

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(41.6040, 0.5225, 0.3325)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(41.6040, 0.5225, 0.3325)  
contains.

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**Color**

**Yxy(33.4525, 0.4924, 0.3333)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FF6E6A
RGB	255, 110, 106
RGB Percent	100%, 43%, 42%
CMY	0.0000, 0.5686, 0.5842
CMYK	0.00, 0.57, 0.58, 0.00
HSL	2°, 100%, 71%
HSV	2°, 58%, 100%
XYZ	49.4210, 33.4525, 17.4941
YIQ	152.8990, 87.7040, 29.4960

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

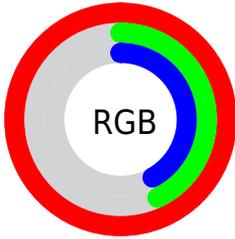
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	255, 110, 106
Decimal	16739946
CIE Lab	64.53, 54.97, 30.11
CIE LCh	65, 62.676, 28.712
Yxy	33.4525, 0.4924, 0.3333
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294930026 (0xFFFF6E6A)
YUV	152.8990, -23.1212, 89.5426
Hunter-Lab	57.8381, 51.3062, 22.5535

# Details

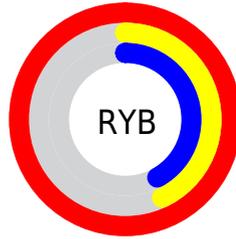
The Yxy color **33.4525, 0.4924, 0.3333** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF6666**. A complement of this color would be **79.2956, 0.2391, 0.3241**, and the grayscale version is **31.8830, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **50.9668, 0.4052, 0.3388**, and **14.2916, 0.5475, 0.3247** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **28.3722, 0.5403, 0.3334**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **40.1902, 0.4472, 0.3328**.

# Distribution



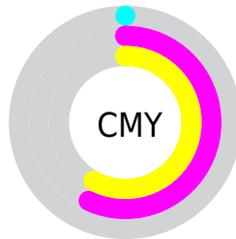
- Red (100%)
- Green (43%)
- Blue (42%)



- Red (100%)
- Yellow (43%)
- Blue (42%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (57%)
- Yellow (58%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (57%)
- Yellow (58%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 33.4525, 0.4924, 0.3333 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 33.4525, 0.4924, 0.3333 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 33.4525, 0.4924,  
0.3333

 33.4525, 0.4924,  
0.3333

317.6838, 0.3977,  
0.3370

 22.4733, 0.5167,  
0.3302

 65.0814, 0.4573,  
0.3362

 14.2051, 0.5478,  
0.3248

 86.4998, 0.4442,  
0.3368

 8.2635, 0.5886,  
0.3152

 112.1668, 0.4333,  
0.3372

 4.2640, 0.6429,  
0.2977

 142.4668, 0.4240,  
0.3373

 1.8223, 0.7304,  
0.2696

177.7840, 0.4160,  
0.3373

 0.5010, 0.8175,  
0.1825

218.5030, 0.4091,

 0.0000, 1.0000,

0.3372

0.0000

265.0082, 0.4030,  
0.3371

 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

 33.4525, 0.4924,  
0.3333

 33.4525, 0.4924,  
0.3333

 28.3722, 0.5403,  
0.3334

 40.1902, 0.4472,  
0.3328

 24.8056, 0.5849,  
0.3331

 48.7113, 0.4079,  
0.3320

 22.5854, 0.6188,  
0.3321

 59.1304, 0.3751,  
0.3312

 21.5018, 0.6369,  
0.3310

 71.5522, 0.3486,  
0.3304

 21.4077, 0.6388,  
0.3310

 86.0739, 0.3273,  
0.3296

100.0000, 0.3127,  
0.3290

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



33.4525, 0.4242, 0.2713



33.4525, 0.4924, 0.3333



33.4525, 0.4983, 0.4006

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



33.4525, 0.4924, 0.3333



33.4525, 0.2786, 0.4846



33.4525, 0.1783, 0.1898

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



33.4525, 0.4924, 0.3333



79.2956, 0.2391, 0.3241

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



33.4525, 0.1536, 0.2172



33.4525, 0.4924, 0.3333



33.4525, 0.2028, 0.3877

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



33.4525, 0.4924, 0.3333



33.4525, 0.3686, 0.5092



33.4525, 0.1606, 0.2834



33.4525, 0.2354, 0.1930



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



33.4525, 0.4924, 0.3333



33.4525, 0.4702, 0.4458



33.4525, 0.1606, 0.2834



33.4525, 0.1666, 0.1952

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



33.4527, 0.4924, 0.3333



72.1221, 0.3476, 0.3304



38.6340, 0.3214, 0.1939



14.6125, 0.3547, 0.3306



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



33.4527, 0.4924, 0.3333



27.7128, 0.5477, 0.3334



56.1659, 0.4397, 0.4063



18.0646, 0.3294, 0.3297



11.2196, 0.6382, 0.3314



1.1186, 0.6338, 0.3349



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



79.2956, 0.2391, 0.3241



77.2959, 0.2313, 0.3231



42.1379, 0.2185, 0.2306



20.3933, 0.2980, 0.3283



38.9524, 0.2224, 0.3206

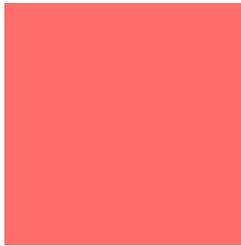


3.8179, 0.2227, 0.3216



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 33.4525, 0.4924, 0.3333 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

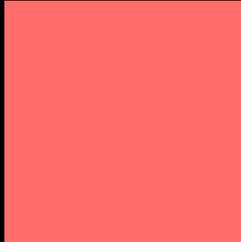
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 33.4525, 0.4924, 0.3333 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

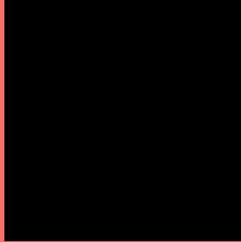
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 33.4525, 0.4924, 0.3333**

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 33.4525, 0.4924, 0.3333.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 33.4525, 0.4924, 0.3333.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

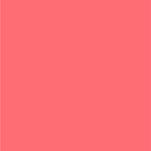
33.4525, 0.4924, 0.3333

### Protanopia

33.7273, 0.3511, 0.3753

### Deuteranopia

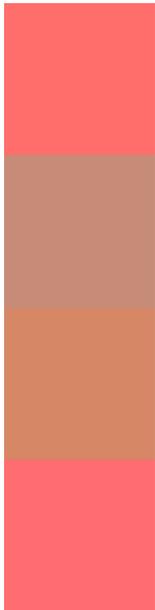
33.5324, 0.4057, 0.3985



## Tritanopia

33.4582, 0.4809, 0.3227

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

33.4525, 0.4924, 0.3333

**Protanomaly**

32.0938, 0.4007, 0.3572

**Deuteranomaly**

32.4334, 0.4388, 0.3697

**Tritanomaly**

33.3671, 0.4859, 0.3266

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

33.4525, 0.4924, 0.3333

**Achromatopsia**

31.8547, 0.3127, 0.3290

**Achromatomaly**

30.6160, 0.3738, 0.3306

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 33.4525, 0.4924, 0.3333 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 110, 106)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 110, 106)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 110, 106) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 110, 106) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 33.4525, 0.4924, 0.3333 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 110, 106) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 110, 106) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 110, 106)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 110, 106); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 110, 106);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 110,  
106) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 33.4525, 0.4924, 0.3333 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 110, 106) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
110, 106) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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