

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(41.6051, 0.2031, 0.2511)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(41.6051, 0.2031, 0.2511)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(41.5286, 0.2031, 0.2511)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	00BAF2
RGB	0, 186, 242
RGB Percent	0%, 73%, 95%
CMY	0.9992, 0.2706, 0.0509
CMYK	1.00, 0.23, 0.00, 0.05
HSL	194°, 100%, 47%
HSV	194°, 100%, 95%
XYZ	33.5900, 41.5286, 90.2681
YIQ	136.7700, -128.8320, -22.0160

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

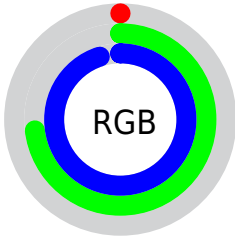
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>YB</sub>	0, 105, 242
Decimal	47858
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	70.54, -19.53, -38.67
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	71, 43.322, 243.199
Yxy	41.5286, 0.2031, 0.2511
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278237938 (0xFF00BAF2)
YUV	136.7700, 51.8784, -119.9473
Hunter-Lab	64.4427, -19.7336, -37.9406

# Details

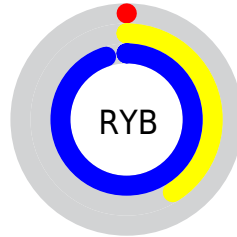
The Yxy color **41.5286, 0.2031, 0.2511** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **33CCFF**. The color can be described as middle saturated azure. A complement of this color would be **21.7337, 0.6139, 0.3506**, and the grayscale version is **24.7877, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **74.1038, 0.2384, 0.3135**, and **20.3202, 0.1982, 0.2335** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **41.5079, 0.2031, 0.2510**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **44.1373, 0.2069, 0.2596**.

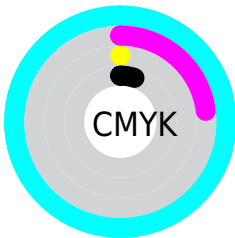
# Distribution



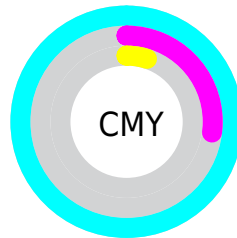
- Red (0%)
- Green (73%)
- Blue (95%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (41%)
- Blue (95%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (23%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (5%)




- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (27%)
- Yellow (5%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 41.5286, 0.2031, 0.2511 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 41.5286, 0.2031, 0.2511 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 41.5286, 0.2031,  
0.2511


