

# Converting Colors

$Yxy(40.4316, 0.3189, 0.3233)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(40.4316, 0.3189, 0.3233)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(40.4488, 0.3185, 0.3236)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B2A8AC
RGB	178, 168, 172
RGB Percent	70%, 66%, 67%
CMY	0.3019, 0.3412, 0.3255
CMYK	0.00, 0.06, 0.03, 0.30
HSL	336°, 6%, 68%
HSV	336°, 6%, 70%
XYZ	39.8113, 40.4488, 44.7362
YIQ	171.4460, 4.6760, 3.3640

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

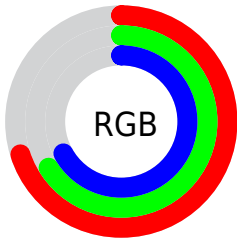
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">178, 168, 172</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">11708588</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">69.79, 4.33, -0.77</a>
CIElCh	<a href="#">70, 4.397, 349.872</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">40.4488, 0.3185, 0.3236</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4289898668</a> ( <a href="#">0xFFB2A8AC</a> )
YUV	<a href="#">171.4460, 0.2731, 5.7479</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">63.5994, 0.4368, 2.8146</a>

# Details

The Yxy color **40.4488, 0.3185, 0.3236** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **43.2289, 0.3073, 0.3345**, and the grayscale version is **40.9592, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **75.8138, 0.3178, 0.3248**, and **18.2068, 0.3195, 0.3215** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **33.9266, 0.3305, 0.3135**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **47.9074, 0.3086, 0.3330**.

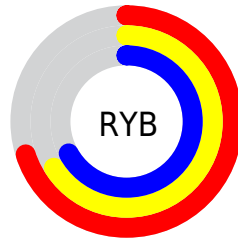
# Distribution



Red (70%)

Green (66%)

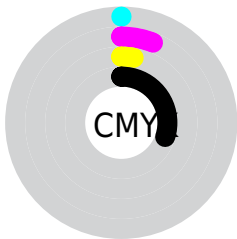
Blue (67%)



Red (70%)

Yellow (66%)

Blue (67%)

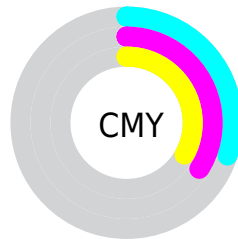


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (6%)

Yellow (3%)

Black (30%)



Cyan (30%)

Magenta (34%)


Yellow (33%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 40.4488, 0.3185, 0.3236 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 40.4488, 0.3185, 0.3236 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 40.4488, 0.3185,  
0.3236

