

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(41.2366, 0.2565, 0.3023)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(41.2366, 0.2565, 0.3023)  
contains.

<b>Yxy(41.4564, 0.2569, 0.3031)</b> .....	3
<b>Conversions</b> .....	4
<b>Details</b> .....	6
<b>Harmonies</b> .....	12
<b>Previews</b> .....	24
<b>Color Blindness Simulation</b> .....	27
<b>CSS Examples</b> .....	30

# Color

**Yxy(41.4564, 0.2569, 0.3031)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7CB5C7
RGB	124, 181, 199
RGB Percent	49%, 71%, 78%
CMY	0.5140, 0.2901, 0.2196
CMYK	0.38, 0.09, 0.00, 0.22
HSL	194°, 40%, 63%
HSV	194°, 38%, 78%
XYZ	35.1374, 41.4564, 60.1809
YIQ	166.0090, -39.7500, -6.4860

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

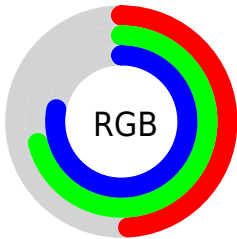
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">124, 156, 199</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">8172999</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">70.49, -13.97, -15.00</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">70, 20.502, 227.044</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">41.4564, 0.2569, 0.3031</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4286363079 (0xFF7CB5C7)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">166.0090, 16.2646, -36.8419</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">64.3866, -15.2647, -10.3465</a>

# Details

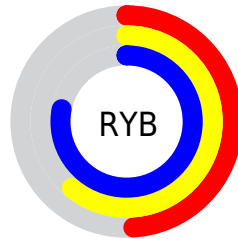
The Yxy color **41.4564, 0.2569, 0.3031** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CCCC**. A complement of this color would be **32.9172, 0.3953, 0.3531**, and the grayscale version is **38.0666, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **77.3721, 0.2674, 0.3091**, and **18.7848, 0.2409, 0.2947** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **38.2170, 0.2439, 0.2950**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **45.0645, 0.2710, 0.3108**.

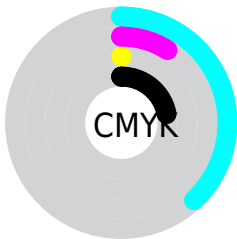
# Distribution



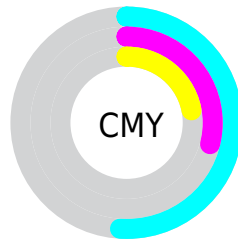
- Red (49%)
- Green (71%)
- Blue (78%)



- Red (49%)
- Yellow (61%)
- Blue (78%)



- Cyan (38%)
- Magenta (9%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (22%)




- Cyan (51%)
- Magenta (29%)
- Yellow (22%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 41.4564, 0.2569, 0.3031 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 41.4564, 0.2569, 0.3031 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 41.4564, 0.2569,  
0.3031