 41.5286, 0.2031,  
0.2511


352.5251, 0.2557,  
0.2909


 28.7324, 0.1909,  
0.2412

 77.4857, 0.2216,  
0.2656


 18.8784, 0.1760,  
0.2287


 101.4153, 0.2287,  
0.2710

 11.5825, 0.1572,  
0.2125


 129.8248, 0.2348,  
0.2756

 6.4601, 0.1333,  
0.1908

 163.0987, 0.2401,  
0.2795

 3.1268, 0.1028,  
0.1609

 201.6212, 0.2448,  
0.2830

 1.1983, 0.0631,  
0.1195

245.7769, 0.2488,

 0.0603, 0.0000,

0.2859

0.0144

295.9500, 0.2525,  
0.2886

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 41.5286, 0.2031,  
0.2511

■ 41.5286, 0.2031,  
0.2511

■ 41.5079, 0.2031,  
0.2510

■ 44.1373, 0.2069,  
0.2596

■ 47.0846, 0.2125,  
0.2683

■ 50.4485, 0.2200,  
0.2769

■ 54.2753, 0.2295,  
0.2855

■ 58.6044, 0.2407,  
0.2939

■ 63.4700, 0.2535,  
0.3019

■ 68.9030, 0.2674,  
0.3095

■ 74.9319, 0.2821,  
0.3166

■ 81.5825, 0.2974,  
0.3231

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



41.5286, 0.2061, 0.2946



41.5286, 0.2031, 0.2511



41.5286, 0.2251, 0.2322

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



41.5286, 0.2031, 0.2511



41.5286, 0.3934, 0.2978



41.5286, 0.3464, 0.4439

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



41.5286, 0.2031, 0.2511



21.7337, 0.6139, 0.3506

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



41.5286, 0.4014, 0.4307



41.5286, 0.2031, 0.2511



41.5286, 0.4324, 0.3445

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



41.5286, 0.2031, 0.2511



41.5286, 0.3317, 0.2596



41.5286, 0.4343, 0.3921



41.5286, 0.2853, 0.4168



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



41.5286, 0.2031, 0.2511



41.5286, 0.2527, 0.2325



41.5286, 0.4343, 0.3921



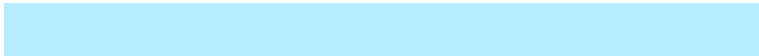
41.5286, 0.3663, 0.4435

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



41.5300, 0.2031, 0.2511



77.4720, 0.2671, 0.3094



63.7735, 0.2943, 0.5793



16.0125, 0.2611, 0.3062



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290

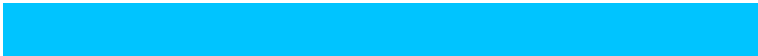


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



41.5300, 0.2031, 0.2511



46.6622, 0.2030, 0.2508



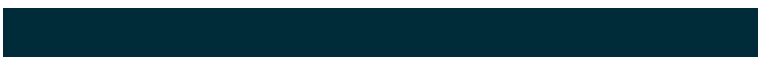
10.6363, 0.1593, 0.0934



17.2717, 0.2981, 0.3234



22.5114, 0.2035, 0.2524



2.0217, 0.2066, 0.2637



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



22.4312, 0.3911, 0.1929



25.2417, 0.3914, 0.1930



48.9655, 0.4812, 0.4560



15.9651, 0.3173, 0.3110



12.0659, 0.3898, 0.1921

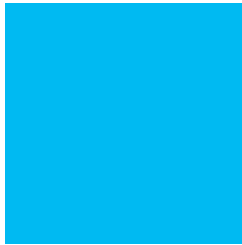


1.0188, 0.3788, 0.1861



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 41.5286, 0.2031, 0.2511 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

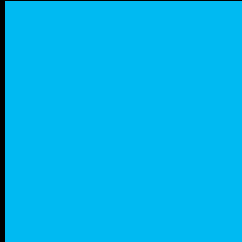
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 41.5286, 0.2031, 0.2511 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 41.5286, 0.2031, 0.2511**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 41.5286, 0.2031, 0.2511.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 41.5286, 0.2031, 0.2511.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

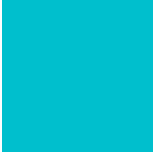
41.5286, 0.2031, 0.2511

### Protanopia

40.9031, 0.2565, 0.2519

### Deuteranopia

41.2429, 0.2399, 0.2337



## Tritanopia

41.6694, 0.2187, 0.3074

# Trichromacy



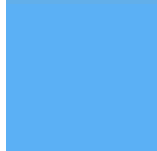
## Original Color

41.5286, 0.2031, 0.2511



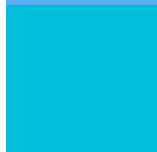
## Protanomaly

39.1971, 0.2229, 0.2481



## Deuteranomaly

39.8674, 0.2157, 0.2368



## Tritanomaly

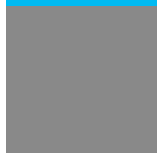
41.4571, 0.2128, 0.2859

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

41.5286, 0.2031, 0.2511



## Achromatopsia

25.0158, 0.3127, 0.3290



## Achromatomaly

28.5641, 0.2416, 0.2951

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 41.5286, 0.2031, 0.2511 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 186, 242)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 186, 242)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 186, 242) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 186, 242) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 41.5286, 0.2031, 0.2511 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 186, 242) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 186, 242) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 186, 242)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 186, 242); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 186, 242);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 186,  
242) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 41.5286, 0.2031, 0.2511 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 186, 242) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 186,  
242) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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