  
0.0691

241.7071, 0.3191,

 0.0000, 0.2791,

0.2476

0.0000

291.3421, 0.3189,  
0.2519

0.0000, 0.2191,  
0.0000

0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

40.2903, 0.3189,  
0.1971

40.2903, 0.3189,  
0.1971

35.3779, 0.3197,  
0.1803

46.8042, 0.3179,  
0.2174

31.9240, 0.3203,  
0.1676


55.0358, 0.3169,  
0.2403


29.7695, 0.3207,  
0.1593

65.0970, 0.3157,  
0.2649

28.7153, 0.3209,  
0.1551

77.0884, 0.3145,  
0.2901

 28.4751, 0.3209,  
0.1541

 91.1037, 0.3134,  
0.3151

99.9967, 0.3127,  
0.3290

99.9969, 0.3127,  
0.3290

99.9970, 0.3127,  
0.3290

99.9972, 0.3127,  
0.3290

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



40.2903, 0.2124, 0.1653



40.2903, 0.3189, 0.1971



40.2903, 0.4481, 0.2532

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



40.2903, 0.3189, 0.1971



40.2903, 0.4755, 0.4843



40.2903, 0.1299, 0.2718

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



40.2903, 0.3189, 0.1971



76.2173, 0.3043, 0.5091

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



40.2903, 0.1779, 0.4105



40.2903, 0.3189, 0.1971



40.2903, 0.3763, 0.5537

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



40.2903, 0.3189, 0.1971



40.2903, 0.5406, 0.3999



40.2903, 0.2685, 0.5396



40.2903, 0.1226, 0.1922



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



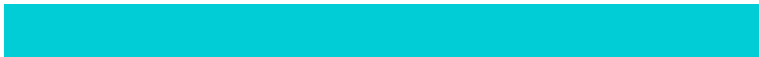
40.2903, 0.3189, 0.1971



40.2903, 0.5160, 0.2989



40.2903, 0.2685, 0.5396



40.2903, 0.1408, 0.3124

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



40.2921, 0.3189, 0.1971



75.3919, 0.3147, 0.2867



23.0830, 0.2048, 0.1523



15.5986, 0.3149, 0.2817



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



40.2921, 0.3189, 0.1971



34.8429, 0.3198, 0.1784



36.6349, 0.3907, 0.2554



18.3004, 0.3138, 0.3056



14.8806, 0.3209, 0.1541



1.4489, 0.3209, 0.1542



# Inverse Universe

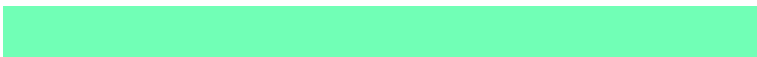
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



34.2668, 0.4820, 0.3295



28.2665, 0.5368, 0.3297



78.3867, 0.2743, 0.4217



17.9871, 0.3295, 0.3291



11.1088, 0.6401, 0.3300



1.0816, 0.6401, 0.3300



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 40.2903, 0.3189, 0.1971 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

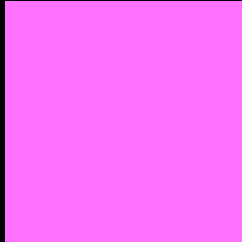
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 40.2903, 0.3189, 0.1971 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

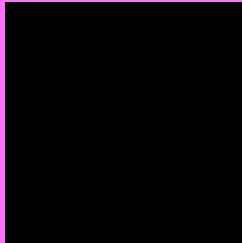
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 40.2903, 0.3189, 0.1971**

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 40.2903, 0.3189, 0.1971.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 40.2903, 0.3189, 0.1971.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

40.2903, 0.3189, 0.1971

### Protanopia

40.7142, 0.2325, 0.2217

### Deuteranopia

40.6312, 0.2390, 0.2331



## Tritanopia

39.8678, 0.4103, 0.3172

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

40.2903, 0.3189, 0.1971



## Protanomaly

38.2236, 0.2573, 0.2062



## Deuteranomaly

38.2795, 0.2620, 0.2127

## Tritanomaly

39.4135, 0.3758, 0.2667

# Monochromacy



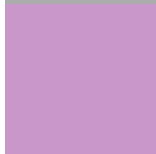
## Original Color

40.2903, 0.3189, 0.1971



## Achromatopsia

41.2543, 0.3127, 0.3290



## Achromatomaly

38.9540, 0.3156, 0.2668

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 40.2903, 0.3189, 0.1971 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 113, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 113, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 113, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 113, 255) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 40.2903, 0.3189, 0.1971 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 113, 255) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 113, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 113, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 113, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 113, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 113,  
255) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 40.2903, 0.3189, 0.1971 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 113, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
113, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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