

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(41.3225, 0.2796, 0.3366)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(41.3225, 0.2796, 0.3366)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(41.3332, 0.2795, 0.3362)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	87B5B0
RGB	135, 181, 176
RGB Percent	53%, 71%, 69%
CMY	0.4703, 0.2903, 0.3098
CMYK	0.25, 0.00, 0.03, 0.29
HSL	173°, 24%, 62%
HSV	173°, 25%, 71%
XYZ	34.3624, 41.3332, 47.2467
YIQ	166.6760, -25.8110, -11.3070

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

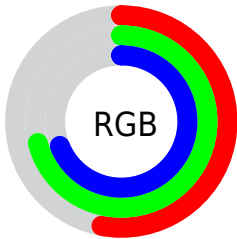
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	135, 159, 181
Decimal	8893872
CIELab	70.41, -16.26, -2.43
CIELCh	70, 16.440, 188.514
Yxy	41.3332, 0.2795, 0.3362
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287083952 (0xFF87B5B0)
YUV	166.6760, 4.5967, -27.7799
Hunter-Lab	64.2909, -17.1039, 1.4320

# Details

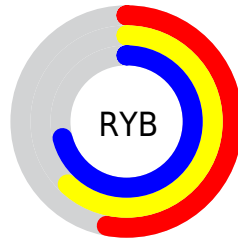
The Yxy color  $41.3332, 0.2795, 0.3362$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex  $99CCCC$ . A complement of this color would be  $29.0680, 0.3597, 0.3220$ , and the grayscale version is  $38.4729, 0.3127, 0.3290$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $77.2134, 0.2852, 0.3345$ , and  $18.7784, 0.2696, 0.3372$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $39.8808, 0.2681, 0.3394$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $43.0453, 0.2920, 0.3332$ .

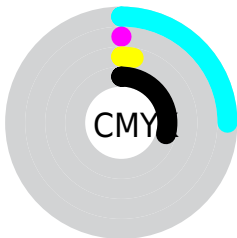
# Distribution



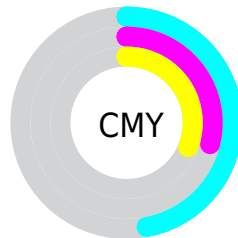
- Red (53%)
- Green (71%)
- Blue (69%)



- Red (53%)
- Yellow (62%)
- Blue (71%)



- Cyan (25%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (3%)
- Black (29%)




- Cyan (47%)
- Magenta (29%)
- Yellow (31%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 41.3332, 0.2795, 0.3362 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 41.3332, 0.2795, 0.3362 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 41.3332, 0.2795,  
0.3362


