

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(41.7785, 0.3190, 0.3181)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(41.7785, 0.3190, 0.3181)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(41.7406, 0.3196, 0.3184)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B8A9B1
RGB	184, 169, 177
RGB Percent	72%, 66%, 69%
CMY	0.2783, 0.3373, 0.3058
CMYK	0.00, 0.08, 0.04, 0.28
HSL	328°, 10%, 69%
HSV	328°, 8%, 72%
XYZ	41.8979, 41.7406, 47.4563
YIQ	174.3970, 6.3720, 5.6680

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

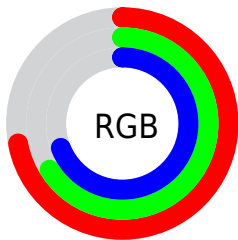
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">184, 169, 177</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">12102065</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">70.69, 6.86, -2.17</a>
CIElCh	<a href="#">71, 7.193, 342.445</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">41.7406, 0.3196, 0.3184</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4290292145 (0xFFB8A9B1)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">174.3970, 1.2833, 8.4218</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">64.6070, 2.6959, 1.6741</a>

# Details

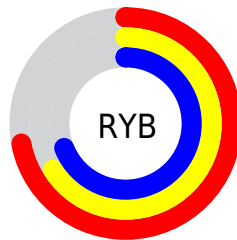
The Yxy color  $41.7406, 0.3196, 0.3184$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex  $999999$ . A complement of this color would be  $45.8617, 0.3064, 0.3398$ , and the grayscale version is  $42.5362, 0.3127, 0.3290$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $77.7198, 0.3181, 0.3198$ , and  $19.0031, 0.3222, 0.3163$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $35.0394, 0.3296, 0.3048$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $49.4306, 0.3113, 0.3313$ .

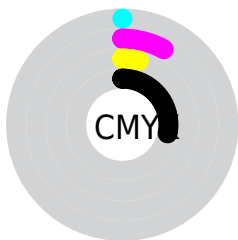
# Distribution



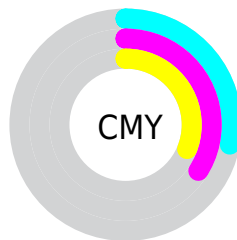
- Red (72%)
- Green (66%)
- Blue (69%)



- Red (72%)
- Yellow (66%)
- Blue (69%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (8%)
- Yellow (4%)
- Black (28%)




- Cyan (28%)
- Magenta (34%)
- Yellow (31%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 41.7406, 0.3196, 0.3184 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 41.7406, 0.3196, 0.3184 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 41.7406, 0.3196,  
0.3184