 41.4564, 0.2569,  
0.3031


352.2245, 0.2848,  
0.3168


 28.6759, 0.2500,  
0.2995


 77.3762, 0.2670,  
0.3082

 18.8358, 0.2411,  
0.2947


 101.2844, 0.2708,  
0.3101

 11.5517, 0.2294,  
0.2882


 129.6704, 0.2740,  
0.3117

 6.4392, 0.2133,  
0.2788

162.9189, 0.2768,  
0.3130

 3.1139, 0.1899,  
0.2640

201.4142, 0.2792,  
0.3141

 1.1915, 0.1528,  
0.2385

245.5406, 0.2813,

 0.0547, 0.0000,

0.3151

0.0468

295.6826, 0.2831,  
0.3160

0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

41.4564, 0.2569,  
0.3031

41.4564, 0.2569,  
0.3031

38.2170, 0.2439,  
0.2950

45.0645, 0.2710,  
0.3108

35.3226, 0.2322,  
0.2865

49.0537, 0.2857,  
0.3179

32.7542, 0.2222,  
0.2777

53.4416, 0.3009,  
0.3244

30.4884, 0.2140,  
0.2689

58.2432, 0.3162,  
0.3303

28.4978, 0.2079,  
0.2600

63.4727, 0.3314,  
0.3356

■ 26.7433, 0.2035,  
0.2512

■ 69.1434, 0.3462,  
0.3404

■ 26.3615, 0.2026,  
0.2492

■ 73.6726, 0.3543,  
0.3449

■ 76.1269, 0.3533,  
0.3497

■ 78.6525, 0.3523,  
0.3544

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



41.4564, 0.2664, 0.3296



41.4564, 0.2569, 0.3031



41.4564, 0.2614, 0.2854

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



41.4564, 0.2569, 0.3031



41.4564, 0.3364, 0.3026



41.4564, 0.3457, 0.3819

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



41.4564, 0.2569, 0.3031



32.9172, 0.3953, 0.3531

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



41.4564, 0.3661, 0.3713



41.4564, 0.2569, 0.3031



41.4564, 0.3609, 0.3256

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



41.4564, 0.2569, 0.3031



41.4564, 0.3062, 0.2862



41.4564, 0.3720, 0.3504



41.4564, 0.3170, 0.3772



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



41.4564, 0.2569, 0.3031



41.4564, 0.2718, 0.2803



41.4564, 0.3720, 0.3504



41.4564, 0.3538, 0.3799

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



41.4580, 0.2569, 0.3031



90.8500, 0.2957, 0.3222



47.0628, 0.2962, 0.4153



19.2176, 0.2936, 0.3213



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290

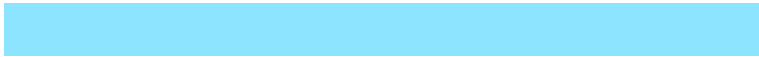


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



41.4580, 0.2569, 0.3031



68.0348, 0.2465, 0.2967



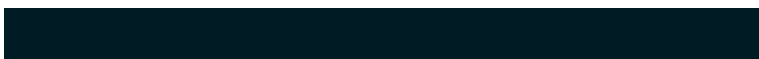
28.3360, 0.2487, 0.2466



11.6203, 0.2984, 0.3233



17.0927, 0.2029, 0.2504



0.9162, 0.2080, 0.2687



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



29.8781, 0.3359, 0.2567



45.6636, 0.3423, 0.2420



45.8283, 0.3774, 0.3994



10.7715, 0.3173, 0.3116



9.2655, 0.3918, 0.1932

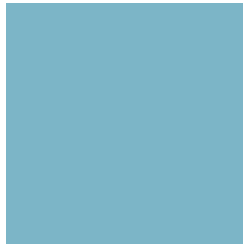


0.4495, 0.3741, 0.1834



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 41.4564, 0.2569, 0.3031 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

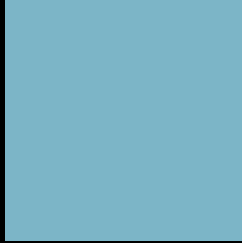
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 41.4564, 0.2569, 0.3031 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

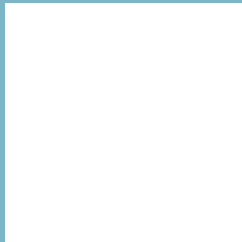
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 41.4564, 0.2569, 0.3031**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 41.4564, 0.2569, 0.3031.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 41.4564, 0.2569, 0.3031.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

41.4564, 0.2569, 0.3031

### Protanopia

40.9902, 0.2940, 0.2994

### Deuteranopia

41.2682, 0.2905, 0.2846



## Tritanopia

41.2442, 0.2581, 0.3072

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

41.4564, 0.2569, 0.3031

**Protanomaly**

40.9845, 0.2790, 0.2999

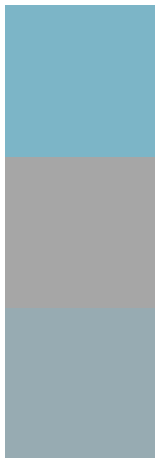
**Deuteranomaly**

41.1721, 0.2770, 0.2910

**Tritanomaly**

41.2899, 0.2575, 0.3058

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

41.4564, 0.2569, 0.3031

**Achromatopsia**

38.1326, 0.3127, 0.3290

**Achromatomaly**

38.9195, 0.2897, 0.3189

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to  $Yxy$  41.4564, 0.2569, 0.3031 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(124, 181, 199)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(124, 181, 199)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(124, 181, 199) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(124, 181, 199) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 41.4564, 0.2569, 0.3031 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(124, 181, 199) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(124, 181, 199) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(124, 181, 199)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(124, 181, 199); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(124, 181, 199);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(124, 181,  
199) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 41.4564, 0.2569, 0.3031 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(124, 181, 199) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(124,  
181, 199) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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