 41.3332, 0.2795,  
0.3362


351.7113, 0.2963,  
0.3327


 28.5795, 0.2752,  
0.3371


 77.1894, 0.2857,  
0.3349

 18.7630, 0.2697,  
0.3381


 101.0608, 0.2880,  
0.3345

 11.4991, 0.2622,  
0.3396


 129.4069, 0.2899,  
0.3340

 6.4036, 0.2517,  
0.3415

162.6120, 0.2916,  
0.3337

 3.0920, 0.2357,  
0.3442

201.0606, 0.2930,  
0.3334

 1.1800, 0.2066,  
0.3491

245.1371, 0.2943,


 0.0452, 0.0000,


0.3331

0.1710

295.2259, 0.2954,  
0.3329


 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000


 41.3332, 0.2795,  
0.3362


 41.3332, 0.2795,  
0.3362


 39.8808, 0.2681,  
0.3394


 43.0453, 0.2920,  
0.3332


 38.6703, 0.2581,  
0.3429


 45.0241, 0.3053,  
0.3304

 37.6892, 0.2497,  
0.3464

 47.2824, 0.3192,  
0.3279

 36.9220, 0.2431,  
0.3501

 49.8309, 0.3334,  
0.3256

 36.3515, 0.2383,  
0.3538

 52.6797, 0.3476,  
0.3236

■ 35.9574, 0.2355,  
0.3575

■ 55.8382, 0.3617,  
0.3218

■ 35.7150, 0.2344,  
0.3612

■ 58.0085, 0.3698,  
0.3200

■ 35.6285, 0.2342,  
0.3629

■ 58.0947, 0.3680,  
0.3180

■ 58.1821, 0.3663,  
0.3159

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



41.3332, 0.2993, 0.3571



41.3332, 0.2795, 0.3362



41.3332, 0.2686, 0.3140

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



41.3332, 0.2795, 0.3362



41.3332, 0.3009, 0.2918



41.3332, 0.3582, 0.3592

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



41.3332, 0.2795, 0.3362



29.0680, 0.3597, 0.3220

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



41.3332, 0.3590, 0.3411



41.3332, 0.2795, 0.3362



41.3332, 0.3251, 0.3031

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



41.3332, 0.2795, 0.3362



41.3332, 0.2805, 0.2894



41.3332, 0.3467, 0.3208



41.3332, 0.3449, 0.3701



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



41.3332, 0.2795, 0.3362



41.3332, 0.2676, 0.3019



41.3332, 0.3467, 0.3208



41.3332, 0.3600, 0.3537

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



41.3349, 0.2795, 0.3362



79.6196, 0.3016, 0.3311



40.4072, 0.3139, 0.3990



17.0921, 0.2996, 0.3315



91.1408, 0.3127, 0.3290



17.8868, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



41.3349, 0.2795, 0.3362



72.6484, 0.2735, 0.3378



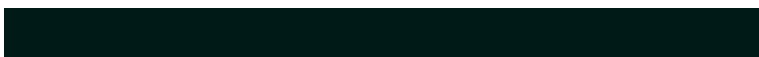
34.8263, 0.2737, 0.3026



9.6154, 0.3000, 0.3315



24.5720, 0.2340, 0.3625



0.7776, 0.2312, 0.3522



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



29.0680, 0.3597, 0.3220



47.1966, 0.3727, 0.3205



34.2510, 0.3594, 0.3540



8.5197, 0.3271, 0.3266



6.8115, 0.6250, 0.3216



0.2191, 0.5738, 0.2935



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 41.3332, 0.2795, 0.3362 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

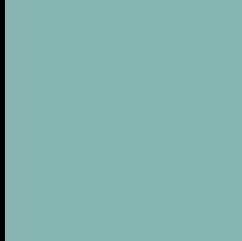
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 41.3332, 0.2795, 0.3362 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

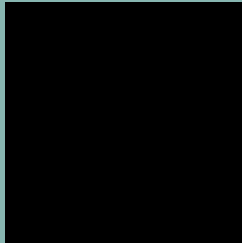
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 41.3332, 0.2795, 0.3362**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 41.3332, 0.2795, 0.3362.

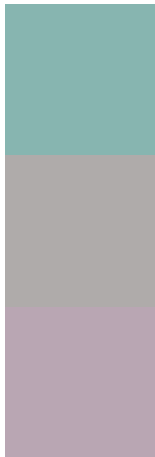


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 41.3332, 0.2795, 0.3362.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

41.3332, 0.2795, 0.3362

### Protanopia

41.1421, 0.3172, 0.3304

### Deuteranopia

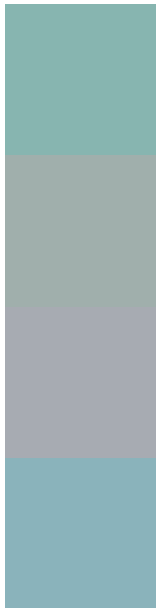
40.8414, 0.3191, 0.3119



## **Tritanopia**

41.1800, 0.2704, 0.3076

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

41.3332, 0.2795, 0.3362

## Protanomaly

41.1121, 0.3021, 0.3332

## Deuteranomaly

40.5557, 0.3034, 0.3193

## Tritanomaly

41.2313, 0.2738, 0.3174

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

41.3332, 0.2795, 0.3362

## Achromatopsia

38.6429, 0.3127, 0.3290

## Achromatomaly

39.3759, 0.2994, 0.3318

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 41.3332, 0.2795, 0.3362 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(135, 181, 176)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(135, 181, 176)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(135, 181, 176) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(135, 181, 176) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 41.3332, 0.2795, 0.3362 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(135, 181, 176) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(135, 181, 176) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(135, 181, 176)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(135, 181, 176); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(135, 181, 176);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(135, 181,  
176) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 41.3332, 0.2795, 0.3362 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(135, 181, 176) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(135,  
181, 176) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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