 41.7406, 0.3196,  
0.3184


353.4065, 0.3161,  
0.3238

 28.8982, 0.3205,  
0.3170


 77.8069, 0.3183,  
0.3204

 19.0038, 0.3216,  
0.3153


 101.7996, 0.3178,  
0.3211

 11.6731, 0.3232,  
0.3129


130.2779, 0.3174,  
0.3217

 6.5215, 0.3254,  
0.3096

163.6261, 0.3171,  
0.3222

 3.1647, 0.3287,  
0.3045

202.2287, 0.3168,  
0.3227

 1.2183, 0.3345,  
0.2958

246.4700, 0.3165,

 0.0766, 0.4353,

0.3231

0.1388

296.7345, 0.3163,  
0.3235

0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

41.7406, 0.3196,  
0.3184

41.7406, 0.3196,  
0.3184

35.0394, 0.3296,  
0.3048

49.4306, 0.3113,  
0.3313

29.2811, 0.3414,  
0.2907

58.1421, 0.3044,  
0.3433

24.4244, 0.3555,  
0.2767

67.9128, 0.2987,  
0.3545

20.4225, 0.3718,  
0.2633

78.7772, 0.2940,  
0.3648

17.2246, 0.3904,  
0.2515

86.8750, 0.2899,  
0.3680

■ 14.7744, 0.4110,  
0.2423

■ 87.3406, 0.2854,  
0.3582

■ 13.0082, 0.4330,  
0.2371

■ 87.8298, 0.2810,  
0.3485

■ 11.8514, 0.4554,  
0.2368

■ 88.3429, 0.2767,  
0.3390

■ 11.1849, 0.4773,  
0.2415

■ 88.8804, 0.2725,  
0.3298

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



41.7406, 0.3090, 0.3128



41.7406, 0.3196, 0.3184



41.7406, 0.3284, 0.3268

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



41.7406, 0.3196, 0.3184



41.7406, 0.3258, 0.3471



41.7406, 0.2929, 0.3217

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



41.7406, 0.3196, 0.3184



45.8617, 0.3064, 0.3398

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



41.7406, 0.2972, 0.3310



41.7406, 0.3196, 0.3184



41.7406, 0.3161, 0.3459

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



41.7406, 0.3196, 0.3184



41.7406, 0.3320, 0.3433



41.7406, 0.3057, 0.3400



41.7406, 0.2937, 0.3145



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



41.7406, 0.3196, 0.3184



41.7406, 0.3321, 0.3329



41.7406, 0.3057, 0.3400



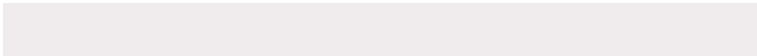
41.7406, 0.2938, 0.3246

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



41.7424, 0.3196, 0.3184



83.9774, 0.3143, 0.3264



41.0371, 0.3063, 0.3089



18.1363, 0.3142, 0.3266



93.3107, 0.3127, 0.3290



18.7317, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



41.7424, 0.3196, 0.3184



73.0775, 0.3214, 0.3157



41.4597, 0.3259, 0.3280



9.0903, 0.3207, 0.3169



7.6492, 0.4789, 0.2412



0.2820, 0.4277, 0.2130



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



41.7424, 0.3196, 0.3184



73.0775, 0.3214, 0.3157



46.1578, 0.3008, 0.3300



9.0903, 0.3207, 0.3169



7.6492, 0.4789, 0.2412

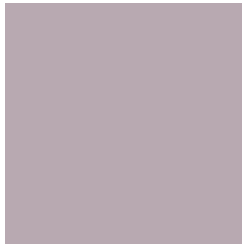


0.2820, 0.4277, 0.2130



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 41.7406, 0.3196, 0.3184 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

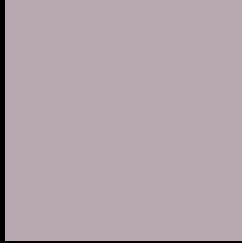
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 41.7406, 0.3196, 0.3184 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

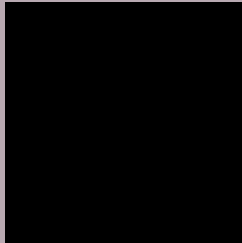
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 41.7406, 0.3196, 0.3184**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 41.7406, 0.3196, 0.3184.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 41.7406, 0.3196, 0.3184.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

41.7406, 0.3196, 0.3184

### Protanopia

41.7584, 0.3087, 0.3195

### Deuteranopia

41.8710, 0.3234, 0.3173



## Tritanopia

41.6557, 0.3172, 0.3120

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

41.7406, 0.3196, 0.3184

## Protanomaly

41.8051, 0.3132, 0.3196

## Deuteranomaly

41.7444, 0.3224, 0.3172

## Tritanomaly

41.6148, 0.3180, 0.3132

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

41.7406, 0.3196, 0.3184

## Achromatopsia

42.3268, 0.3127, 0.3290

## Achromatomaly

42.0652, 0.3156, 0.3250

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 41.7406, 0.3196, 0.3184 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(184, 169, 177)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(184, 169, 177)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(184, 169, 177) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(184, 169, 177) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 41.7406, 0.3196, 0.3184 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(184, 169, 177) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(184, 169, 177) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(184, 169, 177)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(184, 169, 177); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(184, 169, 177);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(184, 169,  
177) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 41.7406, 0.3196, 0.3184 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(184, 169, 177) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(184,  
169, 177) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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