

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(40.5108, 0.4120, 0.3346)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(40.5108, 0.4120, 0.3346)  
contains.

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# **Color**

**Yxy(40.3436, 0.4117, 0.3338)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	EC928E
RGB	236, 146, 142
RGB Percent	93%, 57%, 56%
CMY	0.0744, 0.4275, 0.4431
CMYK	0.00, 0.38, 0.40, 0.07
HSL	3°, 71%, 74%
HSV	3°, 40%, 93%
XYZ	49.7587, 40.3436, 30.7593
YIQ	172.4540, 54.9240, 17.8360

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

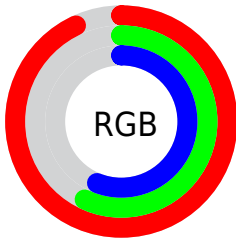
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	236, 146, 142
Decimal	15504014
CIE Lab	69.71, 33.52, 16.55
CIE LCh	70, 37.385, 26.278
Yxy	40.3436, 0.4117, 0.3338
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293694094 (0xFFEC928E)
YUV	172.4540, -15.0138, 55.7298
Hunter-Lab	63.5166, 28.6823, 15.7492

# Details

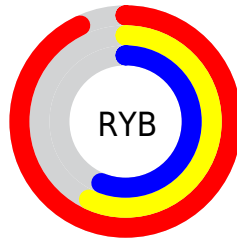
The Yxy color **40.3436, 0.4117, 0.3338** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF9999**. A complement of this color would be **69.5417, 0.2571, 0.3241**, and the grayscale version is **41.5550, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **67.0188, 0.3596, 0.3343**, and **18.1252, 0.4412, 0.3323** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **33.4176, 0.4512, 0.3349**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **48.8011, 0.3786, 0.3326**.

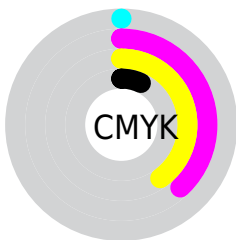
# Distribution



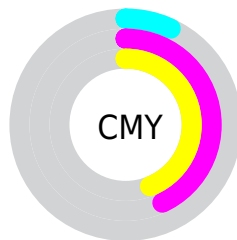
- Red (93%)
- Green (57%)
- Blue (56%)



- Red (93%)
- Yellow (57%)
- Blue (56%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (38%)
- Yellow (40%)
- Black (7%)




- Cyan (7%)
- Magenta (43%)
- Yellow (44%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 40.3436, 0.4117, 0.3338 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 40.3436, 0.4117, 0.3338 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 40.3436, 0.4117,  
0.3338


 40.3436, 0.4117,  
0.3338


347.5697, 0.3605,  
0.3331

 27.8065, 0.4249,  
0.3334


 75.6865, 0.3928,  
0.3340

 18.1799, 0.4421,  
0.3325


 99.2610, 0.3857,  
0.3339

 11.0792, 0.4652,  
0.3307


 127.2836, 0.3798,  
0.3338

 6.1201, 0.4977,  
0.3268

160.1385, 0.3748,  
0.3337

 2.9183, 0.5463,  
0.3183

198.2102, 0.3705,  
0.3335

 1.0892, 0.6747,  
0.3213

241.8830, 0.3667,

 0.0000, 1.0000,

0.3334

0.0000

291.5414, 0.3634,  
0.3332

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 40.3436, 0.4117,  
0.3338

■ 40.3436, 0.4117,  
0.3338

■ 33.4176, 0.4512,  
0.3349

■ 48.8011, 0.3786,  
0.3326

■ 27.9258, 0.4962,  
0.3356

■ 58.8675, 0.3516,  
0.3313

■ 23.7695, 0.5435,  
0.3357

■ 70.6226, 0.3299,  
0.3301

■ 20.8349, 0.5871,  
0.3349

■ 84.1387, 0.3125,  
0.3290

■ 18.9891, 0.6198,  
0.3333

■ 96.5762, 0.3011,  
0.3290

■ 18.0625, 0.6376,  
0.3318

■ 18.0533, 0.6378,  
0.3318

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



40.3436, 0.3718, 0.2931



40.3436, 0.4117, 0.3338



40.3436, 0.4216, 0.3765

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



40.3436, 0.4117, 0.3338



40.3436, 0.3015, 0.4130



40.3436, 0.2289, 0.2456

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



40.3436, 0.4117, 0.3338



69.5417, 0.2571, 0.3241

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



40.3436, 0.2142, 0.2681



40.3436, 0.4117, 0.3338



40.3436, 0.2533, 0.3667

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



40.3436, 0.4117, 0.3338



40.3436, 0.3553, 0.4289



40.3436, 0.2225, 0.3114



40.3436, 0.2647, 0.2442



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



40.3436, 0.4117, 0.3338



40.3436, 0.4102, 0.4020



40.3436, 0.2225, 0.3114



40.3436, 0.2215, 0.2507

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



40.3456, 0.4117, 0.3338



80.8916, 0.3343, 0.3304



43.0618, 0.3201, 0.2337



16.9085, 0.3370, 0.3305



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



40.3456, 0.4117, 0.3338



41.0586, 0.4443, 0.3347



57.5539, 0.3903, 0.3849



15.1563, 0.3292, 0.3301



9.9964, 0.6369, 0.3325



0.8211, 0.6285, 0.3391



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



69.5417, 0.2571, 0.3241



80.4286, 0.2481, 0.3229



46.8766, 0.2479, 0.2651



17.0060, 0.2981, 0.3279



33.3699, 0.2210, 0.3158



2.6544, 0.2216, 0.3177



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 40.3436, 0.4117, 0.3338 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

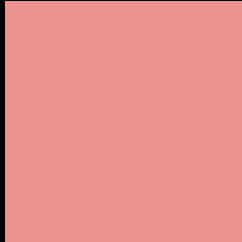
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 40.3436, 0.4117, 0.3338 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 40.3436, 0.4117, 0.3338**

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 40.3436, 0.4117, 0.3338.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 40.3436, 0.4117, 0.3338.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

40.3436, 0.4117, 0.3338

### Protanopia

40.5475, 0.3340, 0.3511

### Deuteranopia

40.4208, 0.3691, 0.3619



## Tritanopia

40.3176, 0.3993, 0.3168

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

40.3436, 0.4117, 0.3338

## Protanomaly

39.8339, 0.3604, 0.3435

## Deuteranomaly

40.0044, 0.3849, 0.3504

## Tritanomaly

40.4573, 0.4044, 0.3236

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

40.3436, 0.4117, 0.3338

## Achromatopsia

41.2543, 0.3127, 0.3290

## Achromatomaly

40.3697, 0.3454, 0.3317

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 40.3436, 0.4117, 0.3338 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(236, 146, 142)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(236, 146, 142)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(236, 146, 142) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(236, 146, 142) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 40.3436, 0.4117, 0.3338 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(236, 146, 142) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(236, 146, 142) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(236, 146, 142)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(236, 146, 142); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(236, 146, 142);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(236, 146,  
142) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 40.3436, 0.4117, 0.3338 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(236, 146, 142) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(236,  
146, 142) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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