

# Converting Colors

$Yxy(41.1178, 0.3608, 0.4299)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(41.1178, 0.3608, 0.4299)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(41.1178, 0.3608, 0.4299)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A7B26B
RGB	167, 178, 107
RGB Percent	65%, 70%, 42%
CMY	0.3451, 0.3019, 0.5805
CMYK	0.06, 0.00, 0.40, 0.30
HSL	69°, 32%, 56%
HSV	69°, 40%, 70%
XYZ	34.5087, 41.1178, 20.0185
YIQ	166.6170, 16.2350, -24.4130

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

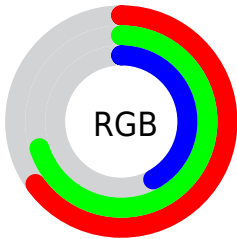
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">107, 178, 118</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">10990187</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">70.26, -15.11, 35.00</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">70, 38.118, 113.347</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">41.1178, 0.3608, 0.4299</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4289180267 (0xFFA7B26B)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">166.6170, -29.3912, 0.3359</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">64.1232, -16.1534, 26.3766</a>

# Details

The Yxy color **41.1178, 0.3608, 0.4299** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **999966**. A complement of this color would be **17.5736, 0.2509, 0.2124**, and the grayscale version is **38.5865, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **77.0368, 0.3529, 0.4112**, and **18.5501, 0.3724, 0.4594** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **40.4856, 0.3712, 0.4542**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **41.8372, 0.3492, 0.4044**.

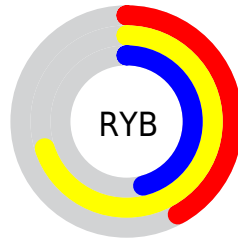
# Distribution



Red (65%)

Green (70%)

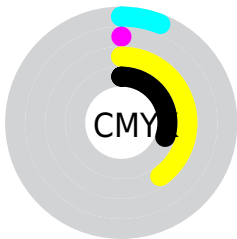
Blue (42%)



Red (42%)

Yellow (70%)

Blue (46%)

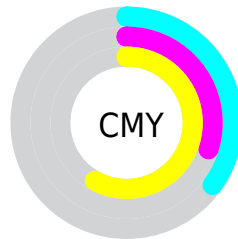


Cyan (6%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (40%)

Black (30%)



Cyan (35%)

Magenta (30%)


Yellow (58%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 41.1178, 0.3608, 0.4299 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 41.1178, 0.3608, 0.4299 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 41.1178, 0.3608,  
0.4299

 41.1178, 0.3608,  
0.4299


350.8127, 0.3378,  
0.3775


 28.4111, 0.3659,  
0.4433


 76.8627, 0.3528,  
0.4105


 18.6358, 0.3720,  
0.4606


 100.6697, 0.3497,  
0.4033

 11.4074, 0.3789,  
0.4836


 128.9456, 0.3470,  
0.3973

 6.3416, 0.3862,  
0.5147

 162.0749, 0.3447,  
0.3921

 3.0539, 0.4120,  
0.5880

200.4418, 0.3426,  
0.3877

 1.1599, 0.3799,  
0.6201

244.4308, 0.3408,

 0.0286, 0.0000,

0.3839

1.0000

294.4263, 0.3392,  
0.3805

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 41.1178, 0.3608,  
0.4299

■ 41.1178, 0.3608,  
0.4299

■ 40.4856, 0.3712,  
0.4542

■ 41.8372, 0.3492,  
0.4044

■ 39.9302, 0.3800,  
0.4762

■ 42.6428, 0.3371,  
0.3785

■ 39.4483, 0.3867,  
0.4950


■ 43.5403, 0.3247,  
0.3531


■ 39.0336, 0.3910,  
0.5097

■ 44.5337, 0.3126,  
0.3288


■ 38.6792, 0.3926,  
0.5200

■ 45.6264, 0.3009,  
0.3059

 38.3702, 0.3923,  
0.5267

 46.8219, 0.2899,  
0.2846

 38.3674, 0.3923,  
0.5267

 48.1235, 0.2796,  
0.2651

 49.5340, 0.2701,  
0.2474

 50.2475, 0.2685,  
0.2424

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



41.1178, 0.4043, 0.4106



41.1178, 0.3608, 0.4299



41.1178, 0.3066, 0.4173

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



41.1178, 0.3608, 0.4299



41.1178, 0.2129, 0.2707



41.1178, 0.3674, 0.2890

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



41.1178, 0.3608, 0.4299



17.5736, 0.2509, 0.2124

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



41.1178, 0.3110, 0.2581



41.1178, 0.3608, 0.4299



41.1178, 0.2255, 0.2459

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



41.1178, 0.3608, 0.4299



41.1178, 0.2234, 0.3163



41.1178, 0.2597, 0.2425



41.1178, 0.4103, 0.3295



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



41.1178, 0.3608, 0.4299



41.1178, 0.2719, 0.3902



41.1178, 0.2597, 0.2425



41.1178, 0.3491, 0.2773

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



41.1196, 0.3608, 0.4299



78.5614, 0.3276, 0.3589



23.3953, 0.4048, 0.3450



17.3580, 0.3291, 0.3621



91.1408, 0.3127, 0.3290



17.8868, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



41.1196, 0.3608, 0.4299



73.5285, 0.3702, 0.4517



37.7965, 0.3279, 0.4417



9.8387, 0.3240, 0.3517



27.4721, 0.3926, 0.5265



0.8823, 0.4005, 0.5202



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



17.5736, 0.2509, 0.2124



24.8200, 0.2338, 0.1823



20.5098, 0.2886, 0.2238



8.2913, 0.3008, 0.3056



2.4906, 0.1573, 0.0640



0.0979, 0.1795, 0.0763



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 41.1178, 0.3608, 0.4299 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 41.1178, 0.3608, 0.4299 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

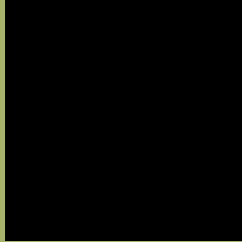
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 41.1178, 0.3608, 0.4299**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 41.1178, 0.3608, 0.4299.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 41.1178, 0.3608, 0.4299.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

41.1178, 0.3608, 0.4299

### Protanopia

41.0898, 0.3849, 0.4185

### Deuteranopia

40.9421, 0.4052, 0.3967



## Tritanopia

40.9834, 0.3081, 0.3115

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

41.1178, 0.3608, 0.4299

**Protanomaly**

41.0160, 0.3761, 0.4220

**Deuteranomaly**

40.6865, 0.3882, 0.4083

**Tritanomaly**

40.7558, 0.3281, 0.3527

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

41.1178, 0.3608, 0.4299

**Achromatopsia**

38.6429, 0.3127, 0.3290

**Achromatomaly**

39.3856, 0.3312, 0.3663

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 41.1178, 0.3608, 0.4299 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(167, 178, 107)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(167, 178, 107)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(167, 178, 107) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(167, 178, 107) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 41.1178, 0.3608, 0.4299 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(167, 178, 107) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(167, 178, 107) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(167, 178, 107)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(167, 178, 107); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(167, 178, 107);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(167, 178,  
107) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 41.1178, 0.3608, 0.4299 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(167, 178, 107) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(167,  
178, 107) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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