

# Converting Colors

$Yxy(41.5402, 0.3456, 0.4508)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(41.5402, 0.3456, 0.4508)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(41.6101, 0.3460, 0.4515)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	95B865
RGB	149, 184, 101
RGB Percent	58%, 72%, 40%
CMY	0.4156, 0.2784, 0.6039
CMYK	0.19, 0.00, 0.45, 0.28
HSL	85°, 37%, 56%
HSV	85°, 45%, 72%
XYZ	31.8873, 41.6101, 18.6623
YIQ	164.0730, 5.7830, -33.2330

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

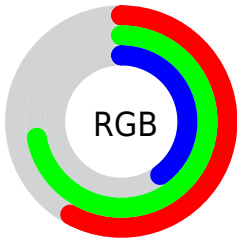
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">101, 184, 136</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">9812069</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">70.60, -25.85, 38.22</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">71, 46.141, 124.080</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">41.6101, 0.3460, 0.4515</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4288002149 (0xFF95B865)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">164.0730, -31.0950, -13.2190</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">64.5059, -24.6473, 28.0008</a>

# Details

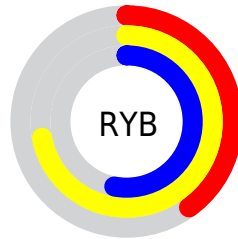
The Yxy color **41.6101, 0.3460, 0.4515** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **99CC66**. A complement of this color would be **18.0001, 0.2634, 0.2022**, and the grayscale version is **37.3127, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **77.4575, 0.3413, 0.4277**, and **18.9584, 0.3510, 0.4915** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **40.5854, 0.3510, 0.4793**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **42.7678, 0.3397, 0.4228**.

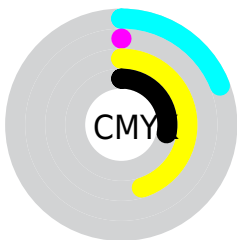
# Distribution



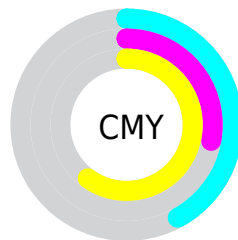
- Red (58%)
- Green (72%)
- Blue (40%)



- Red (40%)
- Yellow (72%)
- Blue (53%)



- Cyan (19%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (45%)
- Black (28%)




- Cyan (42%)
- Magenta (28%)
- Yellow (60%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 41.6101, 0.3460, 0.4515 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 41.6101, 0.3460, 0.4515 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 41.6101, 0.3460,  
0.4515


 41.6101, 0.3460,  
0.4515


352.8641, 0.3315,  
0.3868


 28.7961, 0.3486,  
0.4684


 77.6092, 0.3414,  
0.4274


 18.9266, 0.3511,  
0.4903


 101.5631, 0.3395,  
0.4185

 11.6173, 0.3529,  
0.5196


 129.9991, 0.3377,  
0.4110

 6.4836, 0.3521,  
0.5600

 163.3015, 0.3362,  
0.4047

 3.1413, 0.3571,  
0.6429

201.8549, 0.3348,  
0.3993

 1.2060, 0.2865,  
0.7135

246.0435, 0.3336,

 0.0666, 0.0000,

0.3946

1.0000

296.2518, 0.3325,  
0.3905

0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

41.6101, 0.3460,  
0.4515

41.6101, 0.3460,  
0.4515

40.5854, 0.3510,  
0.4793

42.7678, 0.3397,  
0.4228

39.6817, 0.3541,  
0.5050

44.0588, 0.3324,  
0.3944

38.8939, 0.3551,  
0.5271


45.4904, 0.3247,  
0.3671


38.2138, 0.3537,  
0.5447


47.0677, 0.3167,  
0.3414

37.6318, 0.3501,  
0.5570

48.7955, 0.3089,  
0.3176

 37.3732, 0.3479,  
0.5619

 50.6783, 0.3013,  
0.2960

 52.7206, 0.2941,  
0.2764

 54.9264, 0.2873,  
0.2588

 56.5300, 0.2885,  
0.2535

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



41.6101, 0.4049, 0.4374



41.6101, 0.3460, 0.4515



41.6101, 0.2814, 0.4216

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



41.6101, 0.3460, 0.4515



41.6101, 0.1973, 0.2453



41.6101, 0.4003, 0.2971

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



41.6101, 0.3460, 0.4515



18.0001, 0.2634, 0.2022

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



41.6101, 0.3347, 0.2566



41.6101, 0.3460, 0.4515



41.6101, 0.2211, 0.2266

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



41.6101, 0.3460, 0.4515



41.6101, 0.1995, 0.2902



41.6101, 0.2690, 0.2315



41.6101, 0.4408, 0.3462



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



41.6101, 0.3460, 0.4515



41.6101, 0.2439, 0.3803



41.6101, 0.2690, 0.2315



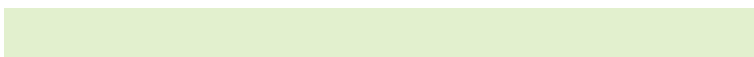
41.6101, 0.3800, 0.2823

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



41.6119, 0.3460, 0.4515



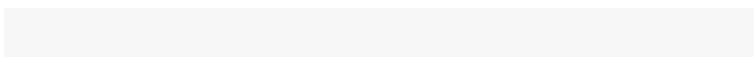
82.7045, 0.3240, 0.3648



28.6208, 0.4077, 0.3781



17.7036, 0.3257, 0.3705



93.3107, 0.3127, 0.3290



18.7317, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



41.6119, 0.3460, 0.4515



73.6092, 0.3509, 0.4788



38.4029, 0.3113, 0.4658



10.3097, 0.3201, 0.3520



25.8001, 0.3487, 0.5613



0.9451, 0.3669, 0.5469



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



18.0001, 0.2634, 0.2022



25.4602, 0.2494, 0.1727



22.1248, 0.3098, 0.2179



8.8994, 0.3048, 0.3058



3.5276, 0.1893, 0.0816



0.1609, 0.2199, 0.0985



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 41.6101, 0.3460, 0.4515 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 41.6101, 0.3460, 0.4515 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

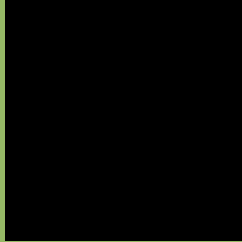
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 41.6101, 0.3460, 0.4515**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 41.6101, 0.3460, 0.4515.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 41.6101, 0.3460, 0.4515.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

41.6101, 0.3460, 0.4515

### Protanopia

41.1869, 0.3933, 0.4275

### Deuteranopia

41.0014, 0.4097, 0.4011



## Tritanopia

41.4800, 0.2905, 0.3097

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

41.6101, 0.3460, 0.4515

**Protanomaly**

40.9312, 0.3754, 0.4367

**Deuteranomaly**

40.6901, 0.3863, 0.4186

**Tritanomaly**

41.4092, 0.3121, 0.3607

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

41.6101, 0.3460, 0.4515

**Achromatopsia**

37.1238, 0.3127, 0.3290

**Achromatomaly**

38.4198, 0.3271, 0.3733

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 41.6101, 0.3460, 0.4515 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(149, 184, 101)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(149, 184, 101)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(149, 184, 101) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(149, 184, 101) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 41.6101, 0.3460, 0.4515 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(149, 184, 101) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(149, 184, 101) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(149, 184, 101)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(149, 184, 101); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(149, 184, 101);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(149, 184,  
101) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 41.6101, 0.3460, 0.4515 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(149, 184, 101) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(149,  
184, 101) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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