 40.4488, 0.3185,  
0.3236


348.0116, 0.3155,  
0.3264

 27.8886, 0.3193,  
0.3229


 75.8464, 0.3174,  
0.3246

 18.2417, 0.3202,  
0.3220


 99.4527, 0.3170,  
0.3250

 11.1237, 0.3216,  
0.3207


127.5098, 0.3167,  
0.3253

 6.1501, 0.3235,  
0.3189

160.4022, 0.3164,  
0.3256

 2.9366, 0.3265,  
0.3162

198.5141, 0.3161,  
0.3258

 1.0987, 0.3318,  
0.3113

242.2301, 0.3159,

 0.0000, 0.7452,

0.3260

0.0000

291.9344, 0.3157,  
0.3262

0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

40.4488, 0.3185,  
0.3236

40.4488, 0.3185,  
0.3236

33.9266, 0.3305,  
0.3135

47.9074, 0.3086,  
0.3330

28.2985, 0.3450,  
0.3030

56.3322, 0.3005,  
0.3418

23.5266, 0.3625,  
0.2923

65.7581, 0.2939,  
0.3498

19.5684, 0.3833,  
0.2821

76.2167, 0.2884,  
0.3572

16.3775, 0.4076,  
0.2729

86.4502, 0.2837,  
0.3618

■ 13.9031, 0.4351,  
0.2660

■ 87.0544, 0.2783,  
0.3496

■ 12.0879, 0.4650,  
0.2626

■ 87.6958, 0.2730,  
0.3377

■ 10.8658, 0.4957,  
0.2638

■ 88.2069, 0.2691,  
0.3289

■ 10.1535, 0.5251,  
0.2701

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



40.4488, 0.3121, 0.3196



40.4488, 0.3185, 0.3236



40.4488, 0.3234, 0.3291

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



40.4488, 0.3185, 0.3236



40.4488, 0.3195, 0.3402



40.4488, 0.3002, 0.3233

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



40.4488, 0.3185, 0.3236



43.2289, 0.3073, 0.3345

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



40.4488, 0.3022, 0.3288



40.4488, 0.3185, 0.3236



40.4488, 0.3132, 0.3387

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



40.4488, 0.3185, 0.3236



40.4488, 0.3239, 0.3387



40.4488, 0.3069, 0.3345



40.4488, 0.3016, 0.3193



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



40.4488, 0.3185, 0.3236



40.4488, 0.3251, 0.3328



40.4488, 0.3069, 0.3345



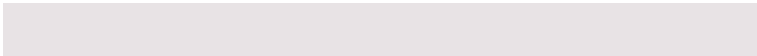
40.4488, 0.3005, 0.3250

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



40.4506, 0.3185, 0.3236



77.9981, 0.3147, 0.3271



40.2200, 0.3097, 0.3154



17.3121, 0.3146, 0.3272



91.1408, 0.3127, 0.3290



17.8868, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



40.4506, 0.3185, 0.3236



71.4661, 0.3201, 0.3221



40.6706, 0.3219, 0.3304



8.8426, 0.3205, 0.3218



7.1096, 0.5347, 0.2719



0.2354, 0.4611, 0.2314



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



40.4506, 0.3185, 0.3236



71.4661, 0.3201, 0.3221



42.9899, 0.3041, 0.3276



8.8426, 0.3205, 0.3218



7.1096, 0.5347, 0.2719

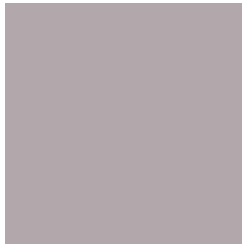


0.2354, 0.4611, 0.2314



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 40.4488, 0.3185, 0.3236 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

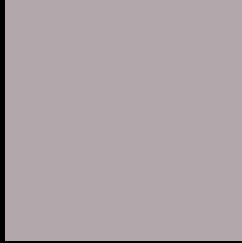
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 40.4488, 0.3185, 0.3236 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

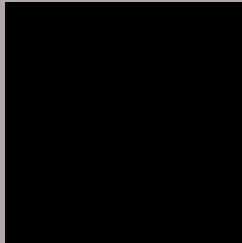
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

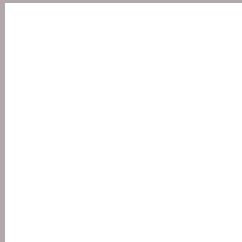
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 40.4488, 0.3185, 0.3236**

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 40.4488, 0.3185, 0.3236.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 40.4488, 0.3185, 0.3236.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

40.4488, 0.3185, 0.3236

### Protanopia

40.6508, 0.3129, 0.3249

### Deuteranopia

40.3665, 0.3254, 0.3184



## Tritanopia

40.5164, 0.3126, 0.3116

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

40.4488, 0.3185, 0.3236

## Protanomaly

40.5070, 0.3148, 0.3236

## Deuteranomaly

40.3568, 0.3225, 0.3197

## Tritanomaly

40.3955, 0.3152, 0.3156

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

40.4488, 0.3185, 0.3236

## Achromatopsia

40.7240, 0.3127, 0.3290

## Achromatomaly

40.6884, 0.3155, 0.3276

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 40.4488, 0.3185, 0.3236 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(178, 168, 172)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(178, 168, 172)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(178, 168, 172) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(178, 168, 172) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 40.4488, 0.3185, 0.3236 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(178, 168, 172) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(178, 168, 172) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(178, 168, 172)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(178, 168, 172); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(178, 168, 172);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(178, 168,  
172) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 40.4488, 0.3185, 0.3236 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(178, 168, 172) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(178,  
168, 172) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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